





Telephone preference service

Ipsos MORI

July 2014



Methodology

October 2013:

2,183 panellists recruited by telephone to take part in diary study Diary wave 1 November 2013 1,092 returns Stratified Randomisation: Half signed-up to TPS

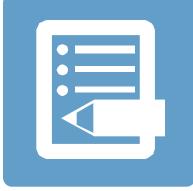
Diary wave 2 March 2014 782 returns

Analysis



Live marketing and sales calls



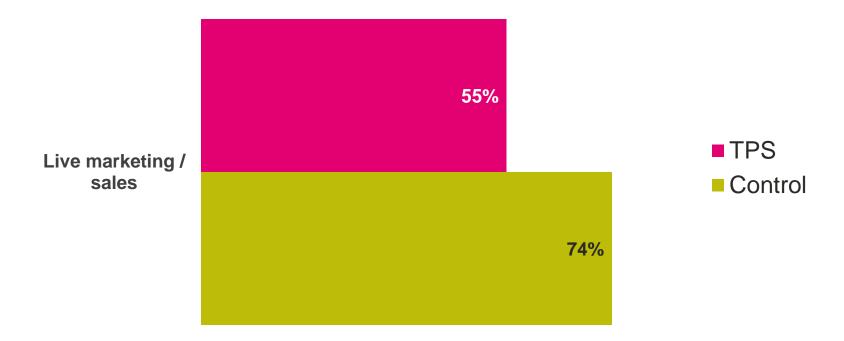




Proportion of panellists who received live marketing/sales calls in wave 2



Just over half of the TPS registered panellists received at least one live marketing/ sales call over the four week period in the second wave, compared with three-quarters of the control group



Base: All respondents who completed second diary (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014



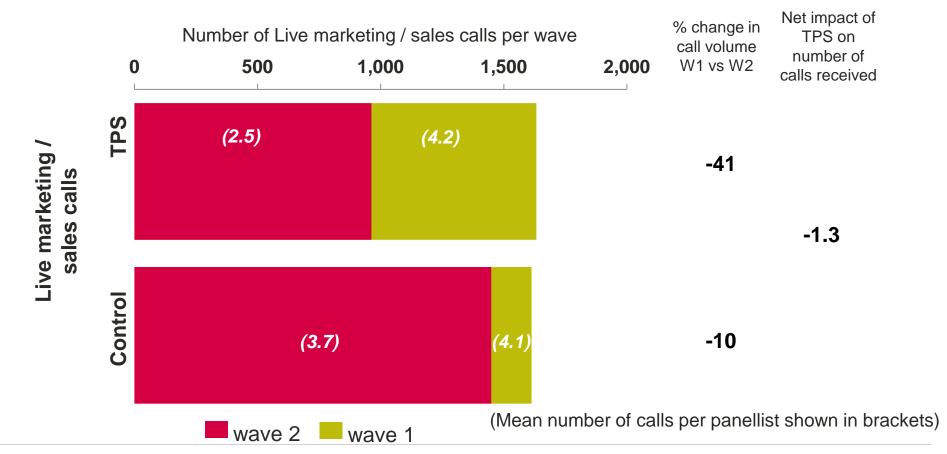


Impact of TPS registration on live marketing/ sales calls

Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



The net effect of TPS registration was an average reduction of 1.3 live marketing/ sales calls. In terms of the percentage decrease in calls, the TPS group experienced a 31% reduction in live marketing/ sales calls after taking into account the drop in calls observed in the control group

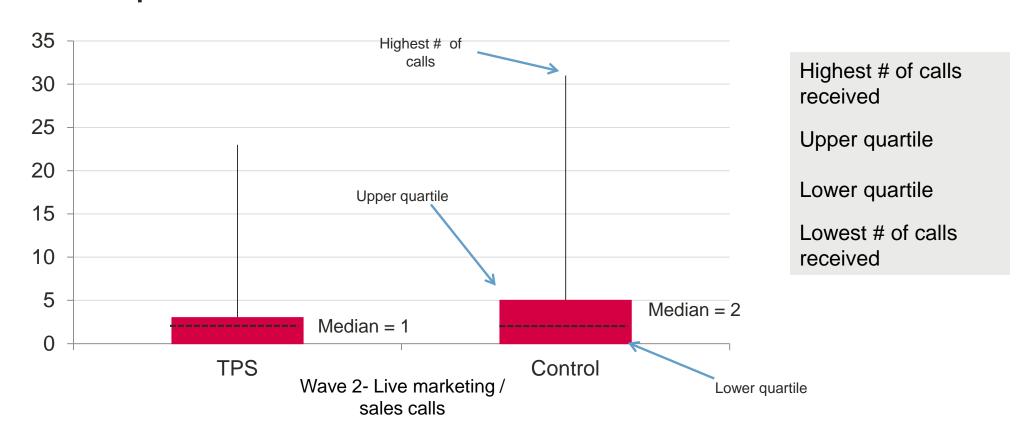




Spread of live marketing/ sales calls in wave 2



The group signed up to TPS received fewer live marketing calls on average and overall. There was also less variation in the number of calls received by individual panellists.



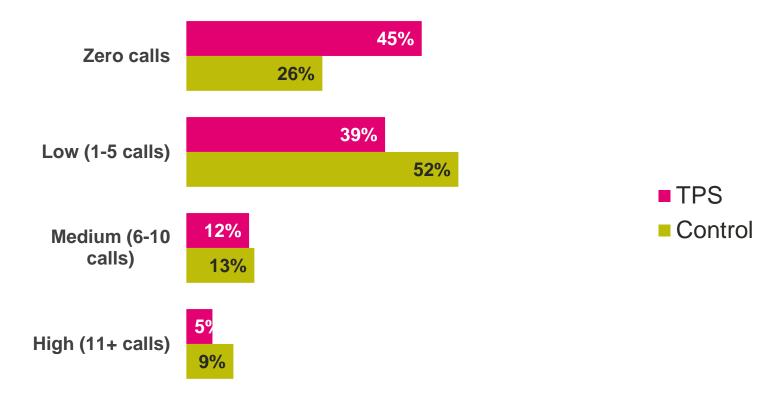
Base: All respondents who completed second diary (782), March 2014



Reported volumes of live marketing/ sales calls in wave 2



The group signed up to TPS were more likely to report receiving no calls than the control group



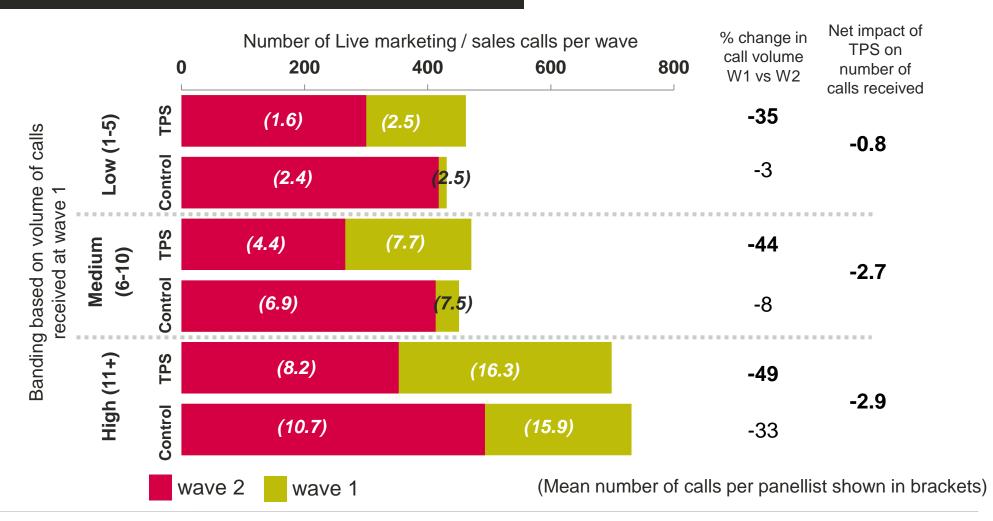
Base: All respondents who completed second diary (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014



TPS reduces nuisance calls for all users, but people with high calls before still receive higher numbers of calls once registered



Based on Reported Live marketing / sales calls



Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



Topic of live marketing/sales call



Panellists at wave 2 – live marketing/sales calls

People in the TPS group were less likely than the control group to report receiving unwanted calls across a range of topics. Just under one in five of the TPS group reported receiving at least one call from/about an energy company.



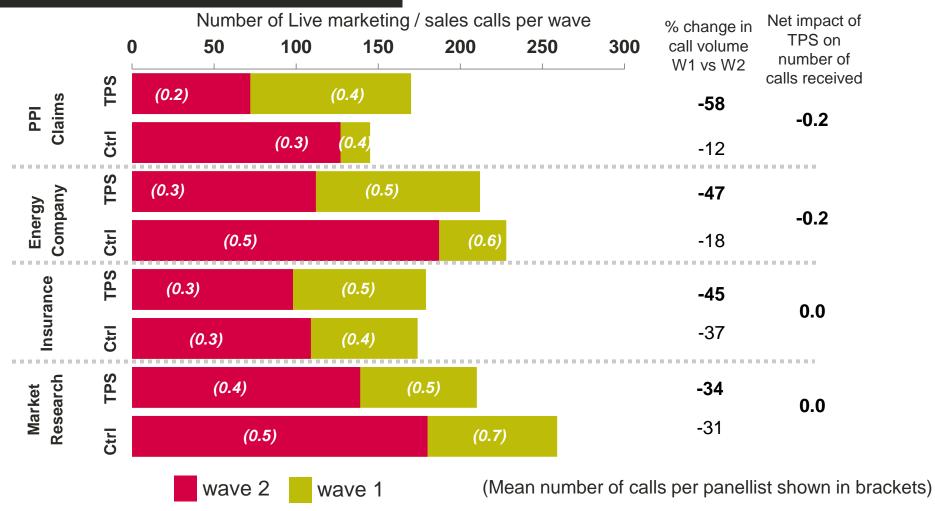
Base: All respondents, March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



The TPS group received 0.2 fewer PPI and energy company calls, after taking into account the drop in the control group



Based on reported Live marketing / sales



Base: All live sales / marketing calls recorded, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)

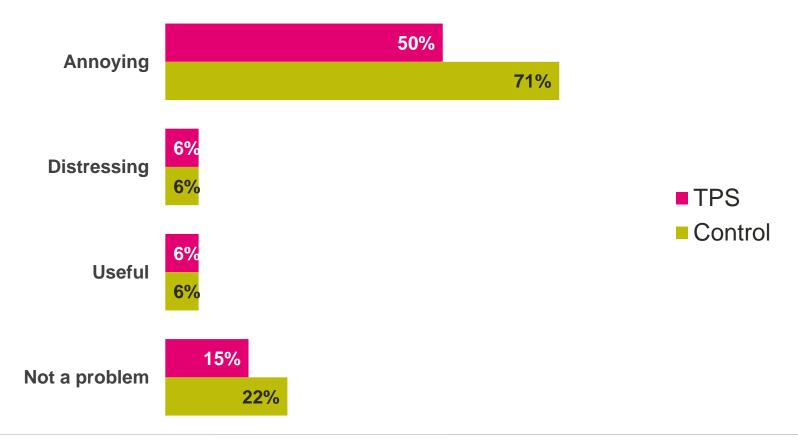


Feeling about live sales/marketing calls received



Panellists at wave 2 – live marketing/sales calls

Half of the TPS group and nearly three quarters of the control group reported receiving at least one annoying call.



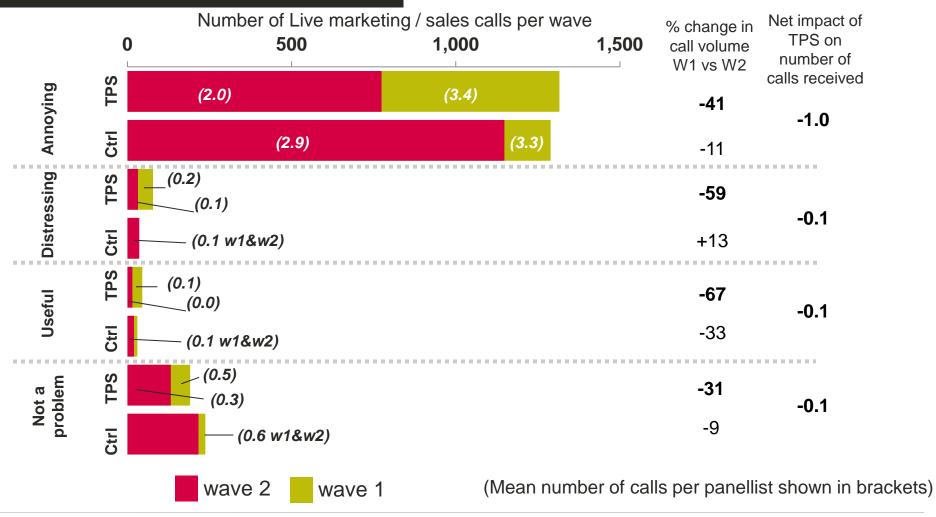
Base: All respondents, March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



The TPS group saw a net decrease of 1.0 'annoying' live marketing / sales calls after taking into account the drop in the mean



Based on reported Live marketing / sales



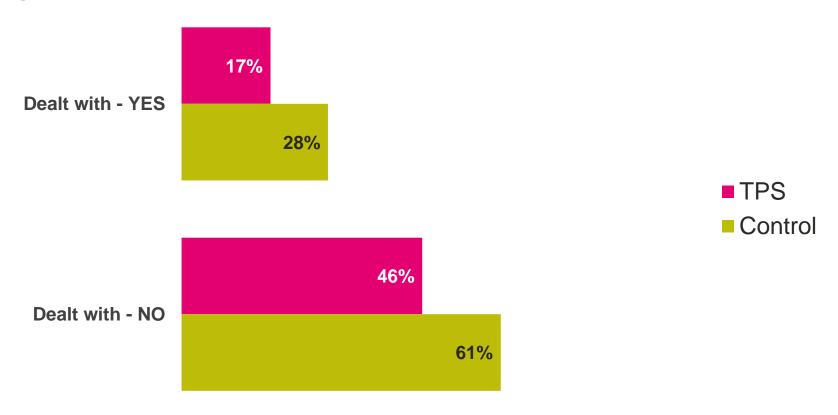
Base: All live sales / marketing calls recorded, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



Calls from companies you have/have not dealt with before

Panellists at wave 2 – live marketing/sales calls

Just under half of the TPS group and around three in five of the control group recorded at least one live marketing / sales calls from companies they did not recall dealing with in the past.



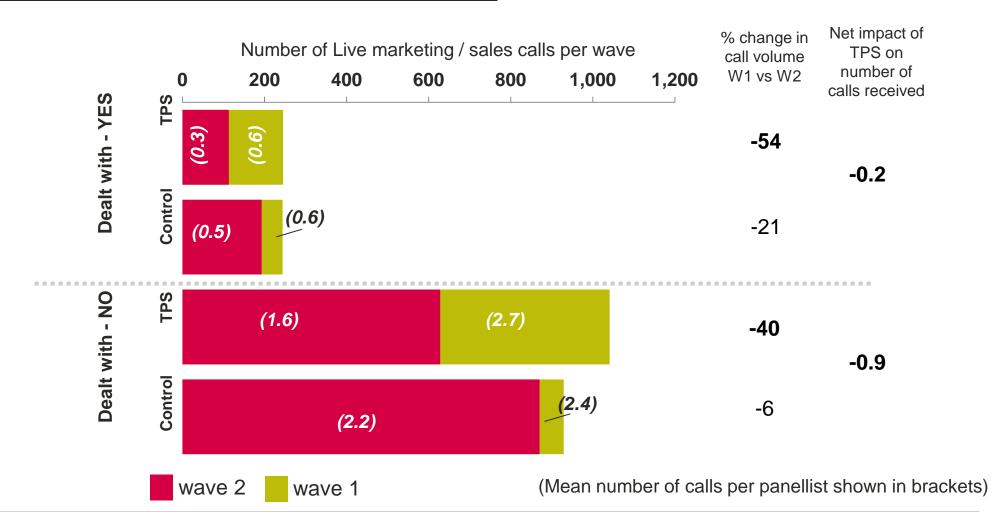
Base: All respondents, March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



TPS appears to reduce unwanted call volumes whether or not the panellist believed they had dealt with the organisation in the past



Based on reported Live marketing / sales calls



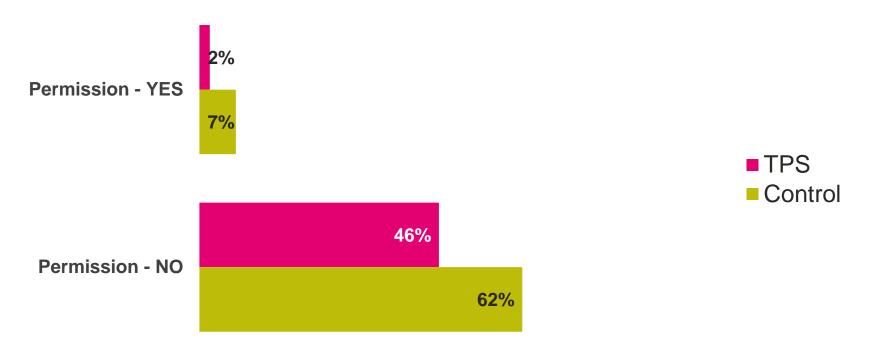
Base: All live sales / marketing calls recorded, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



Calls from companies you have/have not given permission to call

Panellists at wave 2 – live marketing/sales calls

Just under half the TPS group and just over three in five of the Control group panellists received live marketing / sales calls from companies they did not recall giving permission to.



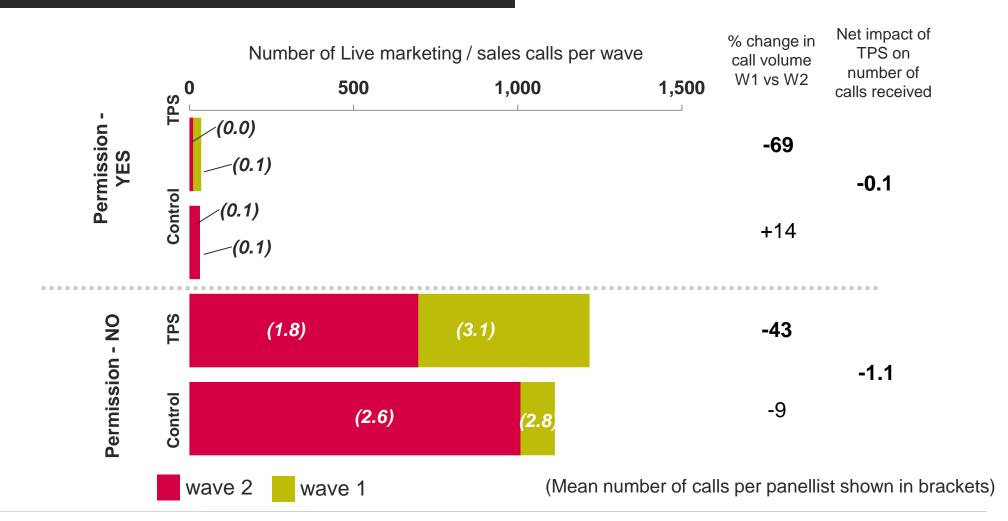
Base: All respondents (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014



TPS appears to reduce unwanted call volumes whether or not the panellist believed they had given the organisation permission to call



Based on reported Live marketing / sales calls



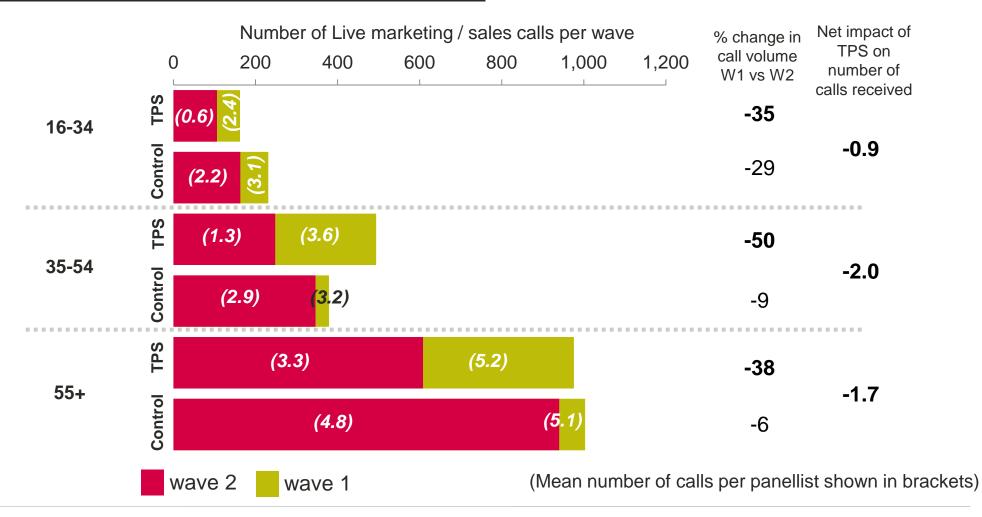
Base: All live sales / marketing calls recorded, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



Results by age

Ipsos

Based on reported Live marketing / sales calls



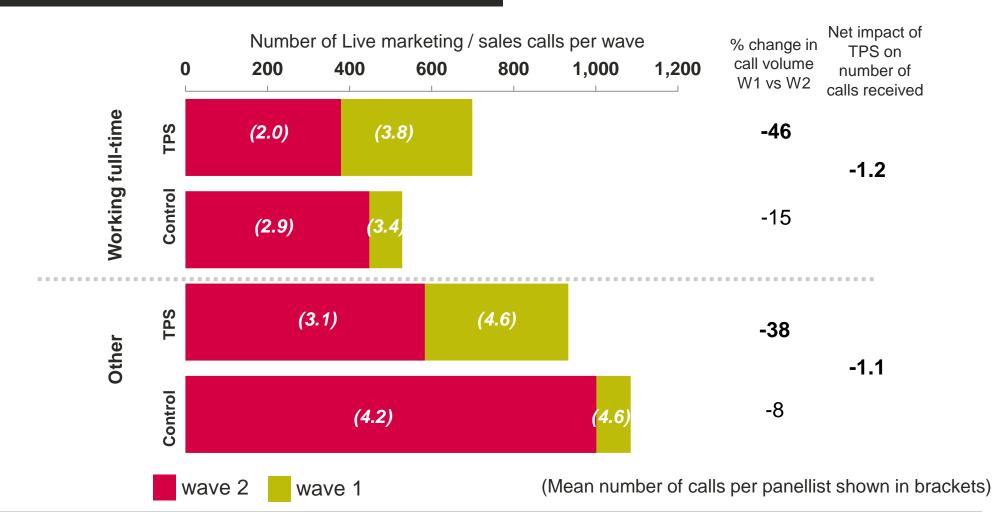
Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



By work status

lpsos

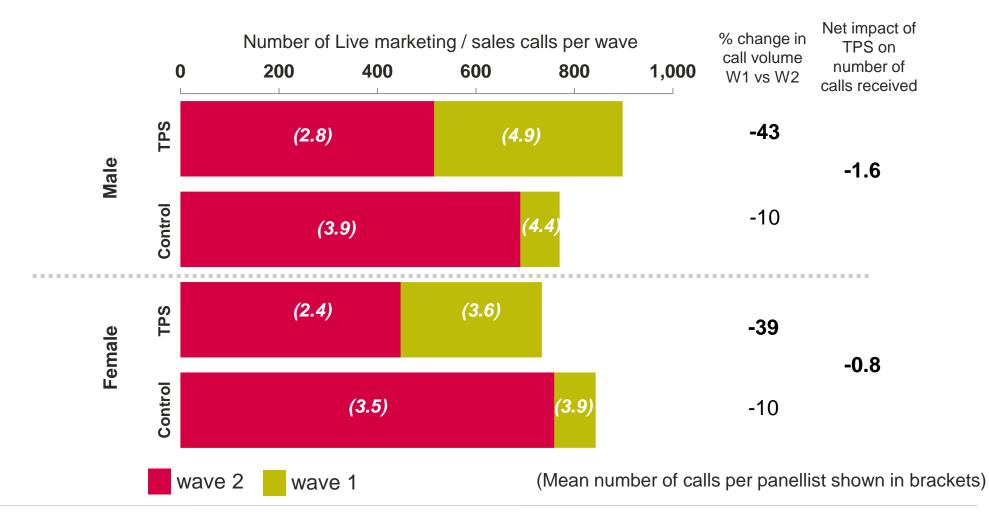
Based on reported Live marketing / sales calls



Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



Based on reported Live marketing / sales calls

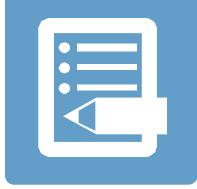


Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



All nuisance calls







Proportion of panellists who received live marketing/sales calls in wave 2



Panellists in wave 2

Just over three quarters of the TPS registered panellists received at least one unwanted call over the four week period in the second wave, compared with nine in ten of the control group



Base: All respondents who completed second diary (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014

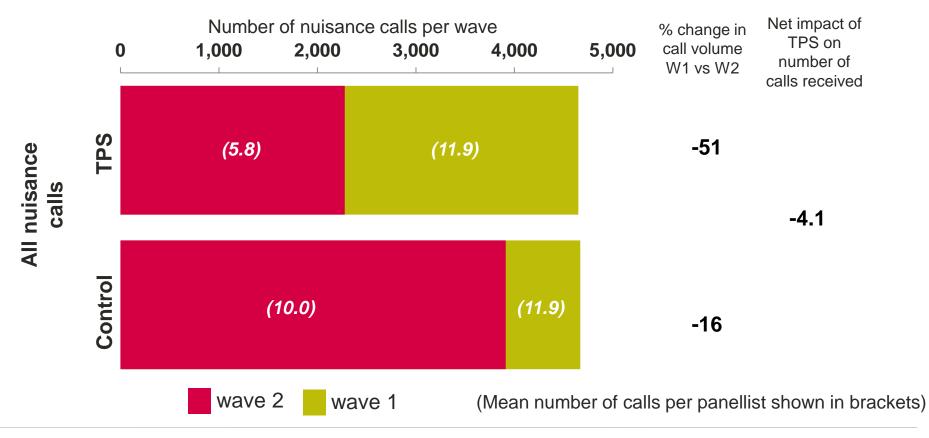


Impact of TPS registration on all unwanted calls



Based on ALL reported nuisance calls

The net effect of TPS registration was an average reduction of 4.1 unwanted calls. In terms of the percentage decrease in calls, the TPS group experienced a 35% reduction in nuisance calls after taking into account the drop in calls observed in the control group



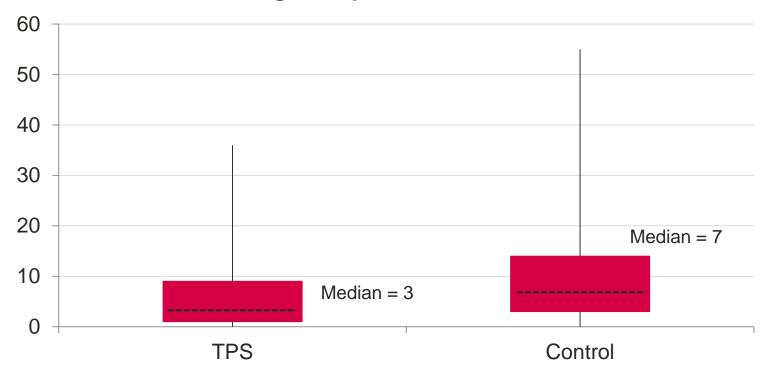
Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)



Spread of unwanted calls in wave 2



The same picture is also reflected in all calls received with much more variation for those not signed up



Highest # of calls received

Upper quartile

Lower quartile

Lowest # of calls received

Wave 2 - All calls

Base: All respondents who completed second diary (782), March 2014

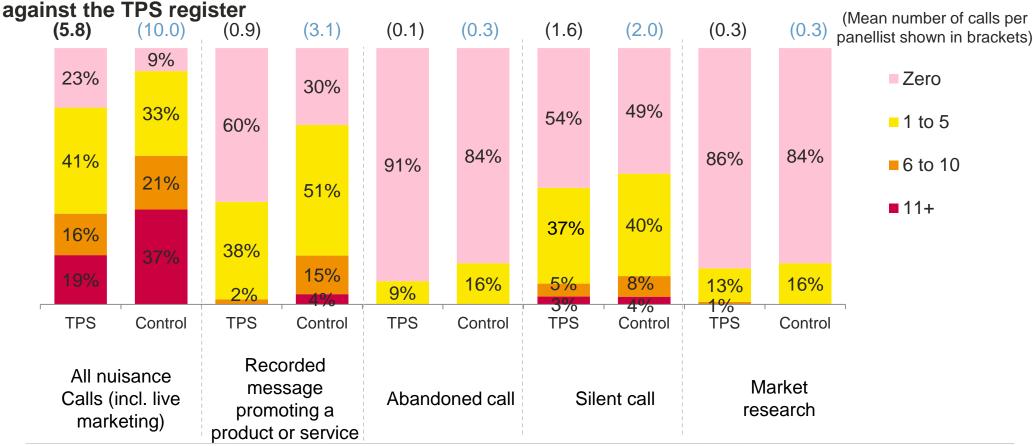


Types of unwanted call received in wave 2



Frequency of calls across wave 2

The TPS group received fewer recorded messages promoting a service. They received similar volumes of market research calls which would be expected as these are not required to be screened



Base: All respondents who completed second diary (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014

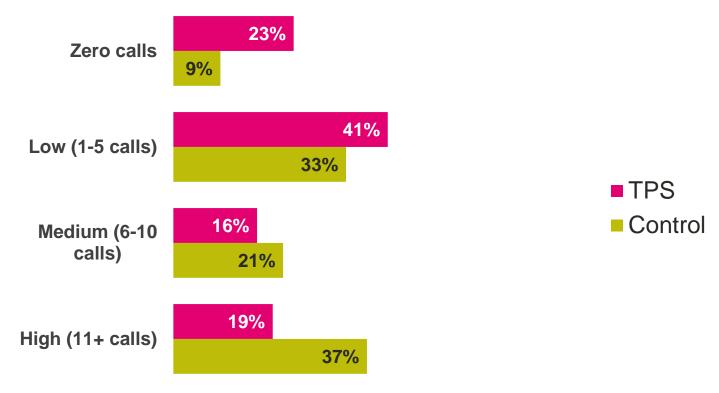


Reported volumes of live marketing/ sales calls in wave 2



Panellists in wave 2

Just over a third of panellists received between 1-5 unwanted calls in total at stage two



Base: All respondents who completed second diary (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014



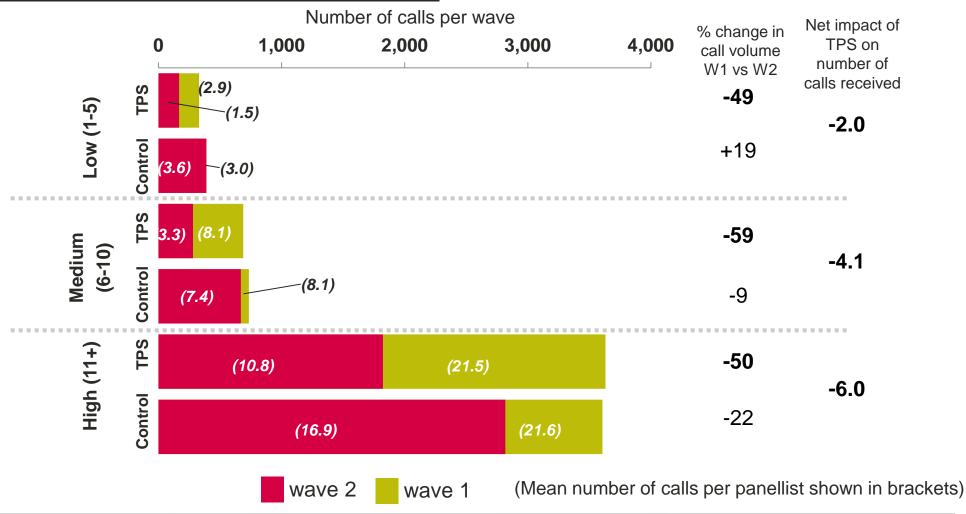


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As with Live marketing / sales calls, decreases in call volumes seen amongst the TPS group in all bands



Based on ALL reported nuisance calls



Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)

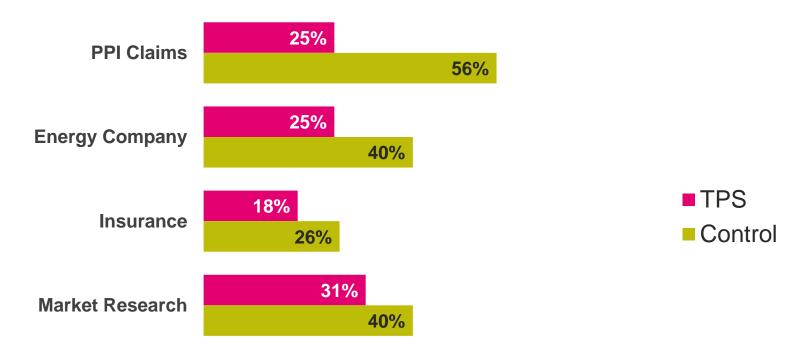


Topic of all nuisance calls



Panellists at wave 2 (all unwanted calls)

In the second wave over half of the control group reported receiving at least one call about Payment Protection Insurance (PPI) compared with a quarter of the TPS group.



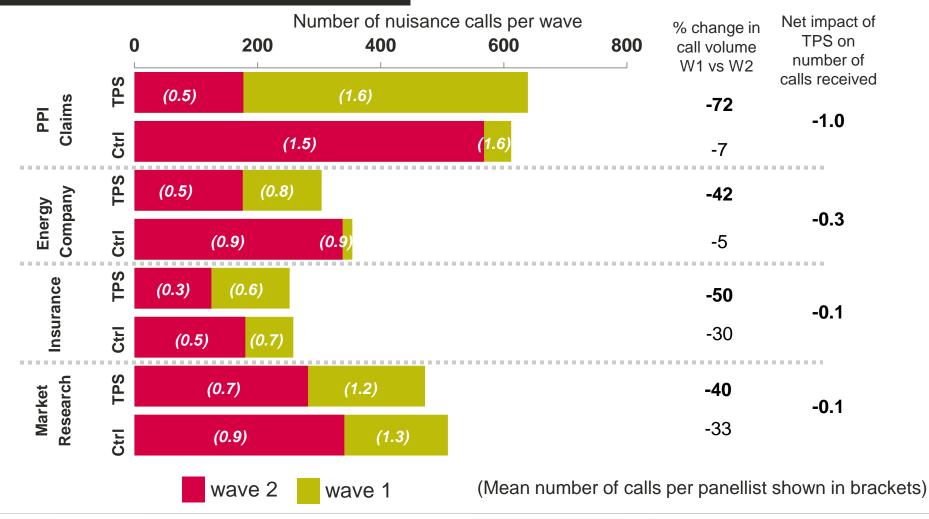
Base: All respondents who completed second diary (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014



The TPS group received 1.0 fewer PPI calls, after taking into account the drop in the control group



Based on All reported nuisance calls



Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)

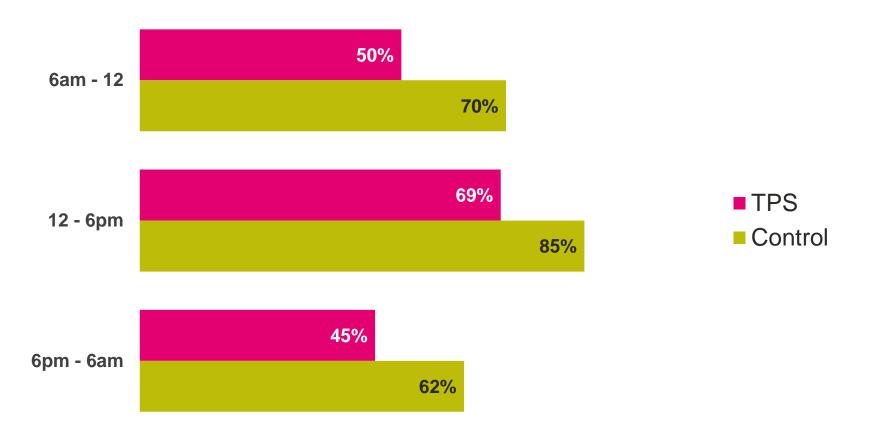


Time of day of nuisance calls



Panellists at wave 2 (all unwanted calls)

Most panellists received calls at all times of day



Base: All respondents who completed second diary (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014

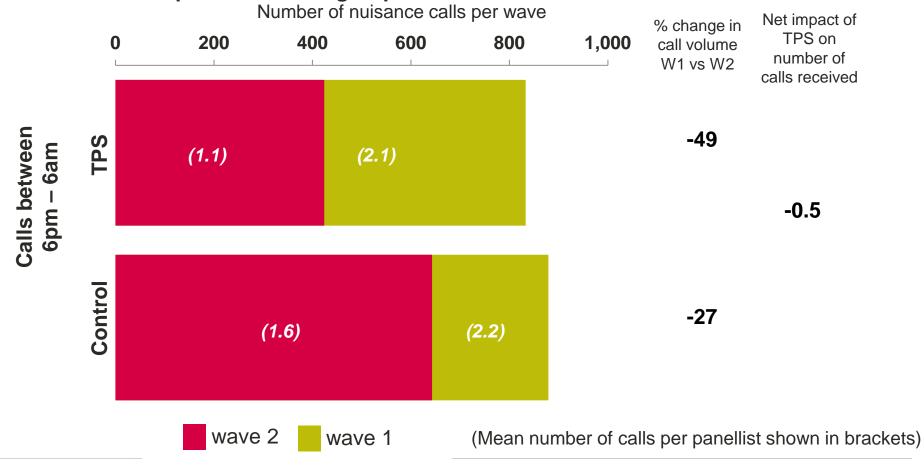


Change in call volumes between 6pm and 6am



Based on ALL reported nuisance calls

The mean number of calls received by the TPS group between 6pm and 6am reduced by 0.5 after taking into account the drop in the control group



Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)

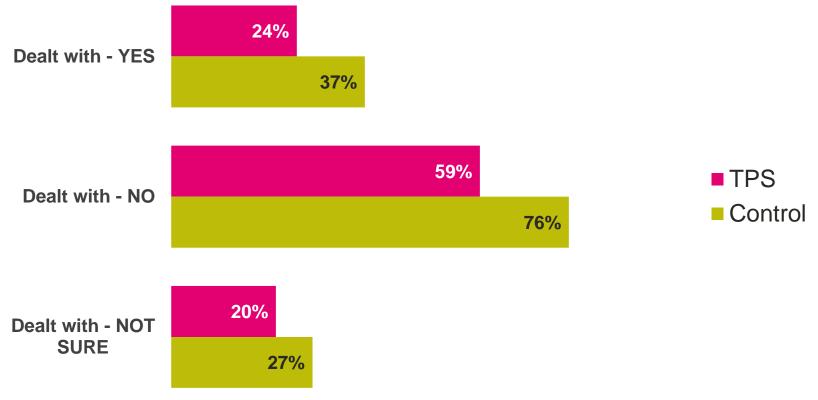


Any nuisance calls from companies you have / have not dealt with before



Panellists at wave 2 (all unwanted calls)

The majority of panellists received unwanted calls from organisations they had not dealt with in the past. The Control group were more likely to report receiving calls both from organisations they had and had not dealt with in the past, compared with the TPS group.



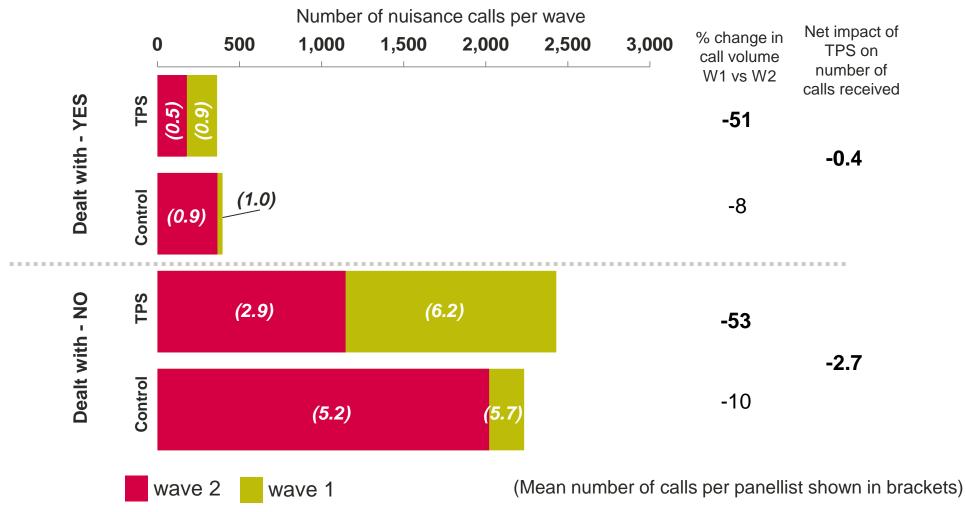
Base: All respondents who completed second diary (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014



TPS appears to reduce all unwanted calls, whether or not the panellist believed they had dealt with the organisation in the past







Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)

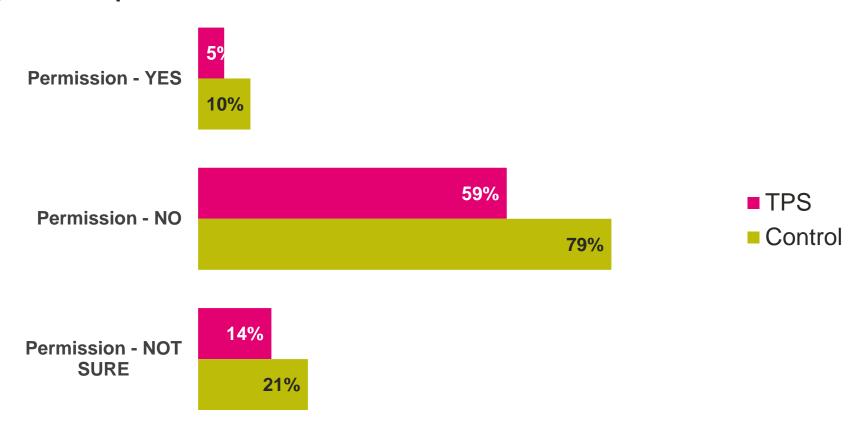


Calls from companies you have / have not given permission to call



Panellists at wave 2 (all unwanted calls)

Similarly, the majority of panellists believed they had not given the organisation permission to call them.



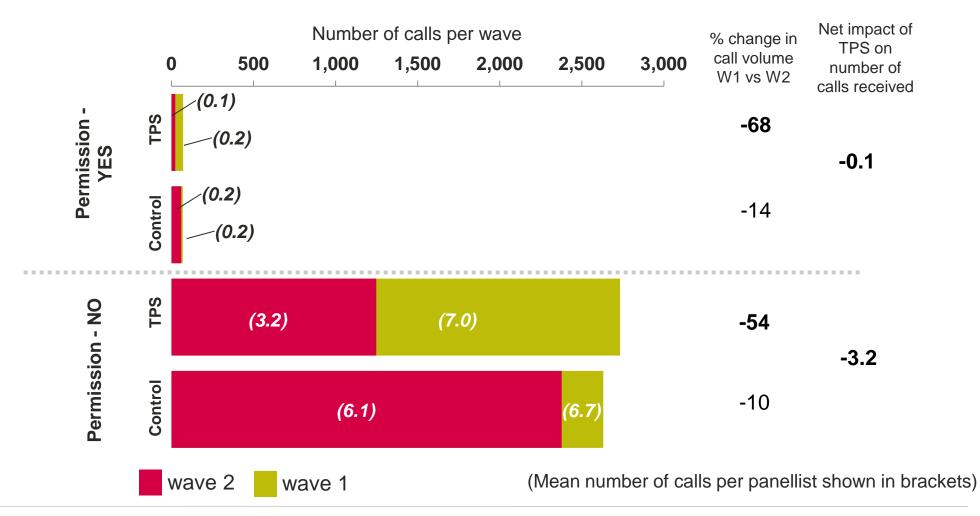
Base: All respondents who completed second diary (TPS: 391, Control: 391), March 2014



And TPS reduced calls whether or not panellists believed permission had been given (although base size is small for organisations with permission)



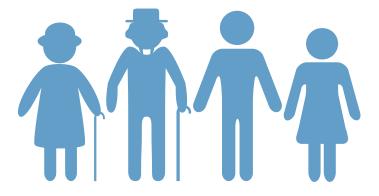
Based on ALL reported nuisance calls



Base: All respondents who completed both diary stages, November 2013 and March 2014 (TPS: 391, Control: 391)

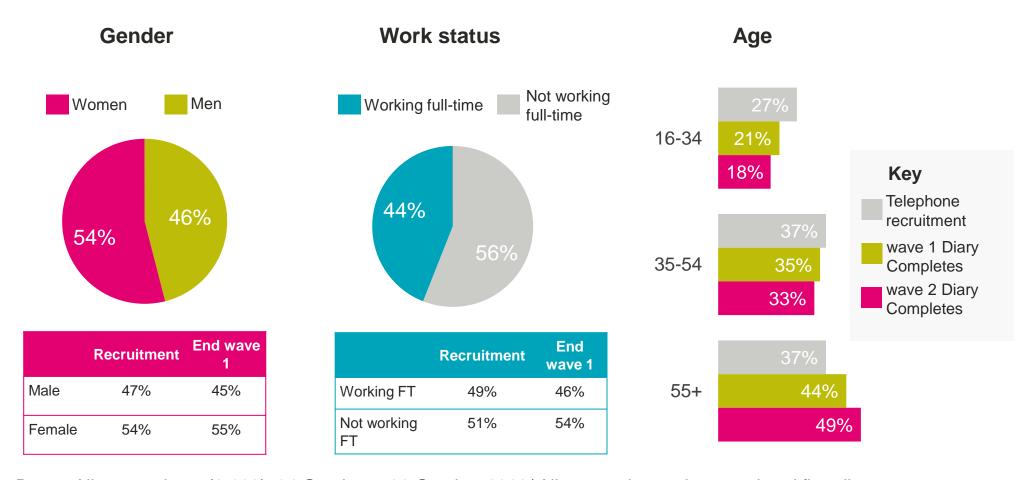


Panel Profile



Panel profile relatively consistent throughout study, though younger people more likely to have dropped out



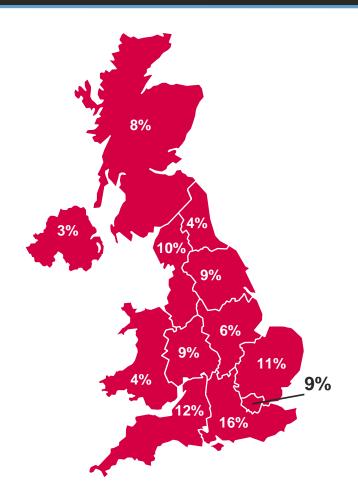


Base: All respondents (2,183), 04 October – 22 October 2013/ All respondents who completed first diary (1,092) November 2013 / All respondents who completed second diary (782), March 2014



Good geographical spread at end of stage two





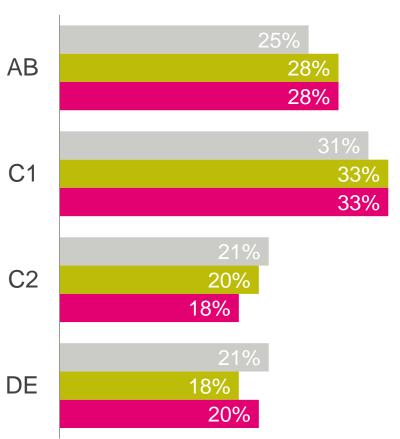
Region	Telephone recruitment stage (base: 2,183)	End wave 1 (base: 1,092)	End wave 2(base: 782)
East Midlands	6%	6%	6%
Eastern	10%	10%	11%
London	11%	10%	9%
Northeast	4%	4%	4%
Northwest	10%	9%	10%
Scotland	10%	9%	8%
South East	15%	16%	16%
South West	10%	12%	12%
Northern Ireland	3%	3%	3%
Wales	5%	5%	4%
West Midlands	9%	8%	9%
Yorks & Humber	9%	9%	9%

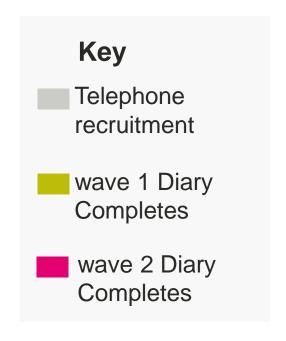
Base: All respondents (2,183), 04 October – 22 October 2013/ All respondents who completed first diary (1,092) November 2013 / All respondents who completed second diary (782), March 2014



Despite some minor fluctuations, profile by socioeconomic grade remains close to original recruitment profile







Base: All respondents (2,183), 04 October – 22 October 2013/ All respondents who completed first diary (1,092) November 2013 / All respondents who completed second diary (782), March 2014

