

Community Radio

Four community radio licence awards: January 2020

STATEMENT:

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1. Overview

This document announces the award of four community radio licences.

The licences are for stations serving communities in Northern Ireland (in Ballymena) and England (in Carlisle, Cumbria; Amersham and Chesham in Buckinghamshire; and Wallingford, Oxfordshire).

2. Licence awards

- 2.1 During January 2020, Ofcom made decisions to award four community radio licences. The licences are for stations serving communities in Northern Ireland (in Ballymena, County Antrim) and England (in Carlisle, Cumbria; Amersham and Chesham in Buckinghamshire; and Wallingford, Oxfordshire).
- 2.2 All community radio services must satisfy certain 'characteristics of service' which are specified in legislation Ofcom was satisfied that each applicant awarded a licence met these 'characteristics of service'. In addition, each application was considered having regard to statutory criteria, the details of which are described below. This statement sets out the key considerations in relation to these criteria which formed the basis of Ofcom's decisions to award the licences. Where applicable, the relevant statutory reference (indicated by the sub-paragraph number) is noted in brackets.

Applicants awarded a licence

- 2.3 Of com has made a licence award to each of the following:
 - Border City Radio (Border City Radio Limited), Carlisle, Cumbria
 - Chiltern Voice (Chiltern Voice Limited), Amersham and Chesham, Bucks
 - Radio Ballymena (Ballymena On Air Limited), Ballymena, County Antrim
 - Wallingford Radio (Wallingford Radio Limited) Wallingford, Oxfordshire
- 2.4 These services will be licensed for a period of five years from the date of their launch, on FM.
- 2.5 As required by law, Ofcom was satisfied that the new services would not prejudice unduly the economic viability of any local analogue commercial radio service.

Border City Radio

2.6 Border City Radio will provide a service for all sections of the community in Carlisle. It aims to bring people together, help deprived communities and develop the local skills base, particularly in young people. The applicant has members with a range of experience, for example in business and management, broadcasting, charities, and education, while members have strong links with a variety of local organisations. Ofcom was satisfied that the applicant had demonstrated its ability to maintain the service (1a). The programme service will have a local focus and, in an area with few licensed radio stations, it will broaden the range of radio services available (1b). As well as developing its own training for employees and volunteers, the applicant proposes a programme of training and development for young people working with local partner organisations such as Carlisle Youth Zone and the University of Cumbria (1e).

Chiltern Voice

2.7 Chiltern Voice will serve the people of Amersham and Chesham and the surrounding villages. The group is currently operating an internet radio service and has experience in radio, engineering and management. Ofcom was satisfied that the applicant had demonstrated its ability to maintain the service (1a). The applicant proposes a local service that will serve towns that are underserved by other local radio services, broadening the range of local radio services in the area (1c). It proposes a range of social gain benefits to meet the requirement for the service to be for the public good and bring community benefits to listeners and participants (1e).

Radio Ballymena

2.8 Radio Ballymena will provide community-focused local content for residents of Ballymena and support local cross-community and cross-cultural projects. The applicant has access to free premises for the service to operate from, owns much of the equipment required to start broadcasting, and proposes a low-cost, volunteer-run operation. The directors have substantial experience in radio broadcasting and in running a business. Ofcom was satisfied that the applicant had demonstrated its ability to maintain the service (1a). Group members have experience in broadcasting to the area and conducted some local research when developing their programme proposals. Output will be locally-focused with a "distinct Ballymena accent", which will cater for local tastes and interests (1b) as well as broadening the range of radio services available in the locality (1c).

Wallingford Radio

2.9 Wallingford Radio will serve the people of Wallingford and surrounding villages in south Oxfordshire. Group members have experience in radio broadcasting (BBC, community radio and internet radio) engineering, finance and sales. The group has been operating an internet radio service for Wallingford for over six years and has equipment and premises in place. Ofcom considered that these factors should help the applicant to maintain the service (1a), but also noted that the station's sustainability would be enhanced if it was able to diversify its sources of funding. It proposes a service of local information, news and entertainment with occasional programmes aimed at younger or older audiences, which will cater for the tastes and interests of the target community (1b) and broaden listener choice (1c). Membership of the company will be open to all, and a steering group of station volunteers is a channel for feedback to the board. Both measures will help make the licensee accountable to the target community (1f).

3. Statutory requirements relating to community radio licensing

- 3.1 The following pages set out the statutory requirements relating to community radio licensing, and details of the licensing process. Further information about these, and detailed information relating to community radio, can be found in Ofcom's Notes of guidance for community radio licence applicants and licensees.
- In carrying out its functions, Ofcom is required to have regard to the general duties set out in section 3 of the Communications Act 2003. In addition, under section 85(2)(b) of the Broadcasting Act 1990 ("BA 1990"), it is the duty of Ofcom to do all that it can to secure the provision within the UK of a range and diversity of local radio services.

The characteristics of a community radio service

- 3.3 All community radio licensees must satisfy 'characteristics of service' requirements which are specified in Article 3 of the Community Radio Order 2004. The characteristics of community radio services are:
 - that they are local services provided primarily for the good of members of the public, or of communities, and in order to deliver social gain, rather than primarily for commercial reasons or for the financial or other material gain of the individuals involved in providing the service;
 - that the service is intended primarily to serve one or more communities (whether or not it also serves other members of the public);
 - that the person providing the service does not do so in order to make a financial profit
 by so doing, and uses any profit that is produced in the provision of the service wholly
 and exclusively for securing or improving the future provision of the service, or for the
 delivery of social gain to members of the public or the community that the service is
 intended to serve;
 - that members of the community it is intended to serve are given opportunities to participate in the operation and management of the service; and
 - that, in respect of the provision of that service, the person providing the service makes himself accountable to the community that the service is intended to serve.
- 3.4 Article 2 of the Community Radio Order 2004 includes four mandatory "social gain" objectives. "Social gain" means the achievement, in respect of individuals or groups of individuals in the community that the service is intended to serve, or in respect of other members of the public, of the following objectives:
 - the provision of sound broadcasting services to individuals who are otherwise underserved by such services;
 - the facilitation of discussion and the expression of opinion;

- the provision (whher by means of programmes included in the service or otherwise) of education or training to individuals not employed by the person providing the service; and
- the better understanding of the particular community and the strengthening of links within it.
- 3.5 Article 2 also includes a number of other objectives of a social nature which may be considered to represent "social gain".

Matters to which Ofcom shall have regard

- 3.6 There are seven matters set out in section 105(1) BA 1990 that Ofcom must have regard to when considering whether to grant a community radio licence. In summary these are:
 - The ability of each applicant to maintain its proposed service over the licence period (section 105(1)(a)).
 - The applicant's ability to cater for the tastes and interests of the target community (section 105(1)(b)).
 - The extent to which each applicant would broaden the range of local radio services available in the area, and have a content distinct from those services (section 105(1)(c)).
 - The extent to which there is evidence of local demand or support for a proposed service (section 105(1)(d)).
 - The extent to which the service would deliver social gain benefits to the public or relevant community (section 105(1)(e)).
 - Provisions for making the operator of service accountable to the relevant community (section 105(1)(f)).
 - Provisions for allowing access by members of the public or the relevant community to the station facilities, and the provision of training in the use of those facilities (section 105(1)(g)).
- 3.7 In considering whether, or to whom (and on what conditions), to grant a community radio licence, Ofcom must also have regard to the need to ensure that any service provided under that licence does not prejudice unduly the economic viability of any other local commercial radio service.
- 3.8 Furthermore, without prejudice to the generality of that economic impact requirement, section 105(4) BA 1990 requires Ofcom to impose conditions to ensure, in effect, that any community radio service is prohibited from taking any relevant income from paid advertising and sponsorship of programmes except in the following respects:
 - A 'fixed revenue allowance' totalling £15,000 per financial year of the licensee for such relevant income - this exception applies to any community radio service where that service overlaps with any local commercial radio service serving a potential audience of no more than 150,000 persons who have attained the age of 15 years or older.
 - A 'fixed revenue allowance' totalling £15,000 per financial year of the licensee for such relevant income plus a proportion of the total relevant income (specified by Ofcom in

the licence), but which must not exceed 50% of the total relevant income (disregarding the fixed revenue allowance) for the licence in question in that year - this exception applies to all community radio services other than a community radio service referred to in (i) above. It should be noted that a community radio service that overlaps with any local commercial radio service serving a potential audience of no more than 150,000 persons who have attained the age of 15 years or older, which has at any time been varied pursuant to section 106(1A)(e) BA 1990, is also covered by this exception.

3.9 For the avoidance of doubt, programme sponsorship includes station or channel sponsorship, and commercial communications.

Process for assessment of applications

- 3.10 The Ofcom Board has delegated the discharge of certain of its functions in relation to television and radio broadcast licensing to one or more senior executives from Ofcom's Content & Media Policy Group. Each of those individuals, on their own or together, have responsibility for deciding on the award of community radio licences.
- 3.11 The decision-makers for these licence awards were Ofcom's Head of Radio & Broadcast Licensing Policy and Ofcom's two Principals, Broadcast Licensing.

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