



# Internet users' experience of potential online harms: summary of survey research

Conducted by: Jigsaw Research

Fieldwork: January/February 2020



# **Background and Objectives**





This research was commissioned by Ofcom with advice on research design provided by The Information Commissioner's Office.

The main objective of the research was to quantify concerns about, reported experiences of and potential sources of online harm in three key categories:

- CONTENT that people view, read or listen to online and INTERACTIONS with other users
- DATA / PRIVACY
- HACKING / SECURITY

The research also explored knowledge and opinions of the current level of regulation that applies to online environments

Similar research was undertaken by Ofcom and the ICO during February/March 2019

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# Methodology







- 2,080 face-to-face in-home interviews with internet users aged 16+ in the UK
- Quotas set on age, gender, region, social grade and urbanity
- Fieldwork from 3rd January to 9th February 2020



Children (12-15)

- 2,001 online interviews with children aged between 12 and 15.
- Quotas set on age, gender, region and social grade
- Fieldwork from 7th January to 11th February 2020

There were fewer high profile controversies about social media during the 2020 fieldwork period than in 2019, with the news focusing on the aftermath of the general election and Brexit. This contrasts with the 2019 fieldwork period, when Molly Russell's death, the Christchurch attacks and the Facebook-Cambridge Analytica investigation were all prevalent in the news.

We think that this might have had an impact on 2020 results – for example, with the average number of concerns reducing.

# Sources of potential harm - definitions

(RESPONDENTS ALLOWED TO

WRITE IN OTHERS)





The Social media, instant messaging, video sharing and gaming platform 'nets' have been based on usage of the following services:

SOCIAL MEDIA	INSTANT MESSENGER (IM)	VIDEO SHARING	GAMING		
Facebook	Discord	YouTube	Nintendo online		
Google Hangouts	Facebook messenger	Vimeo	PlayStation network		
Instagram	Google Hangouts	Daily motion	Steam		
LinkedIn	iMessage	LiveLeak	Xbox live		
Pinterest	Snapchat	Mixer	Another gaming platform		
Reddit	TeamSpeak	(RESPONDENTS ALLOWED TO			
Snapchat	Telegram	Instabib.tv	WRITE IN OTHERS)		
TikTok	Viber	Another video sharing site			
Tumblr	WhatsApp	(RESPONDENTS ALLOWED TO			
Twitch	Another instant messenger (IM)	WRITE IN OTHERS)			
Twitter	(RESPONDENTS ALLOWED TO				
Viber	WRITE IN OTHERS)				
WhatsApp					
Another social media platforn	n				

# **Summary – Concerns about using the internet**





- We first asked adults whether they had any concerns at all about the internet (including social media, using an app, video, online games and emails). Respondents were not shown any potential harms to choose from at first, so anything they told us was top-of-mind. In total, 81% (+3% vs. 2019) of adult internet users have at least one unprompted concern
- We then showed adult respondents a list of potential online harms (slide 20) and asked them which, if any, concerned them specifically in relation to children, and then which concerned them more generally. 12-15 year old research participants were shown a similar list (slide 21), using ageappropriate language and asked to indicate which were of concern. After prompting, the proportion of adult internet users concerned about at least once aspect of going online increases to 83% (unchanged) in relation to children and 86% (+2%) more generally. In comparison, 89% (-2%) of 12-15 year old internet users have at least one concern about going online.
- However, <u>individual</u> adult concerns in relation to children, and more generally, have both dropped compared to 2019 (from 8 to 7 concerns in relation to children and 7 to 6 generally). This is possibly due to the timing of the fieldwork i.e. immediately after the election, when the news agenda was focussed on Brexit / during a time when there were fewer high-profile controversies on social media
  - NB: It is worth noting that 2020 scores remain higher than those reported in 2018\*
- As in 2019, adults and 12-15 year olds' highest level of concern is around children's exposure to bullying, abusive behaviour or threats (45% and 52% respectively). Adults with children in the household are especially concerned about this (54%), as are female 12-15's (59%).

# **Summary – Concerns about using the internet**





- Adults remain <u>more</u> concerned about potential online harms in relation to children than about the internet more generally. However, when asked about the internet more generally, adults are more concerned about their personal information being stolen (43%), scams/frauds (42%) and their data being processed without prior consent (37%).
- Most issues cause a significant level of concern, but the issue causing the greatest concern is material showing child sexual abuse (83% of those expressing a concern with this were very concerned in relation to children).

# **Summary – Experience of potential harms**





- 62% (+1% vs. 2019) of adult and 81% (+2%) of 12-15 year old internet users have had at least one potentially harmful experience online in the past 12 months.
  - Adults are most likely to have experienced spam emails\* (32%), scams/fraud (22%) and fake news (16%)
  - 12-15 year olds are most likely to have experienced offensive language (39%), spam (31%) and unwelcome friend requests (29%). A quarter have experienced bullying (26%) or trolling (24%)
    - As expected, increased time online increases the exposure to potential harms
- Going online too much is the most frequently experienced potential harm (78% of adults and 53% of 12-15 year olds who are concerned and experienced it in the last year said it occurred at least weekly), but less frequent experiences have the greatest impact
  - Theft of personal information has the most severe impact on adults (59% found it very/fairly annoying, upsetting or frustrating), along with non-consensual use of personal data (48%)
  - Bullying, abusive behaviour or threats has the biggest impact on 12-15 year olds (51%), along with viruses (46%), hate speech (42%) and content promoting self-harm (40%)
- 34% (+5%) of adult and 41% (+3%) of 12-15 year old internet users have experienced something that impacts them (i.e. something they found very/fairly annoying, upsetting or frustrating)

# **Summary – Sources of potential harm**





- Social media sites remain the most commonly cited sources of harm
- 79% of adult internet users would like websites to do more to keep them and others safe
- Only 56% of 12-15 year olds feel safe when they go on social media and 41% are put off using social media by online bullies
- 78% of 12-15 year olds know how to change the privacy settings on social media accounts and 68% have actually done so

# **Summary – Reporting of harmful experiences**





- 19% (unchanged) of adults and 29% (+4%) of 12-15 year olds have taken action to report harmful
  content they have seen online
  - Clicking on the report button (69%, +6%) is the most common action taken by adults, followed by blocking (22%, -6%) and informing the site (15%, -5%)
    - 16-34's, females and those with children in the household are most likely to report
  - 12-15 year olds are more likely to tell a parent (50%, -5%) or click on the report button (39%, 3%), followed by blocking (25%, -4%)
- Nearly 2 in 3 adult and 12-15 year old 'reporters' had seen the harmful content they reported on social media
  - 57% of adults and 33% of 12-15 year olds had seen the harmful content on Facebook
  - 25% of 12-15 year olds had seen the harmful content on Instagram
- Respondents thought that the harmful content was removed in almost half of cases where it was reported (46% of adult and 12-15 year olds cases)
- 58% of adult 'reporters' were satisfied with the outcome of their complaint
  - NB: 12-15 year olds did not answer this question

# **Summary – Attitudes towards regulation**



- A higher proportion of adults think regulations are now in place for the following platforms:
  - SVoD 76% (2020) vs. 68% (2019)
  - Social media 74% vs. 59%
  - IM 66% vs. 51%
  - Video sharing sites 62% vs. 54%
    - 16-54s and those with children in the household are most likely to think regulations in place
      - This is possibly due to platforms being more publicly proactive about ways to mitigate harms experienced by users
- Although high proportions of adults think these platforms are already regulated, there is high levels of support for increased regulation, especially for:
  - Social media 66% (2020) vs. 70% (2019)
  - Video sharing sites 57% vs. 64%
  - IM 56% vs. 61%
    - Females with kids in the household most likely to support more regulation
- The media that adult internet users feel should have more regulation including social media sites and video sharing services – are generally the least trusted sites
- Overall, internet users have mixed views about going online:
  - 59% (-2%) of 12-15 year old internet users agree that the internet makes children's lives better
  - 66% (+7%) of adult internet users agree that the benefits of going online outweigh the risks
    - However, 47% (-3%) of adults are concerned about how their info is used by organisations





# Section 1 Concerns about the internet A) Spontaneous Concerns



#### Without being prompted, four fifths (81%) of UK adults express a concern about the internet



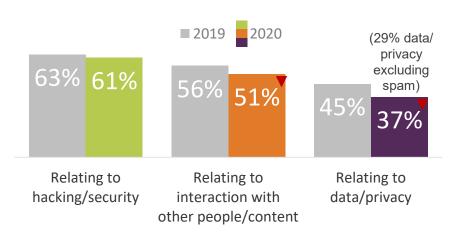


#### **Unprompted** Concerns



81% (2019 78%)

#### Of adults have **spontaneous** concerns about the internet

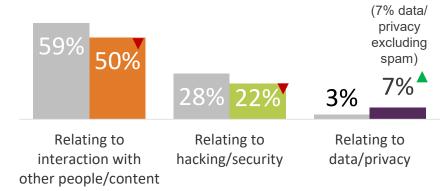




27%\* (2019 22%)

### Of children (12-15) have spontaneous concerns about the internet

Of those that are concerned, spontaneously they mentioned...



<sup>\*</sup>Self-completion methodology likely explains relatively low level of unprompted concern compared to adults.

Significantly higher/lower  $\blacktriangle$   $\blacktriangledown$ 





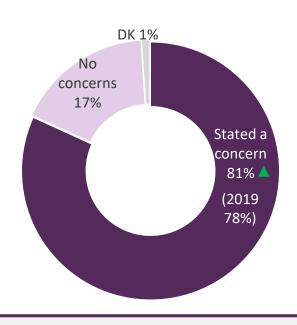
### Elements related to hacking/security are top of mind for adults – particularly amongst those aged 55+



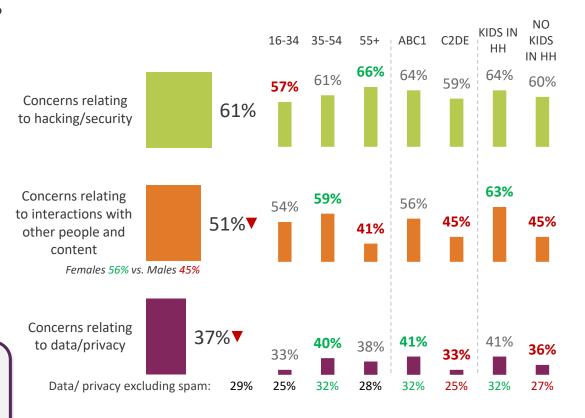


#### **UNPROMPTED** Concerns

What concerns do you have about the internet?



Significant subgroup differences in % having concerns Females 84% vs. males 79% ABC1 84% vs. C2DE 79% Children in HH 85% vs. no children 80% Taken action to report content 92% vs. not taken action 78%



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





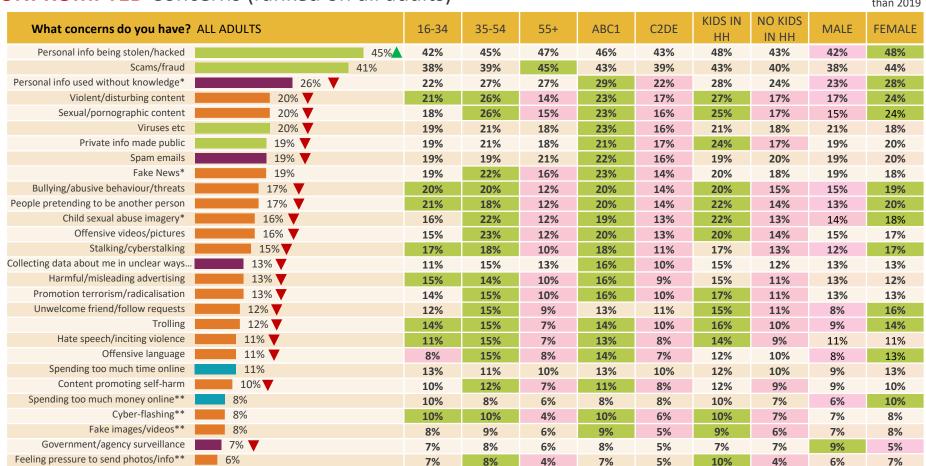
#### Those aged 35-54, with kids in the HH, ABC1s and females are likely to have more top of mind concerns





Significantly higher/lower than 2019

#### **UNPROMPTED** Concerns (ranked on all adults)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C1. Do you have any concerns about the internet?

\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020

Base: All adult internet users (2080)

Highlighting denotes significant differences between subgroups

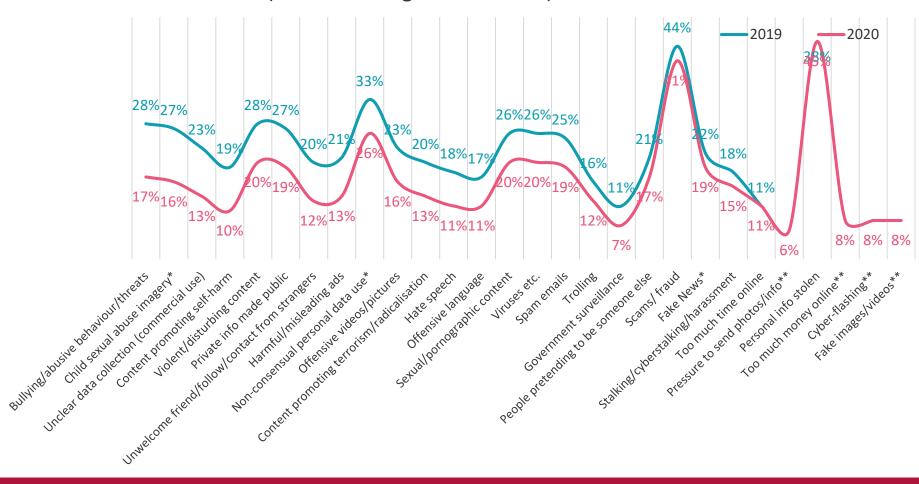


#### Individual concerns are generally lower than in 2019





#### **UNPROMPTED** Concerns (ranked on largest difference)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C1. Do you have any concerns about the internet?

Base: All adult internet users (2080)

Highlighting denotes significant differences between subgroups



3 in 10 12-15 year olds said they had spontaneous concerns about using the internet – notably interactions with other people and content



Age

14

22%

Age

15



Male Female ABC1

24%

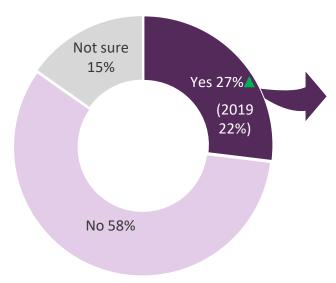
C2DE

#### **UNPROMPTED** Concerns

#### What concerns do you have?

13





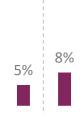


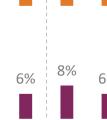




Age

12





Significant subgroup differences in % having concerns Girls 31% vs. Boys 25%

Visited lots of new sites/apps 38% vs. only used sites/apps used before 25% Experienced a potential harm 33% vs no harm experienced 6%

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





The most common spontaneous concerns amongst 12-15 year olds relate to bullying and personal information being stolen





#### **UNPROMPTED** Concerns

What concerns do you have?	ALL AGED 12-15 YEARS	Age 12	Age 13	Age 14	Age 15	Male	Female	ABC1	C2DE
Bullying	25%	29%	21%	27%	23%	25%	25%	24%	26%
Personal info being stolen	16%	15%	14%	14%	18%	15%	16%	17%	14%
People pretending to be another person	11%	14%	13%	12%	5%	7%	13%	10%	11%
Safety concerns (generally)	11%	9%	11%	9%	14%	12%	10%	12%	9%
Unwelcome friend/follow	10%	10%	12%	8%	9%	8%	11%	12%	6%
People being mean / insulting	6%	7%	8%	8%	2%	5%	7%	6%	6%
Personal data processed without consent	4%	2%	7%	5%	3%	5%	4%	5%	3%
Scams/fraud	4%	3%	2%	3%	7%	3%	4%	5%	3%
Bad/creepy/dangerous people	4%	4%	4%	6%	1%	3%	4%	3%	5%
Offensive videos / pictures	4%	4%	3%	4%	3%	3%	4%	3%	4%
Private info being made public	3%	2%	4%	4%	3%	2%	4%	4%	1%
Being watched	3%	1%	4%	5%	2%	3%	3%	2%	4%
People or organisations collecting data about	3%	1%	4%	5%	2%	4%	3%	3%	3%
Data protection	2%	1%	3%	1%	4%	3%	2%	3%	2%
Trolling (a person who deliberately says	2%	3%	3%	0%	3%	3%	2%	2%	4%
Paedophiles	2%	2%	2%	4%	1%	2%	2%	2%	3%
Sexual / pornographic content	2%	1%	1%	5%	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%
Viruses/trojans/worms/spyware/malicious	. 2%	2%	3%	1%	3%	3%	2%	3%	1%
Hate speech / inciting violence	2%	1%	0%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	0%
Offensive / inappropriate websites	2%	2%	0%	3%	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





#### A selection of concerns voiced by children

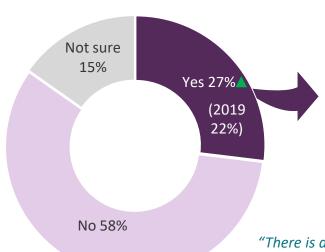




#### **UNPROMPTED** Concerns

"Bullying of other children online and when my friends tell me they have been bullied online and some talk about killing themselves. It makes me sad and worried about them"

Do you have any concerns about the internet?



"Sometimes it can used to bully people or **if you have a photo taken people** can be horrible"

"Getting hacked. People screenshotting messages. People tracking where I am. Believing scams. Apps not accepting my age, so have to put higher one in. Buying things by accident" "Contact from people I don't know. Mean things being said to me or nasty photos or comments being posted."

"I worry that people will say something nasty about stuff I post online or that they will know personal information about me, like where I live or go to school. I also worry that someone will approach me and say something inappropriate or that they may not be who they say they are."

"There is always bullying and people being mean to each other - I am not allowed to talk to anyone I don't know but sometimes people I don't know are added to groups on WhatsApp"

"I am concerned that people online who I don't know are not who they say they are. But also the people who I do know and talk to in real life can be completely different on social media. It can get very bitchy and rumours spread like lightning. You can turn up to school one day and everyone is talking about something that you know did not happen. Or happened completely differently. Or you aren't sure if it happened or not. Loads of drama happens all the time because of it.

Sometimes you feel you have to be on social media just so you can stay in the loop"

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C1a. Do you have any concerns about the internet? Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

C1b. What concerns do you have? UNPROMPTED, open-ended and verbatim comments coded.

Base: all expressing concern n=532





# Section 1 continued Concerns about the internet

- B) Prompted concerns about children online
- Adults' concerns about children going online
- Children's own concerns about going online



### Glossary of terms





#### List used in the Adults survey – with corresponding chart reference text

with corresponding chart reference tex	_		
Full Prompted List (Adults)	Short Text (In charts)		
Sexual\ pornographic content	Sexual/pornographic content		
Imagery or videos of child sexual exploitation or abuse*	child sexual abuse imagery		
Offensive language	Offensive language		
Offensive videos\pictures	Offensive videos/pictures		
Violent\ disturbing content	Violent/disturbing content		
Fake News i.e. stories that are false or made up, written deliberately to mislead*	Fake News		
Promotion of terrorism\ radicalisation	Content promoting terrorism/radicalisation		
Content promoting self-harm e.g. cutting, anorexia, suicide	Content promoting self-harm		
Harmful or misleading advertising	Harmful/misleading ads		
Hate speech \ inciting violence	Hate speech		
Unwelcome friend\follow requests/unwelcome contact or messages from strangers	Unwelcome friend/follow/contact from strangers		
Stalking/cyberstalking (harassment from other internet users)	Stalking/cyberstalking/harassment		
People pretending to be another person	People pretending to be someone else		
Bullying, abusive behaviour or threats	Bullying/abusive behaviour/threats		
Trolling (a person who deliberately says something controversial in order to start arguments or cause upset)	Trolling		
Feeling under pressure to send photos or other information about yourself to someone**	Pressure to send photos/info		
Cyber-flashing i.e. receiving unwanted sexual or nude images or videos from another person**	Cyber-flashing		
Fake images/fake videos e.g. deep fake videos**	Fake images/videos		
Spam emails	Spam emails		
Government\ agency surveillance	Government surveillance		
My personal data being used without my knowledge/consent*	Non-consensual personal data use		
People or organisations collecting data about me in unclear ways for commercial reasons	Unclear data collection (commercial use)		
My personal information being stolen/hacked	Personal info stolen		
Scams/ fraud	Scams/ fraud		
Private information being made public (e.g. photos)	Private info made public		
Viruses/ trojans/ worms/ spyware/ malicious software	Viruses etc.		
Spending too much time online	Too much time online		
Spending too much money online/spending money you did not mean to**	Too much money online		
Other (WRITE IN)			

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" March 2019

<sup>\*</sup>Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020



### Glossary of terms





#### List used in the children survey – with corresponding chart reference text

List used in the children survey – with corresponding chart reference te	EXL		
Full Prompted List (children)	Short Text (In charts)		
Sexual\ pornographic content	Sexual/pornographic content		
Imagery or videos of child sexual exploitation or abuse*	child sexual abuse imagery		
Swear words or offensive language	Offensive language		
Offensive videos\pictures	Offensive videos/pictures		
Violent\ disturbing content	Violent/disturbing content		
Fake News i.e. stories that are false or made up, written deliberately to mislead*	Fake News		
Promotion of terrorism\ radicalisation	Content promoting terrorism/radicalisation		
Content promoting self-harm e.g. cutting, anorexia, suicide	Content promoting self-harm		
Adverts that contain untrue information	Harmful/misleading ads		
Hate speech \ inciting violence	Hate speech		
Unwelcome friend\follow requests/unwelcome contact or messages from strangers	Unwelcome friend/follow/contact from strangers		
Stalking/cyberstalking (harassment from other internet users)	Stalking/cyberstalking/harassment		
People pretending to be another person	People pretending to be someone else		
Bullying, abusive behaviour or threats	Bullying, abusive behaviour or threats		
Trolling (a person who deliberately says something controversial in order to start arguments or cause upset)	Trolling		
Feeling under pressure to send photos or other information about yourself to someone	Pressure to send info/photos		
Cyber-flashing, i.e. receiving sexual or nude images or videos that you have not asked for from another	Cyber-flashing		
person, for instance via Apple AirDrop or on messaging or social media apps**	Cybel-liasiling		
Fake images/fake videos, e.g. deep fakes**	Fake images/videos		
Spam emails	Spam emails		
Government\ agency surveillance	Government surveillance		
My personal data being processed without my knowledge/consent	Non-consensual personal data use		
People or organisations collecting data about me in unclear ways to make money	Unclear data collection (commercial use)		
My personal information being stolen/hacked	Personal info stolen		
Scams/ fraud	Scams/ fraud		
Private information being made public (e.g. photos)	Private info made public		
Viruses/ trojans/ worms/ spyware/ malicious software	Viruses etc.		
Spending too much time online	Too much time online		
Spending too much money online	Too much money online		
Other (WRITE IN)			

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" March 2019

<sup>\*</sup>Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020



As in 2019, 8 in 10 adults expressed a concern in relation to children on the internet. The majority of these are concerned about the types of content and interactions children may be exposed to online

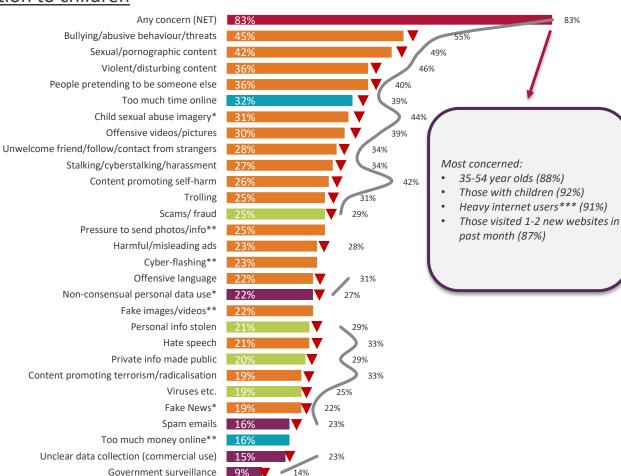




#### Concerns in relation to children

Average number of concerns:

7.0 (2019 8.0)



2020 ----2019

= 76% (2019 80%) relating to Content/contact with others

= 38% (2019 44%) relating to hacking/security

= 31% (2019 36%) relating to data/privacy

Data/privacy excluding spam: 26%

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2a) Firstly, which, if any, of the following concern you in relation to children?

Base: All adult internet users (2080), those with children in household (691), those with no children in household (1379)

\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020. \*\*\*Heavy Internet users 5+ hours weekdays AND 10+ hours weekends

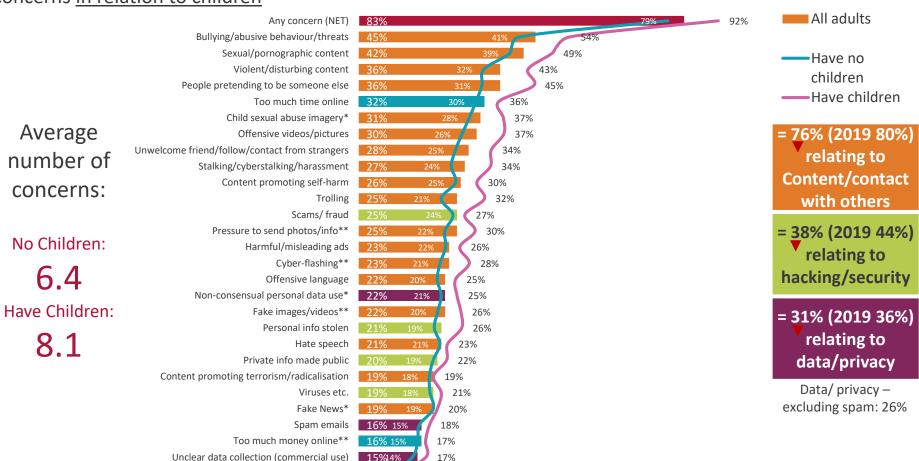


Both parents and non-parents are especially concerned about bullying, abusive behaviour and threats. Parents generally have more concerns about the potential harms affecting children





Concerns in relation to children



10%

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2a) Firstly, which, if any, of the following concern you in relation to children?

Base: All adult internet users (2080), those with children in household (691), those with no children in household (1379)

Government surveillance

\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020.

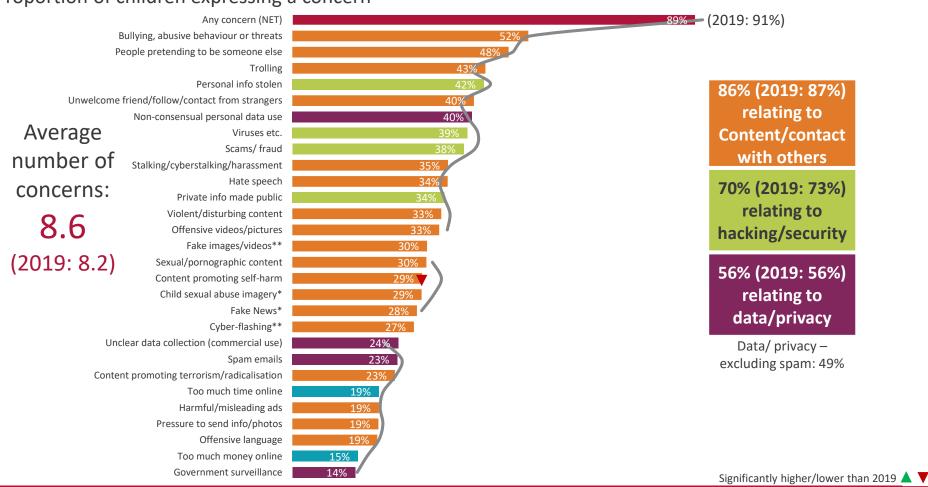


As in 2019, 9 in 10 12-15 year olds have at least one concern. In particular, they're concerned about the conduct of others, especially bullying and people pretending to be other people





Proportion of children expressing a concern



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2) Which, if any, of the following things concern you about the internet? PROMPTED

Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020.

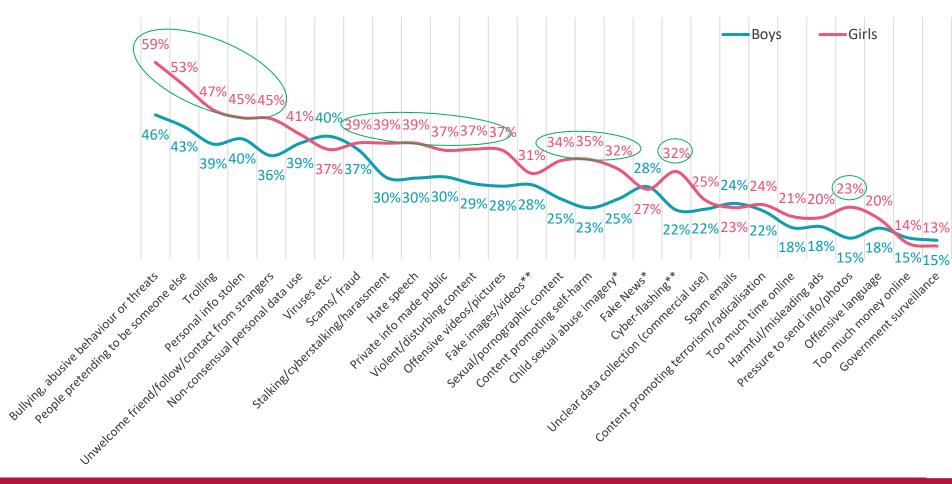


#### Girls are more likely to express concerns about the internet than boys, significantly so in many areas





#### Proportion of children expressing a concern



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2) Which, if any, of the following things concern you about the internet? PROMPTED

Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

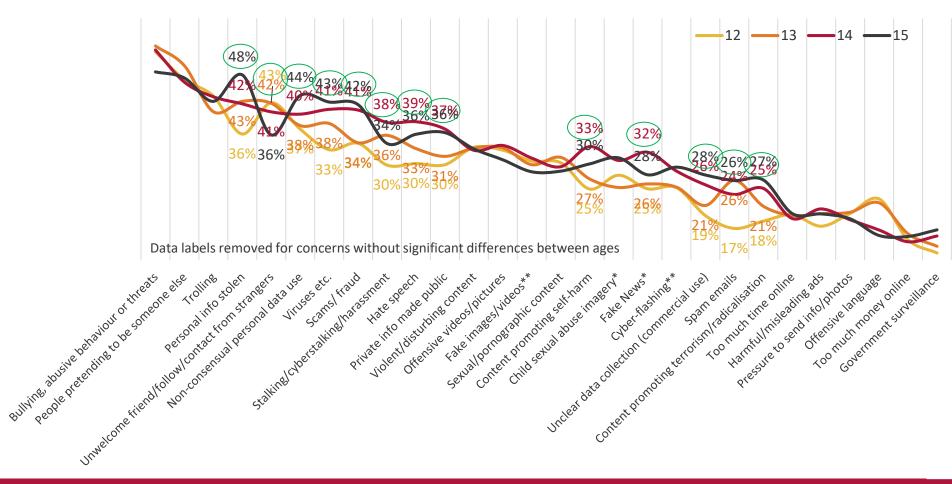


# 14 and 15 year olds are slightly more likely to express concerns about the internet, except for unwelcome friend/follow requests





Proportion of children expressing a concern



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2) Which, if any, of the following things concern you about the internet? PROMPTED

Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

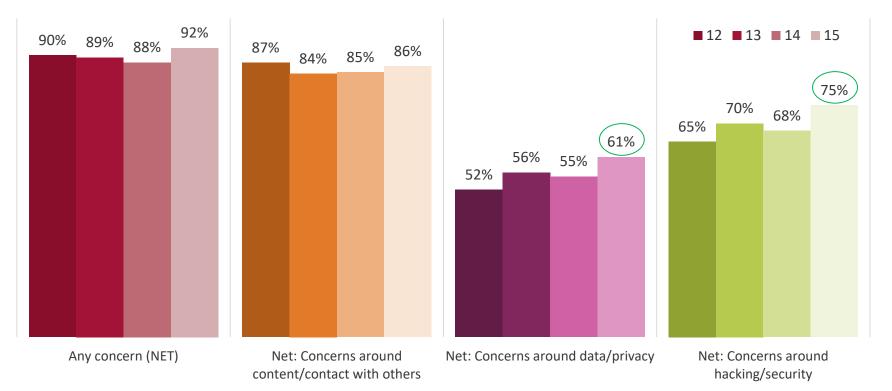


# 15 year olds are significantly more concerned than 12 year olds about data/privacy and hacking/security





#### Proportion of children expressing a concern



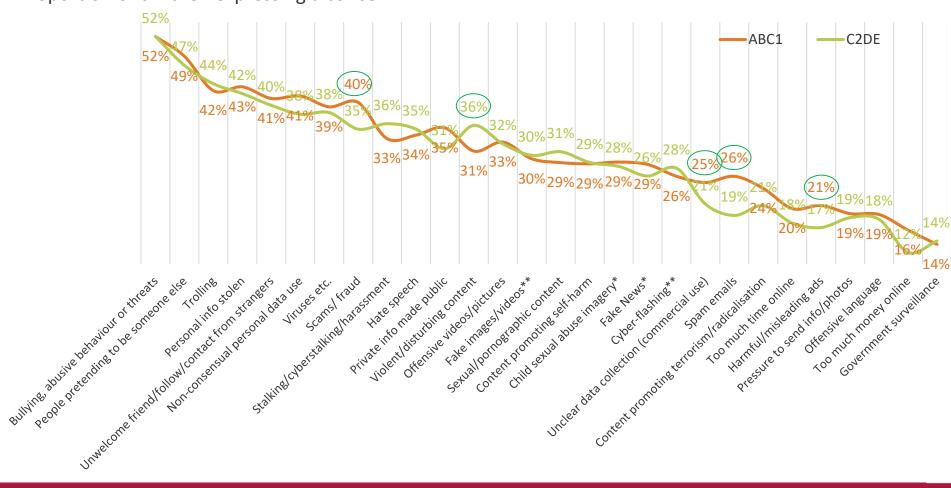


# SEG tends not to have a big impact on how likely a user was to express concerns





#### Proportion of children expressing a concern



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2) Which, if any, of the following things concern you about the internet? PROMPTED

Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

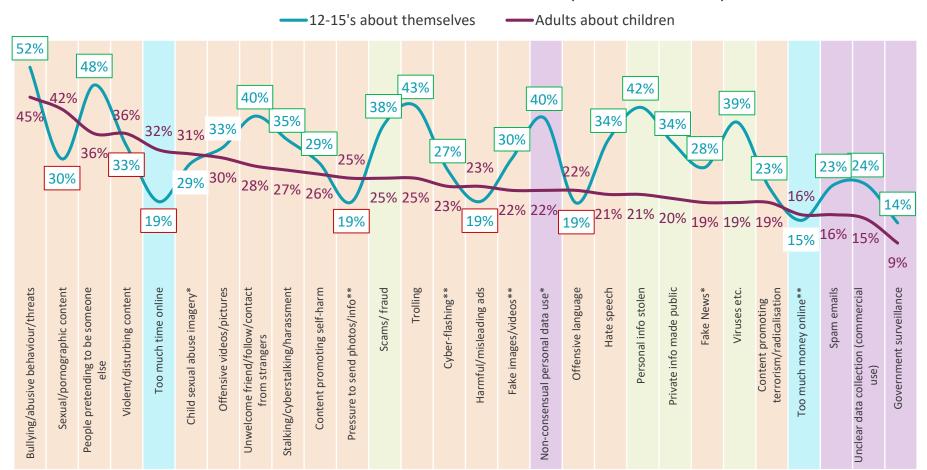


Children generally express higher levels of concern for themselves compared with adults on their behalf; notable exceptions being too much time online, sey/pornographic.





exceptions being too much time online, sex/pornographic content and pressure to send photos Adult concern re children vs. children concern about themselves (ranked on adults)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2a. Which, if any, of the following concern you in relation to children? Base: All adult internet users (2080)

C2. Which of the following concern you about the internet? Base: All children 12-15 (2001)



Adults with children in the HH are significantly more likely to be concerned for children in relation to most of the potential harms listed





Adults concern for children vs. children concern about themselves

**PROMPTED** (ranked on all adults)

	All Children	All Adults	Adults with children in HH	Adults with no children in HH
Bullying/abusive behaviour/threats	52%	45%	54%	41%
Sexual/pornographic content	30%	42%	49%	39%
Violent/disturbing content	33%	36%	43%	32%
People pretending to be someone else	48%	36%	45%	31%
Too much time online	19%	32%	36%	30%
Child sexual abuse imagery *	29%	31%	37%	28%
Offensive videos/pictures	33%	30%	37%	26%
Unwelcome friend/follow/contact from strangers	40%	28%	34%	25%
Stalking/cyberstalking/harassment	35%	27%	34%	24%
Content promoting self-harm	29%	26%	30%	25%
Scams/ fraud	38%	25%	27%	24%
Trolling	43%	25%	32%	21%
Pressure to send photos/info**	19%	25%	30%	22%
Harmful/misleading ads (children: contain untrue info)	19%	23%	26%	22%
Cyber-flashing**	27%	23%	28%	21%
Non-consensual personal data use*	40%	22%	25%	21%
Fake images/videos**	30%	22%	26%	20%
Offensive language (children: swearwords or offensive)	19%	22%	25%	20%
Personal info stolen	42%	21%	26%	19%
Hate speech	34%	21%	23%	21%
Private info made public	34%	20%	22%	19%
Fake News*	28%	19%	20%	19%
Content promoting terrorism/radicalisation	23%	19%	19%	18%
Viruses etc.	39%	19%	21%	18%
Too much money online**	15%	16%	17%	15%
Spam emails	23%	16%	18%	15%
Unclear data collection (commercial use)	24%	15%	17%	14%
Government surveillance	14%	9%	10%	8%

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: Which, if any, of the following concern you in relation to children? Base: All adult internet users (2080)

C2. Which of the following concern you about the internet? Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

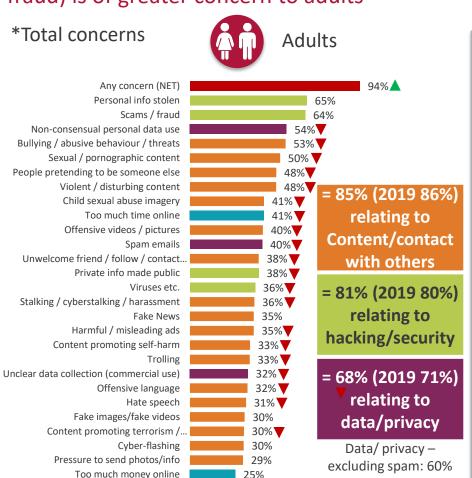
\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020



At a total level, bullying is of concern for more than half of both Ofcom adults and children. Data misuse (personal info stolen, scams, fraud) is of greater concern to adults



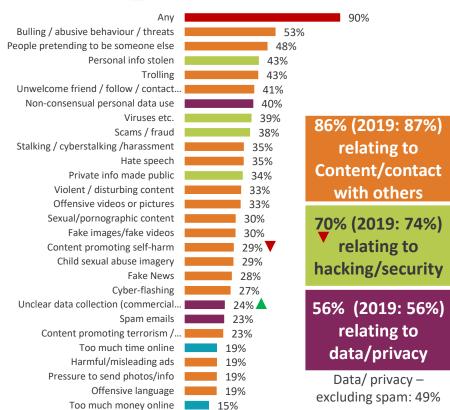






Government surveillance

#### Children aged 12-15



14%

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



Government surveillance

Question: C1. Do you have any concerns about the internet? (Responses coded into list). C2a/b Which of the following concern you in relation to children/more generally. C4. Which if any of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last year?

Base: All adult internet users 2020. \*TOTAL CONCERNS IS ANY UNPROMPTED, PROMPTED IN RELATION TO CHILDREN OR GENERALLY

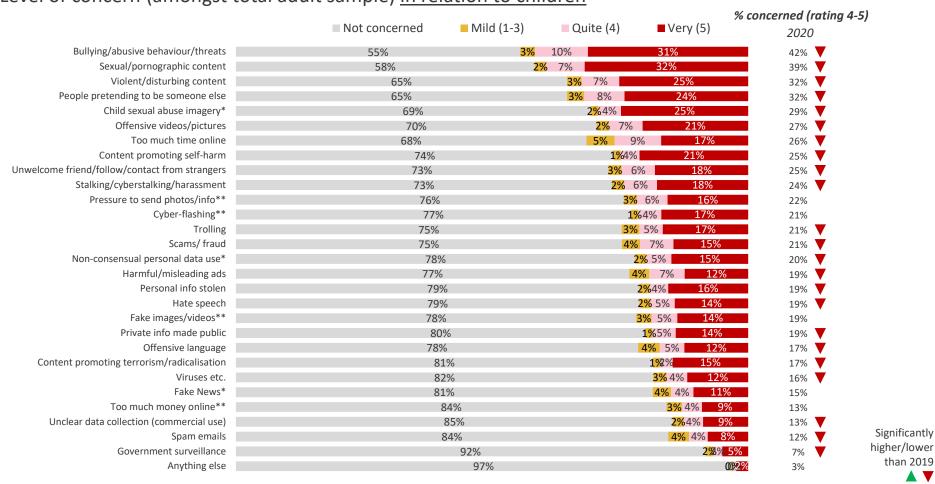


# Adults are most concerned about bullying and sexual/ pornographic content in relation to children – followed by violent/disturbing content and people pretending to be someone else





Level of concern (amongst total adult sample) in relation to children



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C3a) I am now going to read out the areas you are concerned about in relation to children. I would like you to tell me on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly concerned and 5 means Very Concerned, how concerned you are about each.

Base: All adult internet users (2080).

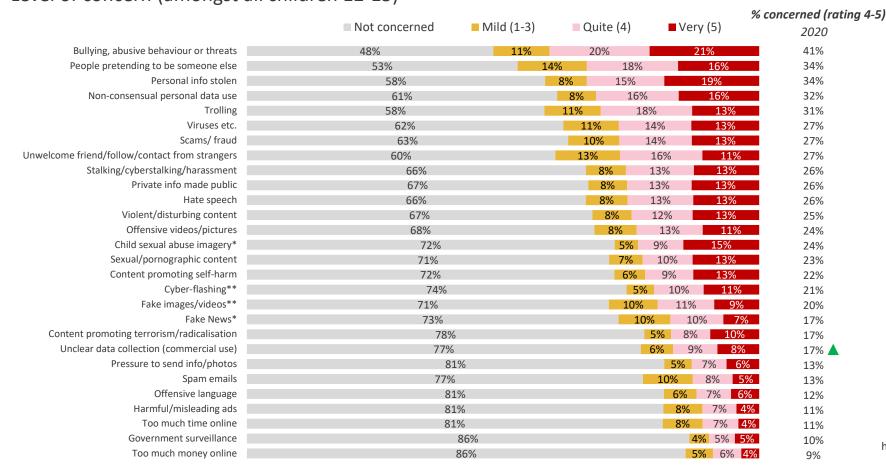


Notable that children have less strong concerns for themselves vs. adult concerns about children. They are most concerned





about bullying, people pretending to be someone else and personal information theft Level of concern (amongst all children 12-15)



Significantly higher/lower than 2019



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C3) I am now going to read out the areas you are concerned about. I would like you to tell me on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly concerned and 5 means Very Concerned, how concerned you are about each.

Base: All children 12-15 (2001)



Most issues highlighted cause a significant level of concern.

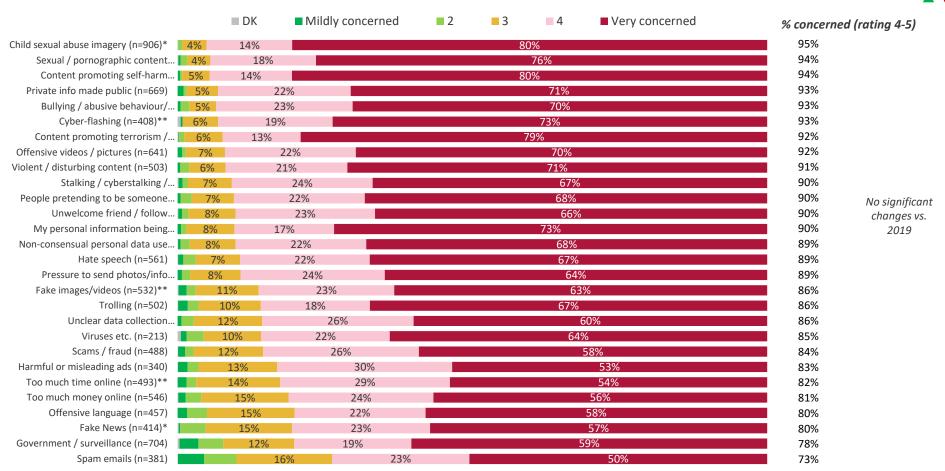
In particular, adults are concerned about child sexual abuse images, sexual/ pornographic content and content promoting self harm



Information Commissioner's Office
Significantly
higher/lower

than 2019





Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C3a) I am now going to read out the areas you are concerned about in relation to children. I would like you to tell me on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly concerned and 5 means Very Concerned, how concerned you are about each.

Base: All adult internet users (2080) who are concerned about each element (bases as shown)

\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020

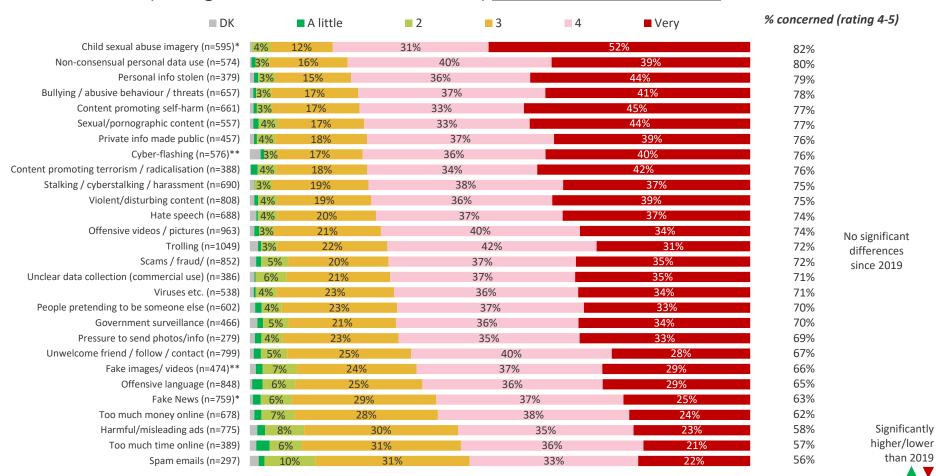


Levels of concern tend to be lower amongst 12-15 year olds (compared to the adults). They are most concerned about images of child sexual abuse and content promoting self-harm





Level of concern (amongst those concerned about each) children about themselves



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C3) I am now going to read out the areas you are concerned about. I would like you to tell me on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly concerned and 5 means Very Concerned, how concerned you are about each.

Base: All children 12-15 (2001) who are concerned about each element (bases as shown)





# Section 1 Concerns about using the internet C) Prompted concerns more generally (amongst adult internet users 16+)

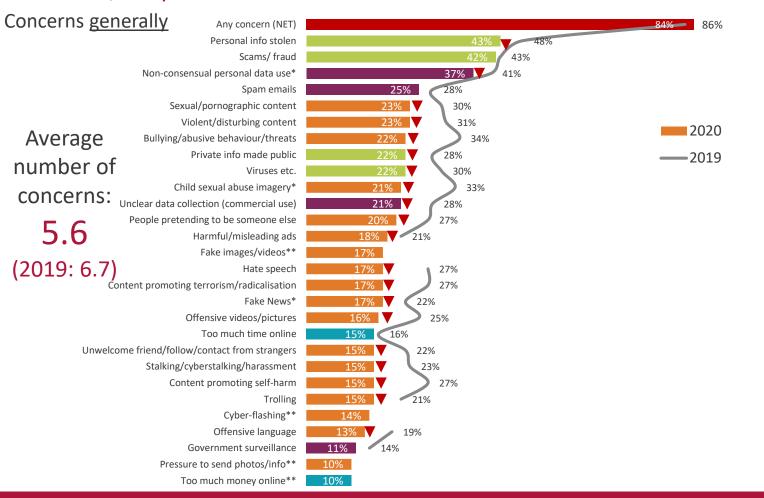


As in 2019, adults have a higher level of concern in relation to the protection of their personal data, as well as scams /frauds. However, the average no. of concerns and most levels of concernfor everyone





have fallen, likely because of the different news environment at the time of fieldwork



= 64% (2019 69%) relating to hacking/security

= 62% (2019 68%) relating to Content/contact with others

|= 53% (2019 57%) relating to data/privacy

Data/privacy excluding spam: 46%

> Significantly higher/lower than 2019





Question: C2b) Which, if any, of the following aspects of the internet concern you more generally?

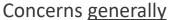
Base: All adult internet users 2020 (2080), 2019 (2057)

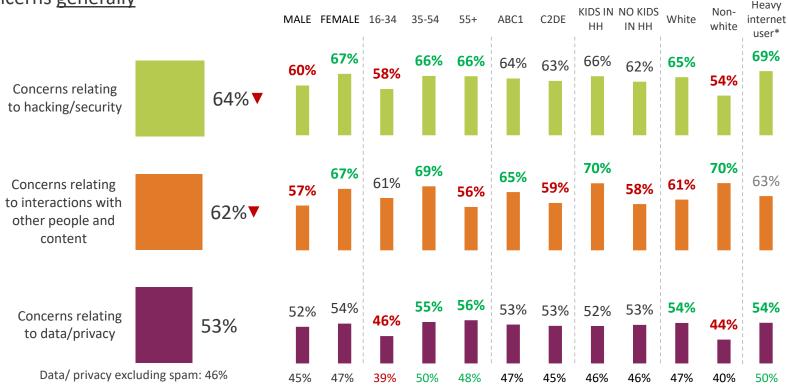


Females are more concerned about hacking/security and interactions with other people. 35+ are more concerned about hacking/security and data/privacy issues









Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





Question: C2b) Which, if any, of the following aspects of the internet concern you more generally?

Base: All adult internet users 2020 (2080), 2019 (2057)

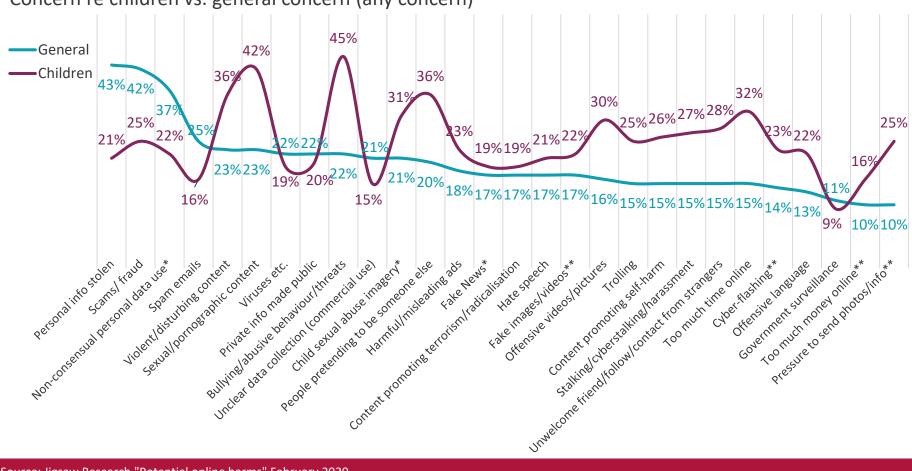


Adults are more concerned about most potential online harms in relation to children, especially bullying and the suitability of online content. They are more concerned about data protection and scams/fraud in relation to themselves





Concern re children vs. general concern (any concern)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C2a) Firstly, which, if any, of the following concern you in relation to children? C2b) And which, if any, of the following aspects of the internet concern you more generally?

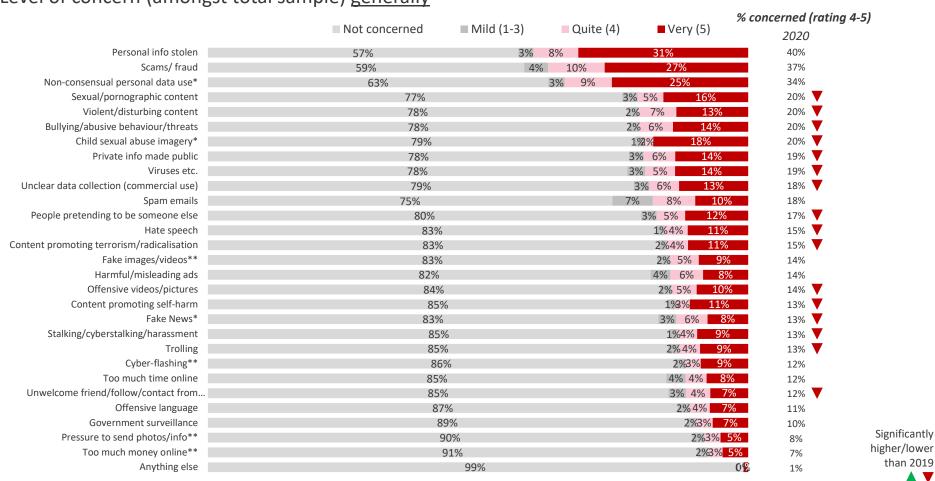


### As noted in 2019, if an issue has been selected as a concern, then adults are very/quite concerned about it





#### Level of concern (amongst total sample) generally



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C3b) I am now going to read out the areas you are generally concerned about. I would like you to tell me on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly concerned and 5 means Very Concerned, how concerned you are about each

Base: All adult internet users (2080)

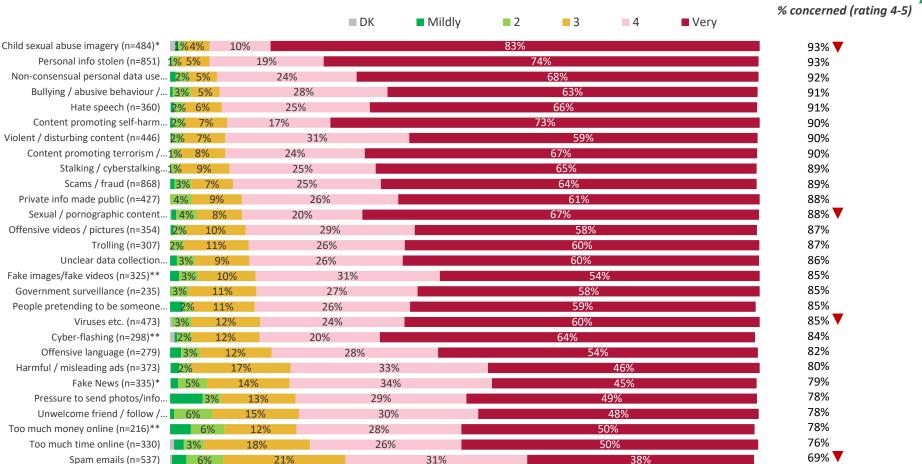


Despite a reduction since 2019, almost all of those who said they are concerned by child sexual abuse material on the internet are making communications work for everyone VERY concerned by it



**\** 

Level of concern (amongst those concerned about each) generally



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C3b) I am now going to read out the areas you are generally concerned about. I would like you to tell me on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly concerned and 5 means Very Concerned, how concerned you are about each





## Section 2 Reported experience of potential harms A) Incidence of experiences



As in 2019, 3 in 5 adults and 4 in 5 12-15 year olds say they have had potentially harmful experiences online in the last 12 months. Experiences relating to interactions with other people or content remain much higher amongst children





(47% 2019)

#### **Experienced** potential online harm



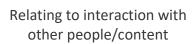
62% (61% 2019)

Of adults have had potentially harmful online experiences in the last 12 months



81% (79% 2019)

Of children (12-15) had potentially harmful online experiences in the last 12 months



Relating to data/privacy

Relating to hacking/security













(26% 2019)

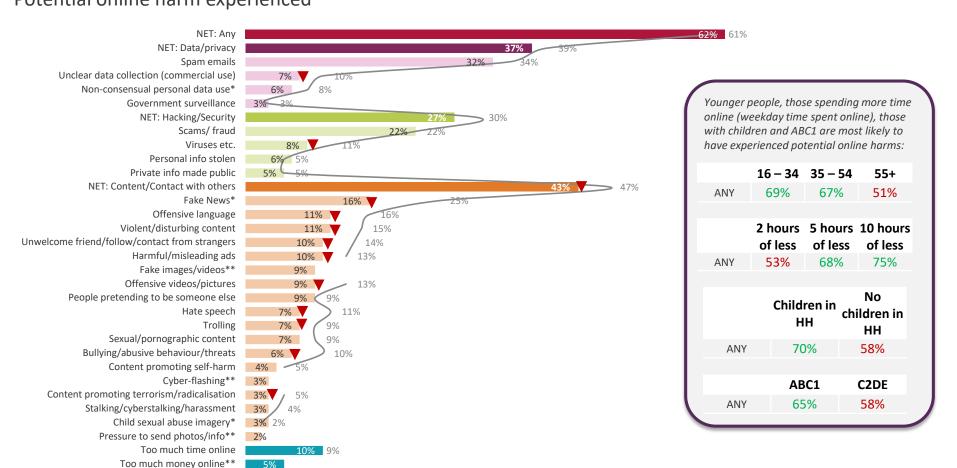
Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A







Spam emails, scams/fraud and fake news are the most likely to be experienced by adults. Potential online harms experienced are making communications work for everyone generally lower in relation to the interactions with other people/content compared to last year Potential online harm experienced



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last year? PROMPTED

Base: All adult internet users 2020 (2080) 2019 (2057).

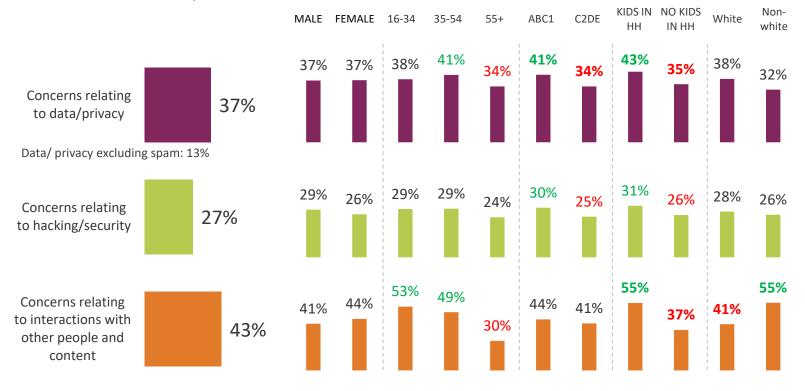


#### 16-54s, ABC1's and those with children in their household Ofcom are more likely to have experienced potential harms





#### Potential online harm experienced



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



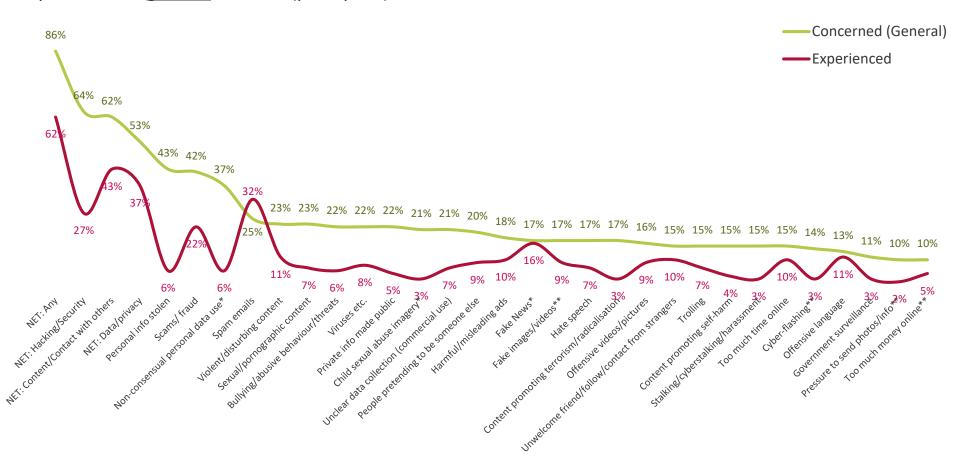


As in 2019, spam emails are the only potential harm where respondents have experienced them more than they are concerned about them





Experience vs. general concern (prompted)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C2b) Which, if any, of the following aspects of the internet concern you more generally? C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED

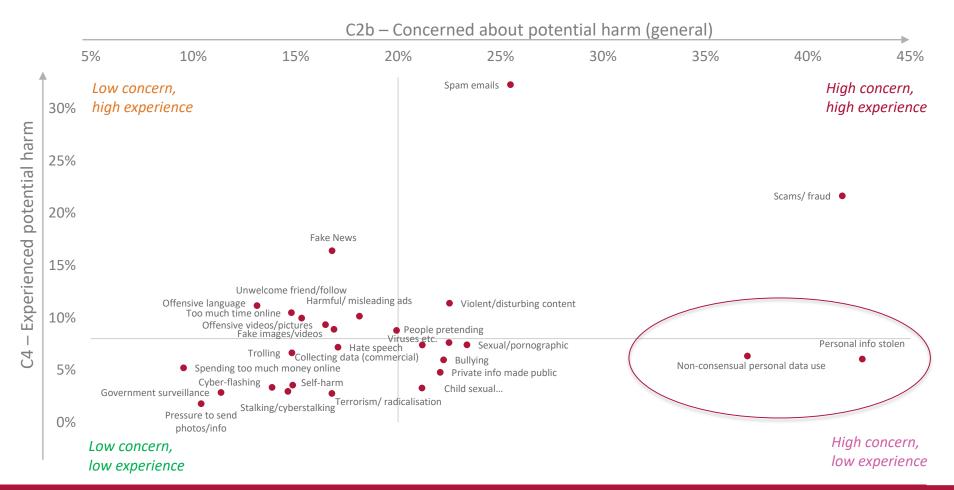


## Relatively few adults have experienced the key concerns of personal information being stolen and non-consensual data use





Relationship between concern (general) and actual experience of potential harm



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2b) I am now going to read out the areas you are generally concerned about. I would like you to tell me on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly concerned and 5 means Very Concerned, how concerned you are about each PROMPTED C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED



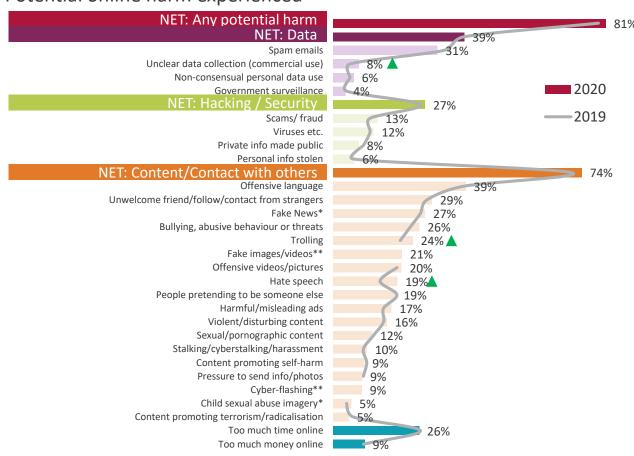
Offensive language remains the most common potential harm experienced by 12-15 year olds, followed by spam emails,





#### unwelcome friend requests and fake news. Just over a quarter have come across bullying

Potential online harm experienced



There is generally a correlation between being more confident internet users, visiting more different sites and the likelihood to have experienced a potential harm

Boys experienced more than girls:

- Offensive language 42% vs. 37%
- Spend too much money online 12% vs. 7%

Girls experienced more than boys:

- Unwelcome friend/follow -34% vs. 25%
- Bullying 28% vs. 23%

ABC1s experienced more than C2DEs

- NET data/privacy 43% vs. 34%
- Spam emails 34% vs. 28%

C2DEs experienced more than ABC1s

• Hate speech – 22% vs. 17%

DEs experienced more than average

Bullying – 30% vs. 26%

17% answered "none of these". 2% answered 'don't know'.

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A

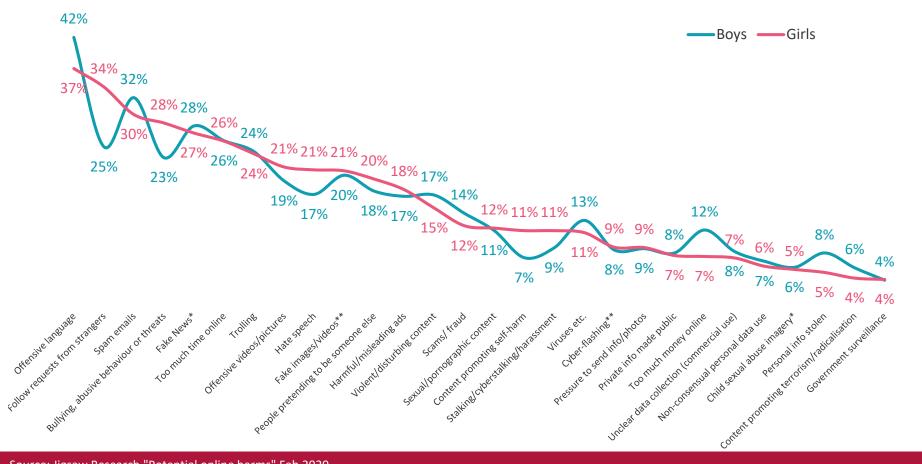




Although girls tend to be more concerned than boys about potential online harms, there is less of a gap around (most) experiences.

Notable exceptions include *follow requests from strangers* and *bullying*, which are more likely to be experienced by girls and *offensive language* which is more likely to be experienced by boys

Potential online harm experienced



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you experienced or seen on the internet in the last year? PROMPTED

Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

<sup>\*</sup>Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020

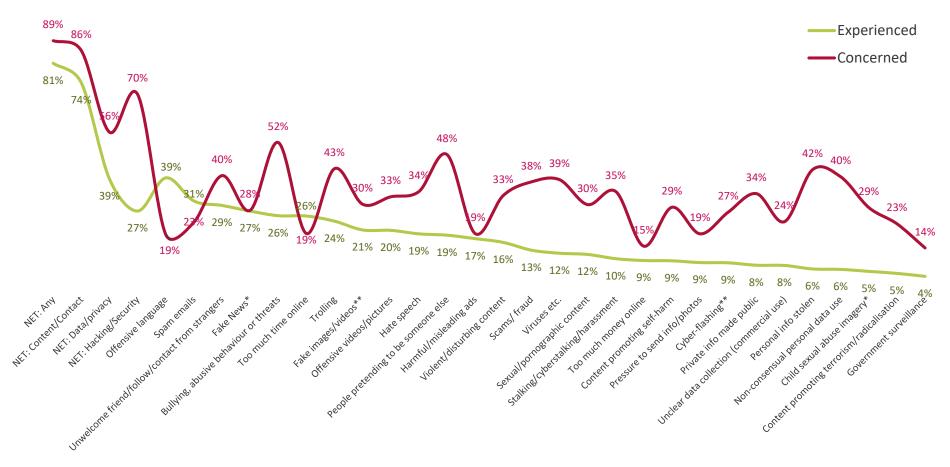


As in 2019, 4 in 10 children have experienced offensive language OFCOM online in the last 12 months, significantly more than the proportion that are concerned about it





Experience vs. concern (prompted)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2) Which, if any, of the following things concern you about the internet? PROMPTED C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED

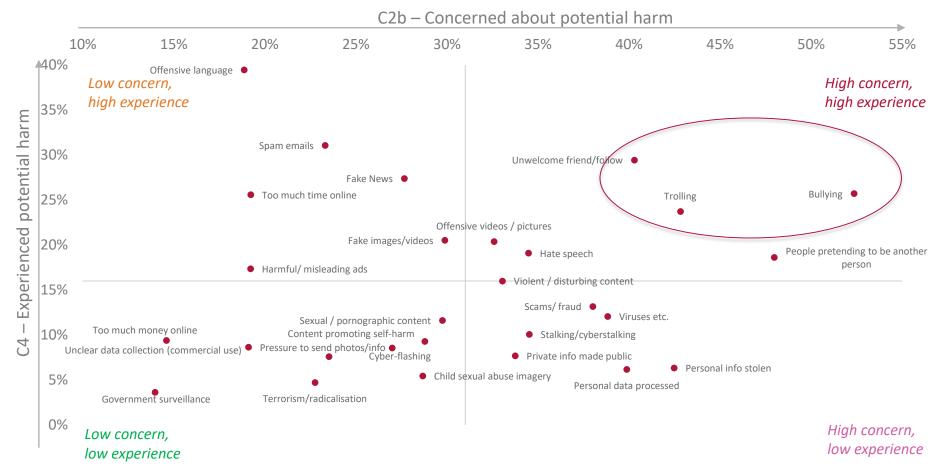


#### Unwelcome friend requests, bullying and trolling are all relatively **Ofcom** frequently experienced and are of high concern amongst 12-15 year olds





Relationship between concern and actual experience of potential harm



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2) Which, if any, of the following things concern you about the internet? PROMPTED C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED

Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

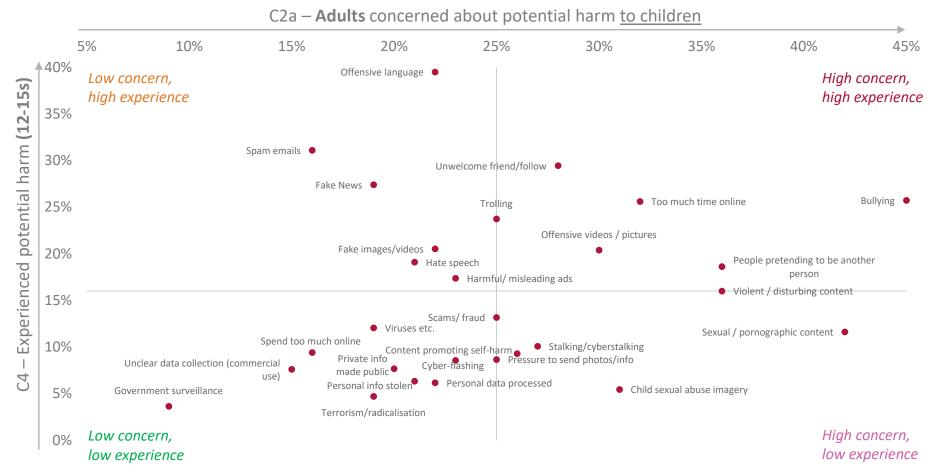


Bullying and spending too much time online are relatively frequently experienced by children and are of high concern amongst adults





Relationship between concern (adults) and actual experience of potential harm by children



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: ADULTS: C2a) Which, if any, of the following things concern you about the internet? PROMPTED

CHILDREN: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED

Base: All children 12-15 (2001) All adults (2080)

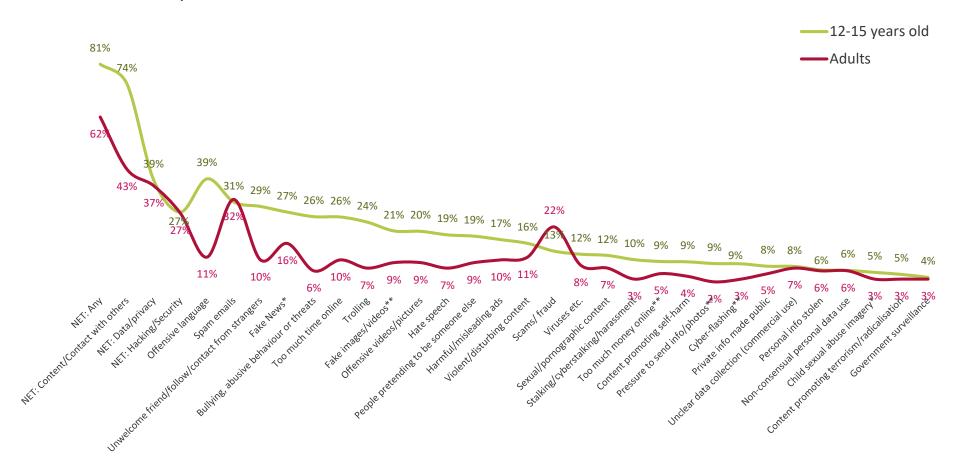


12-15 year olds are significantly more likely to have experienced a potential harm than adults, especially in relation to offensive language. Adults are more likely to have experienced scams





Potential harms Experienced – Adults vs children



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED.

Base: All adult internet users (2080) All children 12-15 (2001)

<sup>\*</sup>Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020

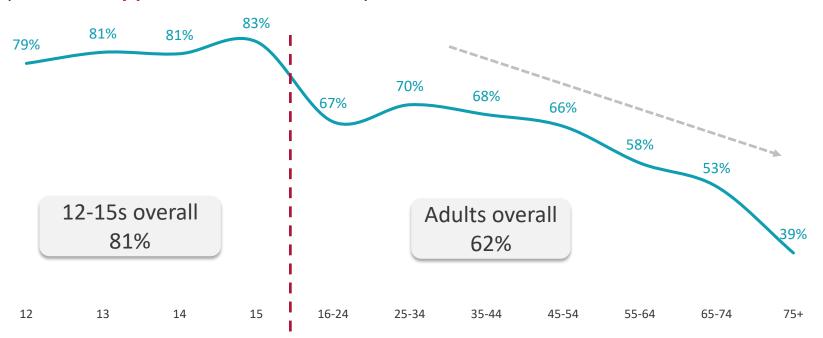


12-15 year olds are significantly more likely to have experienced a potential harm than adults. The incidence of experiencing potential harm quickly drops after the age of 54 (as the audience becomes less confident online)





Experienced any potential harm in the last year



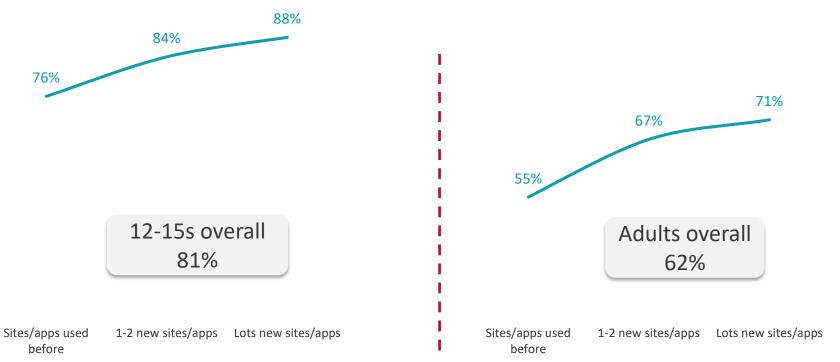


Those using new sites/apps are significantly more likely to have experienced a potential harm – across both 12-15 year olds and adults





#### Experienced any potential harm in the last year



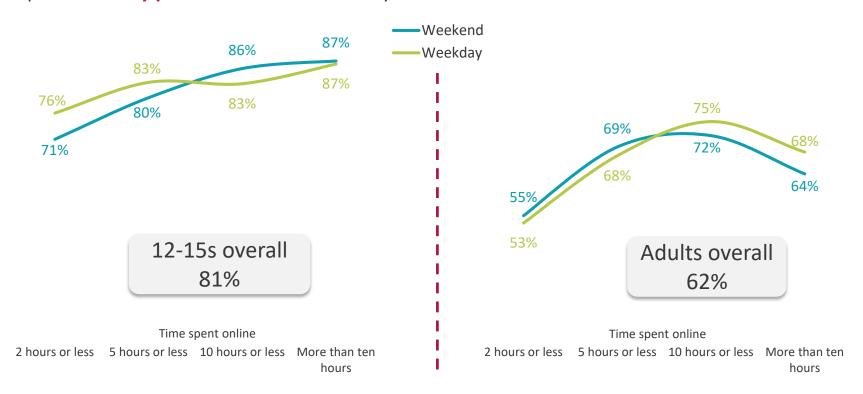


#### Increased time online increases the exposure to potential harm, OFCOM notably for children





#### Experienced any potential harm in the last year





### As would be expected, undertaking activities online increases exposure to potential harm





#### Experienced any potential harm in the last year



Things done online in the last week



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED.

B5d) Which of these things have you done online in the last week?

Base: All adult internet users (2080) All children 12-15 (2001)





## Section 2 Reported experience of potential harms B) Frequency and impact of experiences

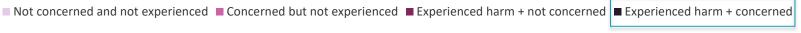


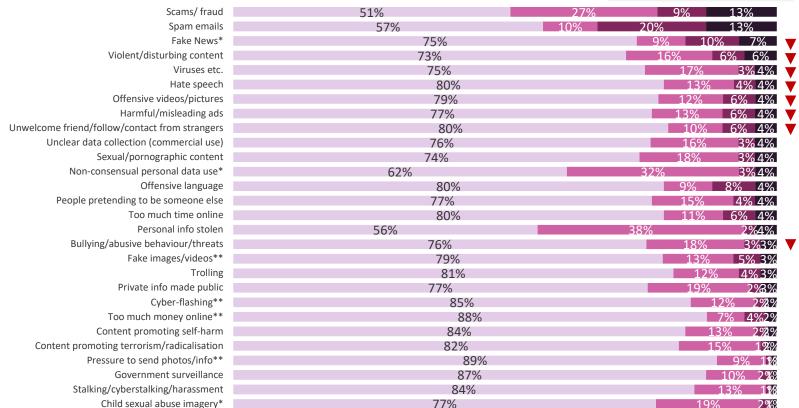
#### Scams and spam are the most likely to have been experienced and for adults to be concerned about





#### Incidence of experiencing/being concerned about potential online harms





Significantly higher/lower





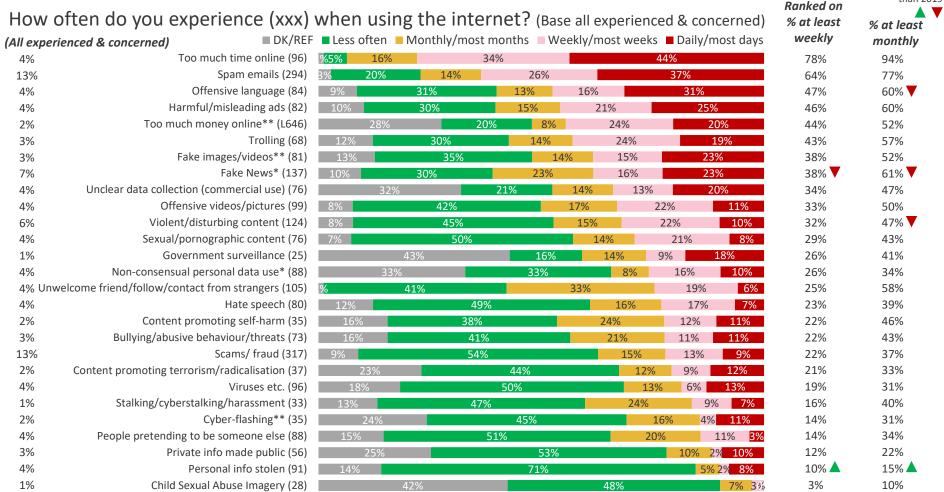


Going online too much is the most frequently reported type of potential harm followed by spam. Theft of personal information making communications work is, for example, experienced relatively infrequently





Significantly higher/lower than 2019



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED. C5. How often do you experience [INSERT CODE FROM C4] when using the internet?

Base: All adult internet users who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases on in brackets above). Warning – low base sizes (see individual bases). "Pressure to send photos info" statement not shown as base too low. \*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020.



1%

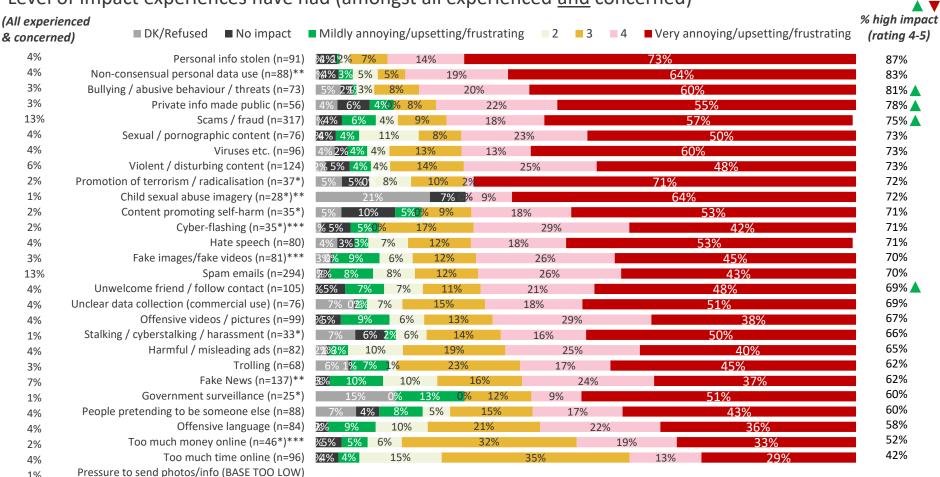
However, theft of personal information has the most severe impact when experienced, along with non-consensual use of personal data and then bullying





Significantly higher/lower than 2019

Level of impact experiences have had (amongst all experienced and concerned)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED. C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating. Base: All adult internet users who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases on chart) \*Warning – low base sizes (see individual bases). "Pressure to send photos info" statement not shown as base too low.



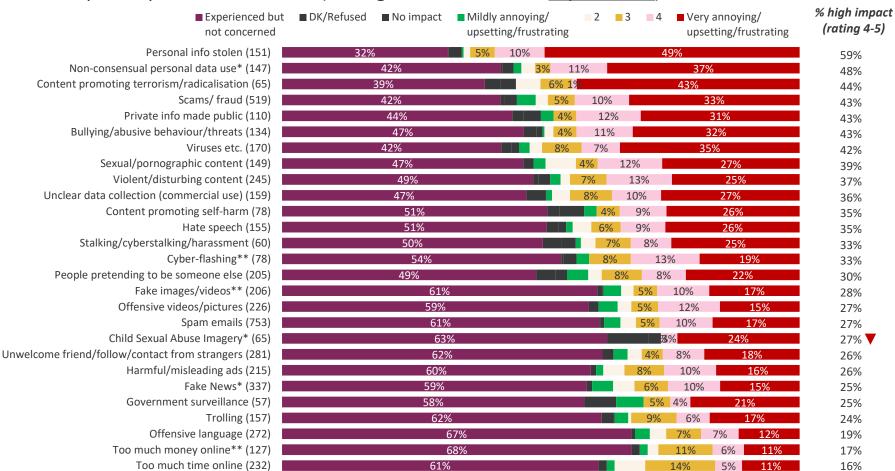
However, theft of personal information has the most severe impact when experienced, along with non-consensual use of personal data and content promoting terrorism/radicalisation





Significantly higher/lower than 2019

Level of impact experiences have had (amongst those who have experienced)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED. C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating

Base: All adult internet users who have experienced X (bases shown in brackets above). \*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020

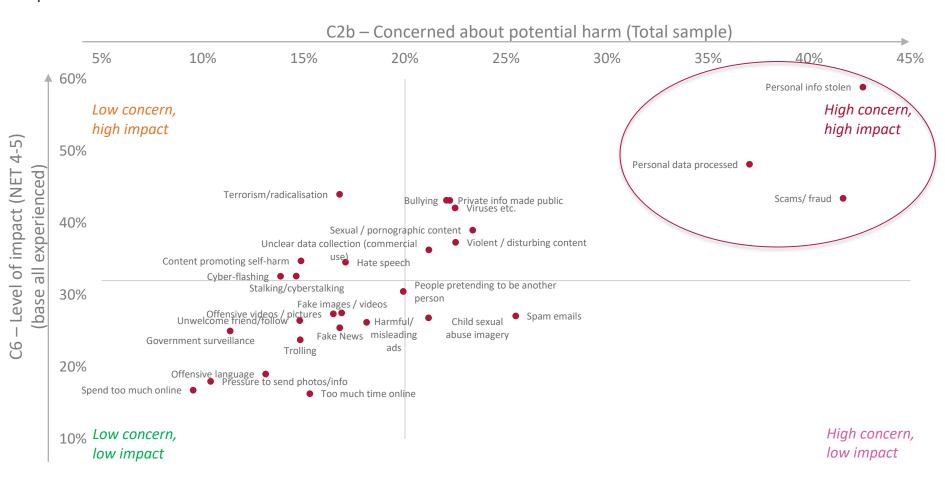


#### Potential harms with the highest levels of concern tend to have OFcom the greatest impact upon those who have experienced them





Impact vs. Incidence of concern raised



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2b) Which, if any, of the following aspects of the internet concern you more generally? Base: All adult internet users (2080)

C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating.

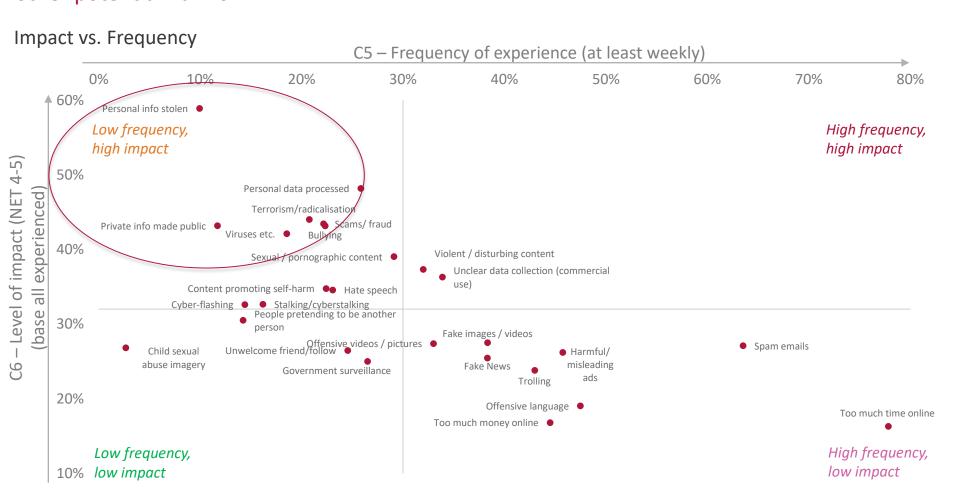
Base: All adult internet users who have experienced X (bases vary)



Despite the high frequency of spending too much time online and receiving spam emails, the level of impact is lower than the other potential harms







Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C5. How often do you experience [INSERT CODE FROM C4] when using the internet? Base: All adult internet users who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases vary). C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating. Base: All adult internet users who have experienced X (bases vary)

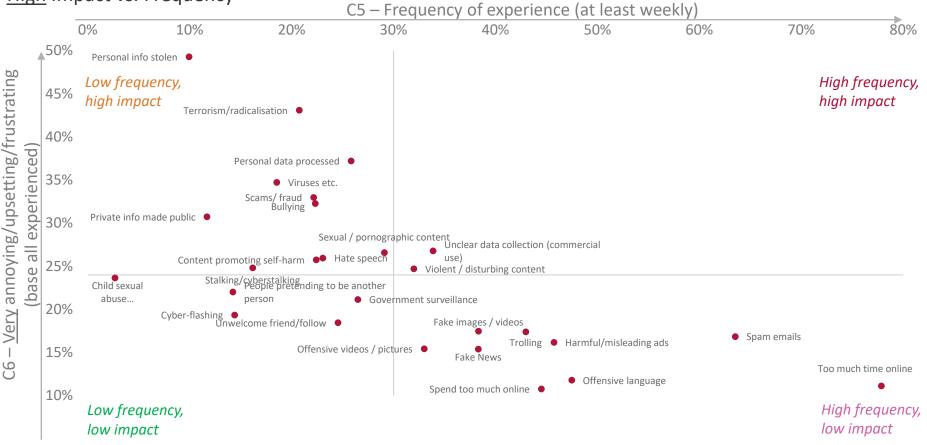


Despite the low frequency, personal info being stolen and data processing without consent are both be very upsetting. The same is true for promoting terrorism, viruses, scams and bullying









Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C5. How often do you experience [INSERT CODE FROM C4] when using the internet? Base: All adult internet users who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases vary). C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating. Base: All adult internet users who have experienced X (bases vary)

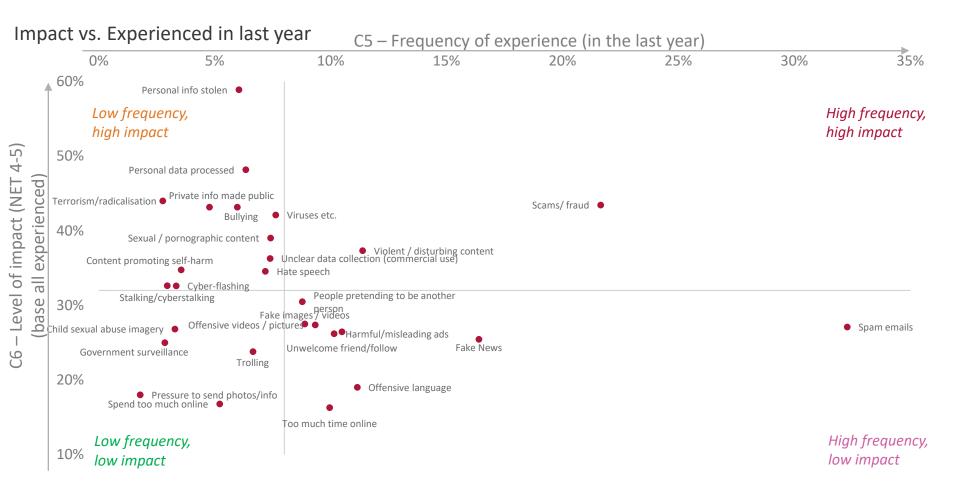


Despite the low frequency, personal info being stolen and data processing without knowledge both have a high level of impact. making comm for everyone





The same is true for promoting terrorism, private info being made public and bullying



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C4. Which of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? Base: All adult internet users (2080)

C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating.

Base: All adult internet users who have experienced X (bases vary)



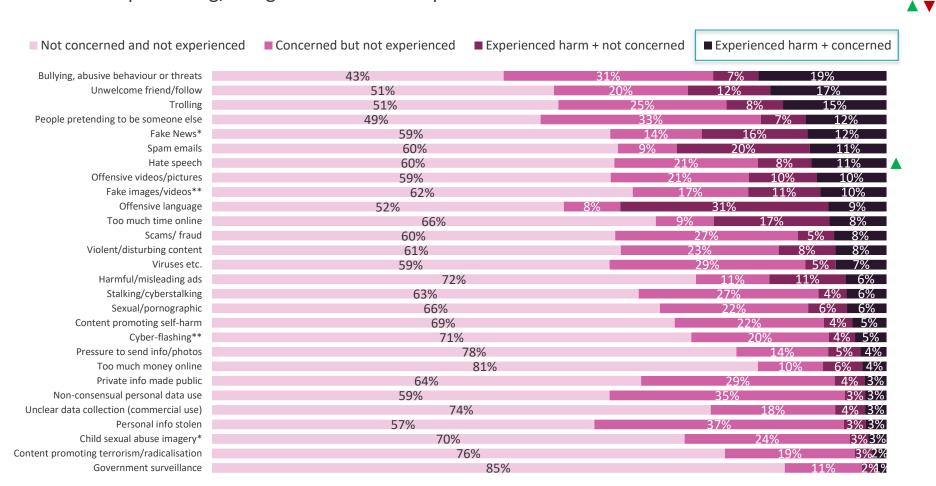
Bullying, unwelcome friend/follow requests and trolling are the most likely to have been experienced by and of concern to 12-15 making communications work for everyone

Information Commissioner's Office
Significantly

higher/lower than 2019

#### year olds

Incidence of experiencing/being concerned about potential online harms



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2b) I am now going to read out the areas you are generally concerned about. I would like you to tell me on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly concerned and 5 means Very Concerned, how concerned you are about each. C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months?



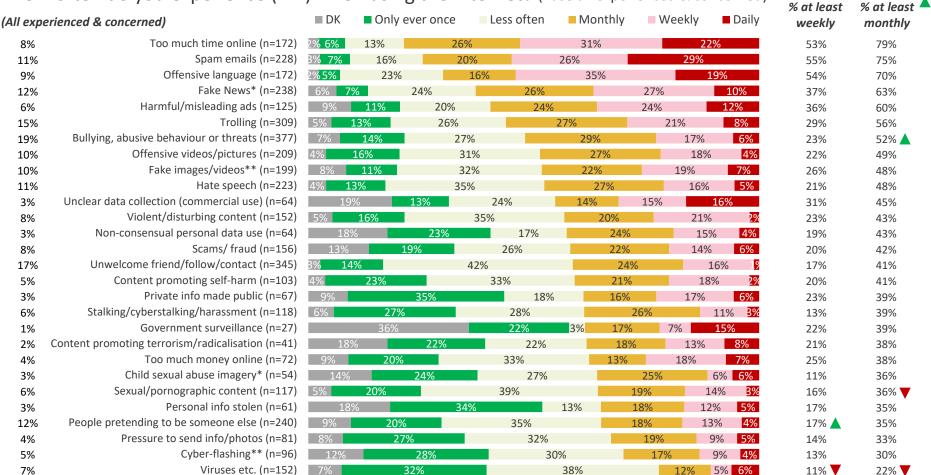
Frequency of experiencing potential harms is generally lower amongst 12-15 year olds than adults. Too much time online is the most commonly reported issue





Significantly higher/lower than 2019

How often do you experience (xxx) when using the internet? (Base all experienced & concerned)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED. C5. How often do you experience [INSERT CODE FROM C4] when using the internet?



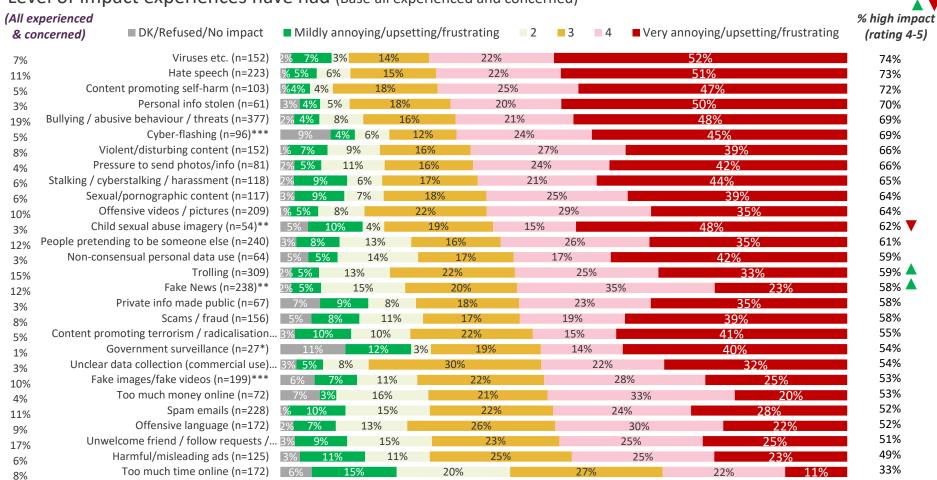
However, viruses, hate speech and content promoting self-harm have the most severe impact when experienced, along with the theft of personal info, bullying and cyber flashing





Significantly higher/lower than 2019

Level of impact experiences have had (Base all experienced and concerned)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED. C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating

Base: All children 12-15 who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases on chart) \* Warning – low base size. \*\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*\*New statement added 2020

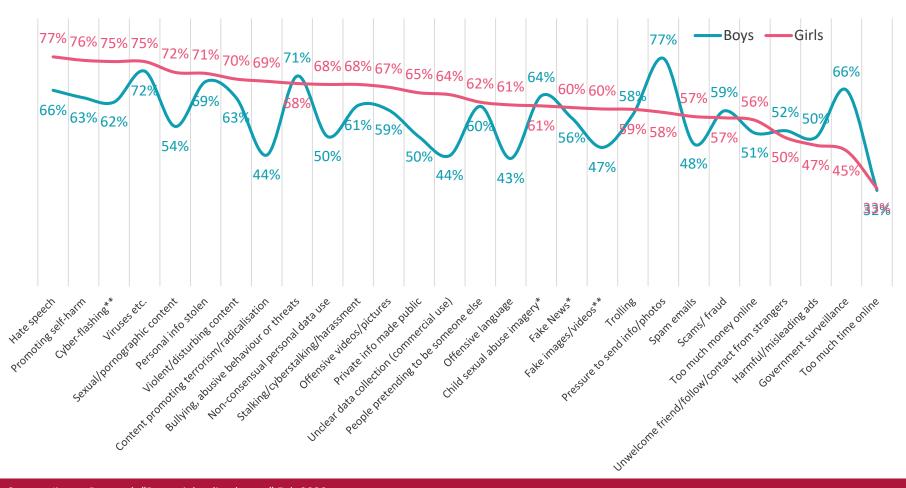


Girls are more likely to find their experiences more upsetting than boys in general. Boys are more likely to find pressure to send info/photos and government surveillance more upsetting





Level of impact experiences have had (4-5) (Base all experienced & concerned)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating

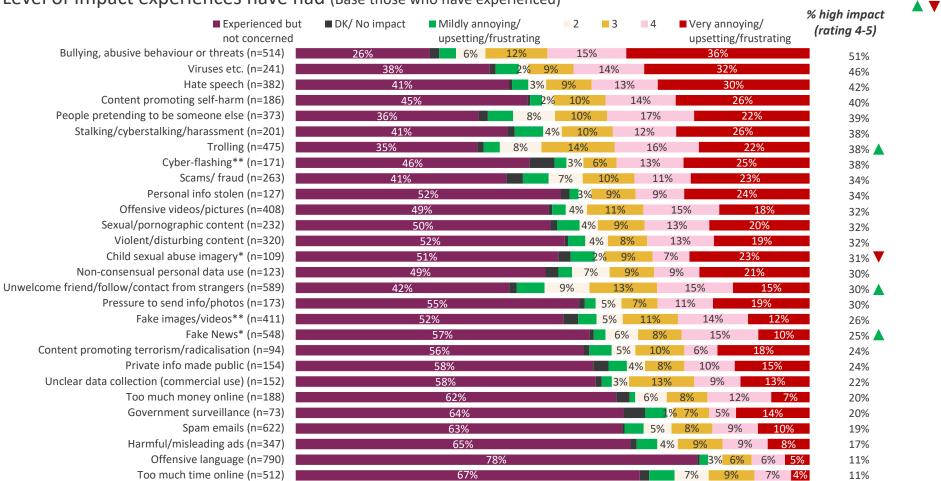


## Bullying is the potential harm that impacts 12-15 year olds the most, along with viruses, hate speech and content promoting self-harm



Information Commissioner's Office
Significantly
higher/lower
than 2019

Level of impact experiences have had (Base those who have experienced)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED. C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating

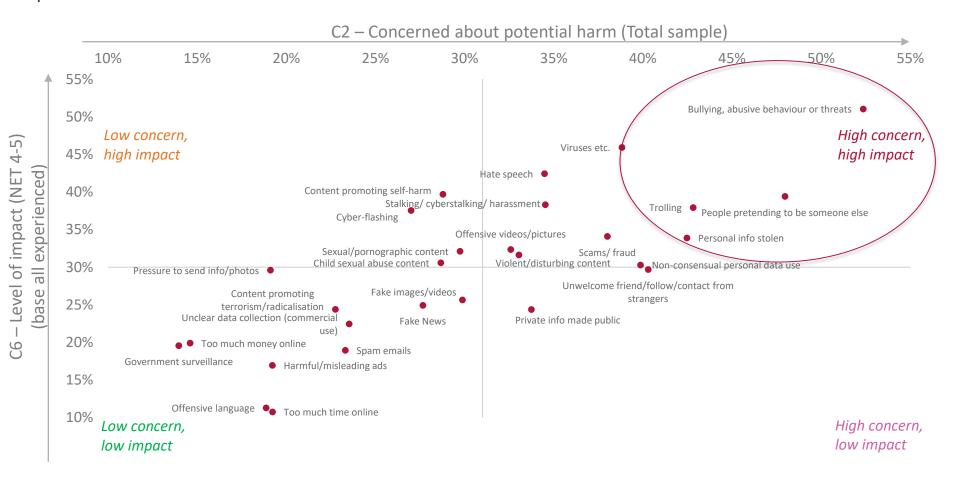


# Again, potential harms with the highest levels of concern tend to have the greatest impact on those who have experienced them





Impact vs. Incidence of concern raised



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C2) Which, if any, of the following things concern you about the internet? PROMPTED Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

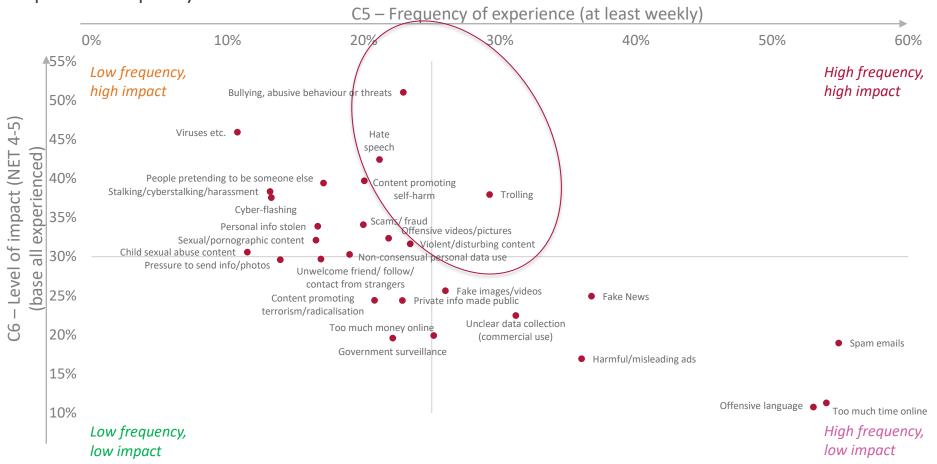


Despite the high frequency of spending too much time online, exposure to offensive language and receiving spam emails, the level of impact is lower than the other potential harms





Impact vs. Frequency



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C5. How often do you experience [INSERT CODE FROM C4] when using the internet? Base: All children 12-15 who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases vary). C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating. Base: All children 12-15 who have experienced X (bases vary)

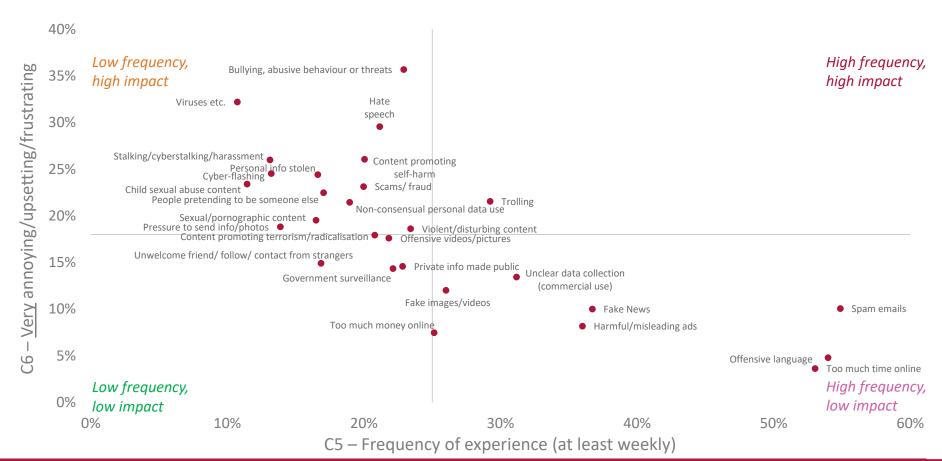


Despite the relatively low frequency, online bullying, viruses and material promoting hate speech are the most annoying/upsetting potential harms





High Impact vs. Frequency



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

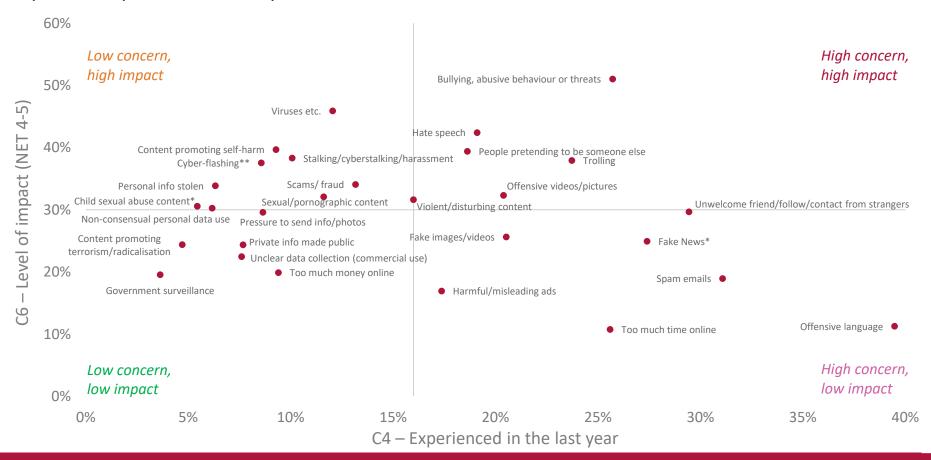


# Online bullying has the greatest impact and was also experienced by more than a quarter of 12-15 year olds in the past year





#### Impact vs. Experienced in last year



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED. Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

C6) Thinking about all of the times that you have experienced [INSERT CODE FROM C4] in the last 12 months, what impact has this had on you? Please use a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Mildly annoying or upsetting or frustrating and 5 means Very annoying or upsetting or frustrating. Base: All children 12-15 who have experienced X (bases vary)





# Section 3 Sources of potential online harm



Across adults and 12-15 year olds, social media sites are the most commonly cited sources of potential online harm. 12-15





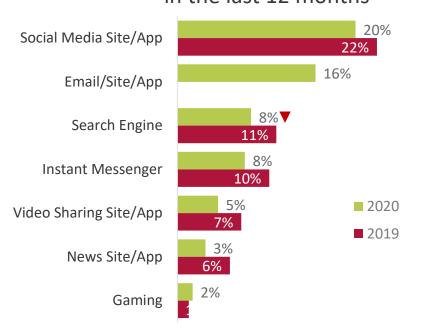
year olds have experienced more harms on social media than last year

Sources of potential online harm



62%

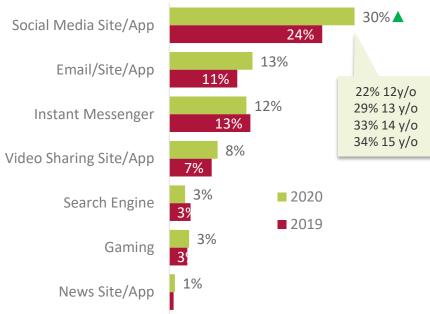
Of adults have experienced potential online harms in the last 12 months





81%

Of children (12-15) experienced potential online harms in the last 12 months



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" March 2019

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? PROMPTED

C7 Which site or service were you using when you came across your most recent experience of (XXX)?

Base: All adult internet users (2057) All 12-15s (1001)



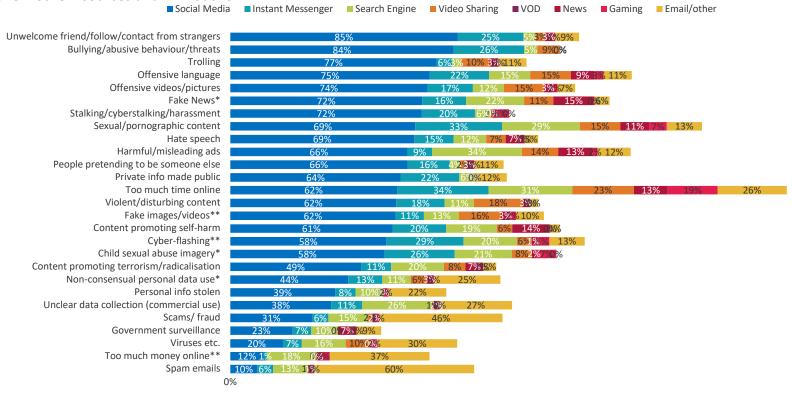
Adults experience potential online harms on a range of sites/ apps, but social media is most commonly identified for most types of potential harms. IM comes through strongly as a source for sexual/pornographic content, cyber-flashing and bullying





Places where potential online harm was experienced (types of source\*).





0

No significance testing due to changes in the questionnaire in 2020

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C7 Which site or service were you using when you came across your most recent experience of (XXX)?

Base: All adult internet users who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases 35-317)

\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020



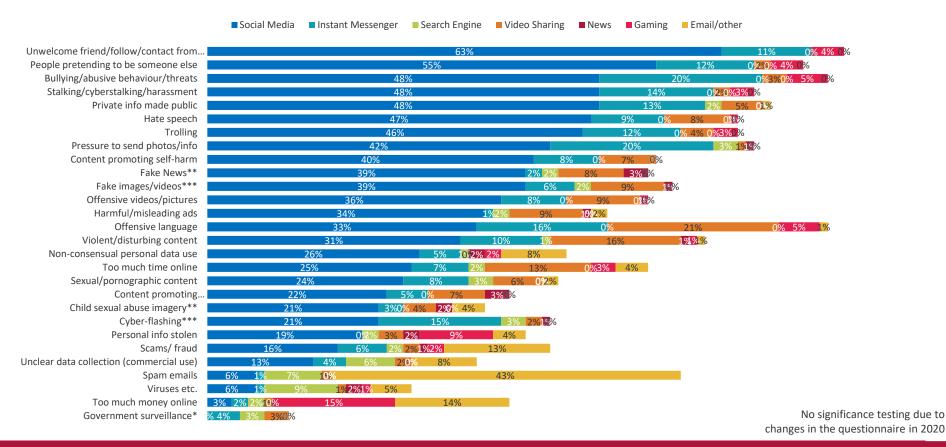
The same is true for 12-15 year olds, with social media being the Ofcom most common source for most potential harms. IM comes through strongly for bullying, pressure to send photos and cyber-flashing





Places where potential online harm was experienced (types of source\*).

\*smaller "other" sources and DK not shown



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C7 Which site or service were you using when you came across your most recent experience of (XXX)?

Base: All children 12-15 who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases 27\*-377)

\*CAUTION LOW BASE (<50). \*\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*\*New statement added 2020

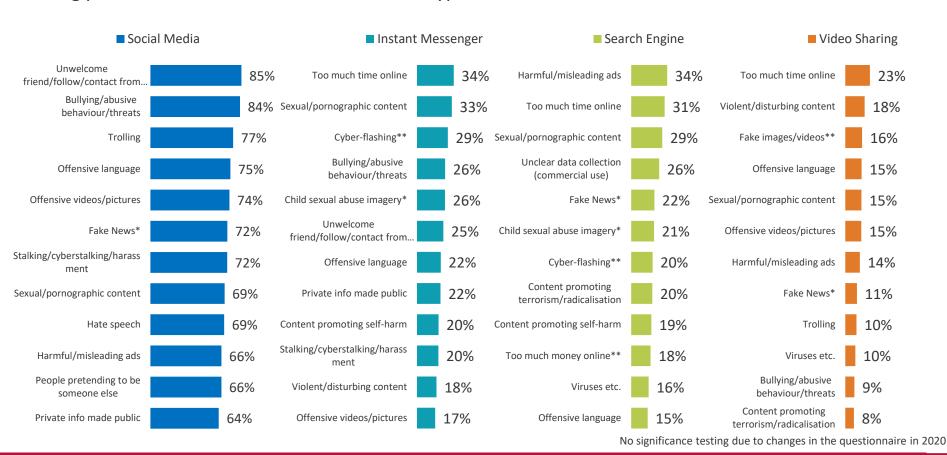


Social media is most associated with unwelcome friend/follow requests, bullying and trolling for those who are concerned and experienced. Search is most associated with harmful ads, whilst IM is linked to sexual/pornographic content and cyber-flashing





Leading potential harms associated with source types



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C7 Which site or service were you using when you came across your most recent experience of (XXX)?

Base: All adult internet users who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases 35-317)

\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020

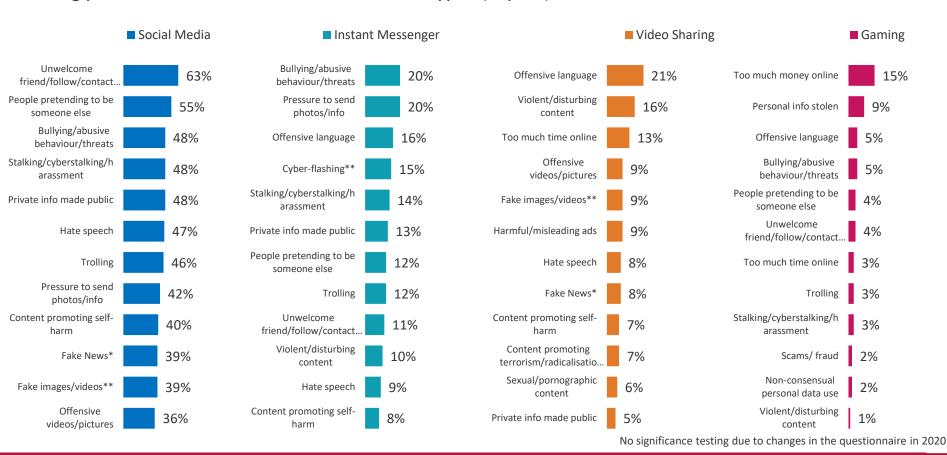


### 12-15's are less likely to experience potential harms on social media than adults, but 63% of those who are concerned and experienced unwelcome friend/follow requests cite social media as the source





Leading potential harms associated with source types (Top 12)



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C7 Which site or service were you using when you came across your most recent experience of (XXX)?

Base: All children 12-15 who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases 27\*-377)

<sup>\*</sup>Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020

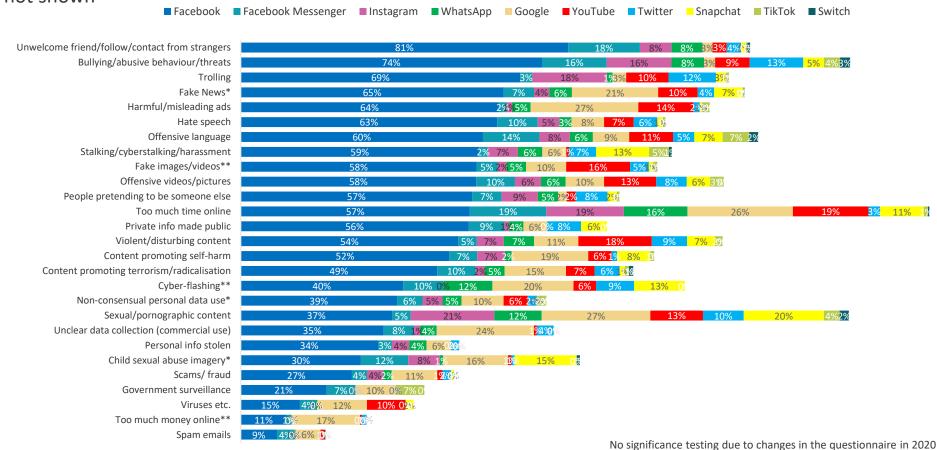


# Potentially negative experiences are encountered on a range of sites and platforms, with social media sites being most commonly mentioned





Places where potential online harm was experienced (specific source\*). \*smaller "other" sources and DK not shown



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C7 Which site or service were you using when you came across your most recent experience of (XXX)?

Base: All adult internet users who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases between 25 and 317)

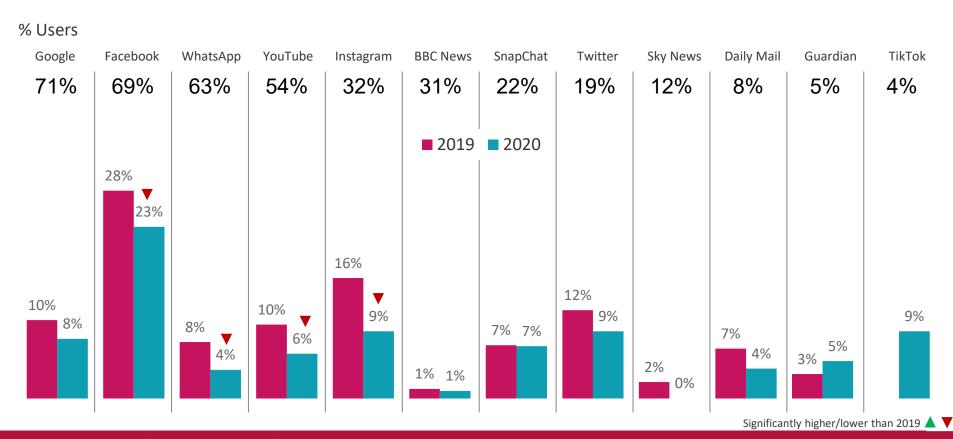


## The proportion of users who come across potentially negative experiences varies by platform





% Experienced potential harm on a platform they use



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" March 2019

Question: C7 Which site or service were you using when you came across your most recent experience of (XXX)?

Base: All adult internet users of X (bases 101-1443)

E4. Which, if any, of the following sites or apps do you use nowadays? Base: All adult internet users (2005)

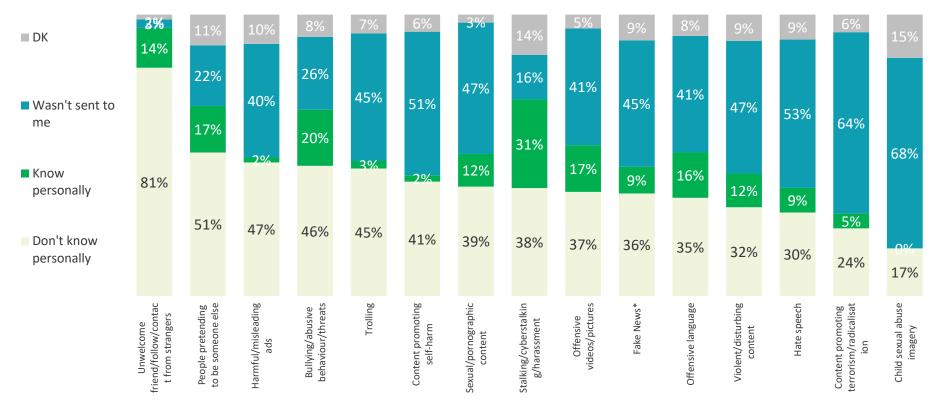


## 1 in 3 of those that experienced stalking/cyberstalking knew the person harassing them





#### Individual responsible for potential harm experienced



No significance testing due to changes in the questionnaire in 2020

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? C8) And was your most recent experience of [INSERT CODE FROM C4] sent to you by someone you know personally or someone you don't know personally?



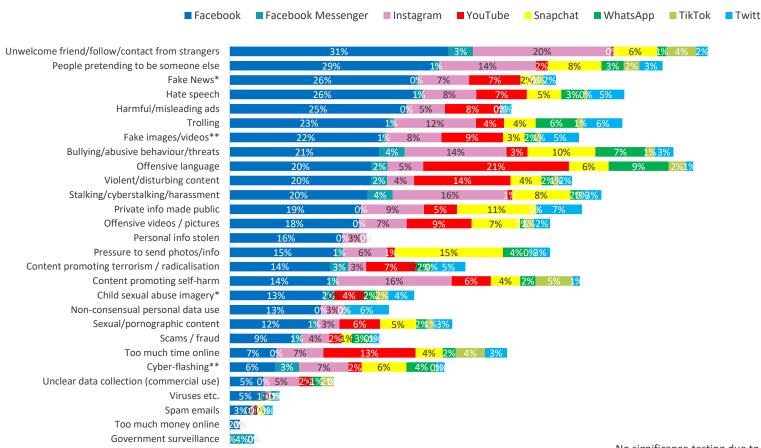
## Potentially negative experiences are commonly encountered on social media sites





Places where potential online harm was experienced (specific source\*).

\*smaller "other" sources and DK not shown



No significance testing due to changes in the questionnaire in 2020

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C7 Which site or service were you using when you came across your most recent experience of (XXX)?

Base: All children 12-15 who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases 27\*-377)

\*Wording changed in 2020. \*\*New statement added 2020

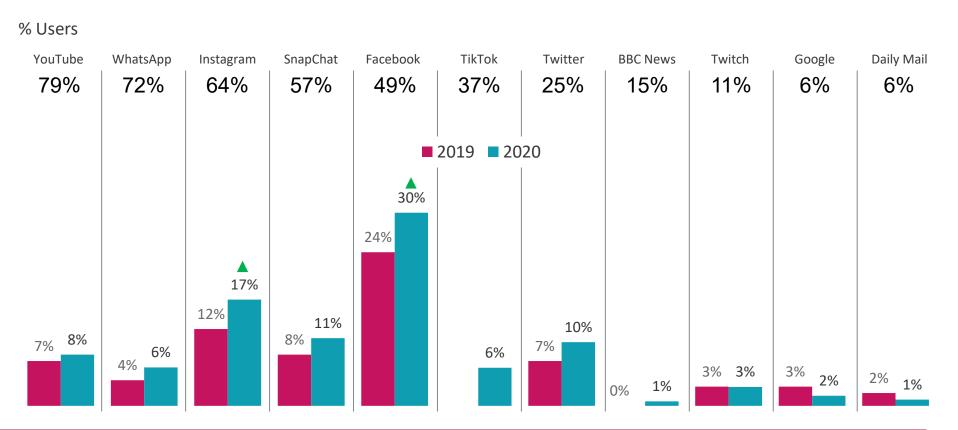


## The proportion of users who come across potentially negative experiences varies by platform





#### % Experienced potential harm on a platform they use



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" March 2019

Question: C7 Which site or service were you using when you came across your most recent experience of (XXX)?

B6. Which, if any, of the following sites or apps do you use nowadays? Base: All children 12-15 (1001)

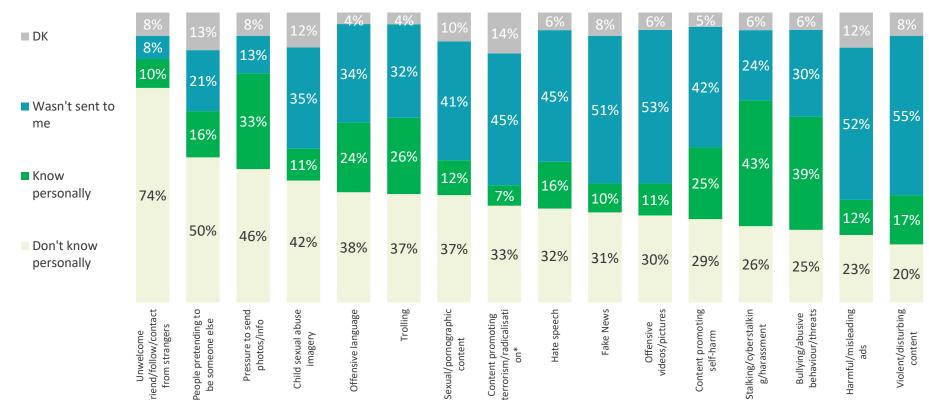


## 2 in 5 of those that experienced stalking/cyberstalking or bullying knew the person that was harassing/bullying them





#### Individual responsible for potential harm experienced



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: C4) Which, if any, of the following things have you come across on the internet in the last 12 months? C8) And was your most recent experience of [INSERT CODE FROM C4] sent to you by someone you know personally or someone you don't know personally?\*\*

Base: All children 12-15 who have experienced and are concerned about X (bases 27\*-377) \*CAUTION LOW BASE (<50).





# Section 4 Reporting potentially harmful online experiences

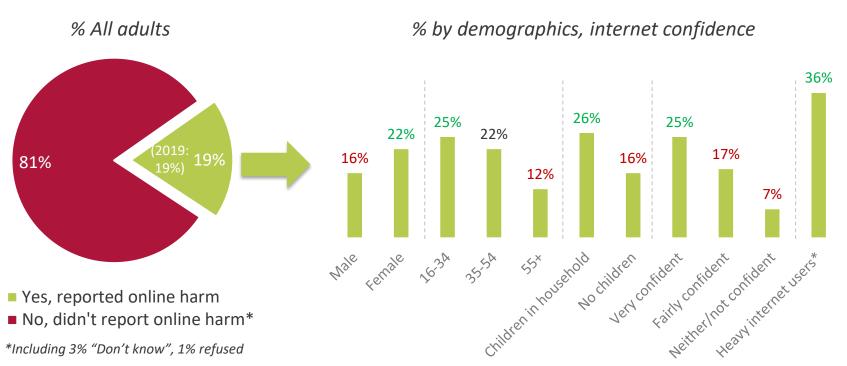


As in 2019, 1 in 5 (19%) adults have taken action to report potentially harmful content they have seen online. 16-34's, females, those with children in the household, confident and heavy internet users are more likely to take action





Ever reported anything seen online you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A







Question: D1) Have you ever taken action to report anything you have seen on the internet that you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful? Base: All adult internet users 2020 (2080) 2019 (2057)



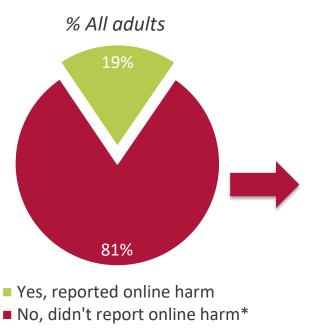
A third (33%) of those who didn't report say they hadn't seen anything to report, while 1 in 7 'couldn't be bothered' and

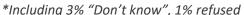


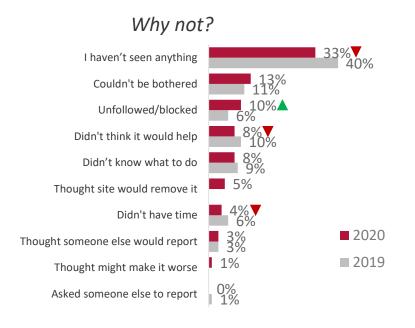


a further 1 in 12 'didn't think it would help'. 1 in 10 who unfollowed/blocked thought they hadn't taken action to protect themselves, when they actually had.

Ever reported anything seen online you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful







Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



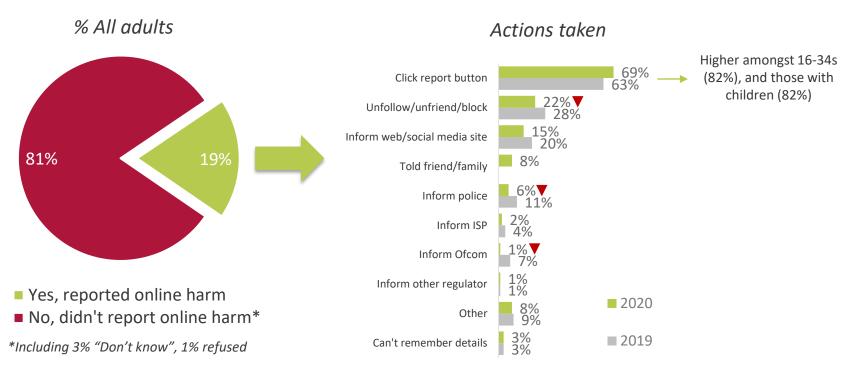


Clicking on the report button has increased and remains the most common action taken (69%), followed by unfollowing/ unfriending/blocking (22%) and informing the site (15%)





Ever reported anything seen online you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





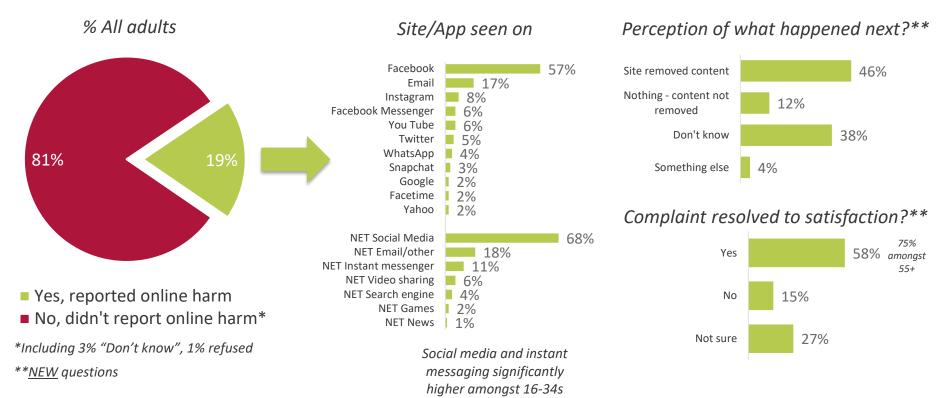
Nearly 7 in 10 of the people who reported an online harm experienced it on social media. Almost half thought the content was removed but significant proportions remain unaware of what half





was removed but significant proportions remain unaware of what happened as a result of their reporting

Ever reported anything seen online you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020 & March 2019

Question: D1) Have you ever taken action to report anything you have seen on the internet that you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful? Base: All adult internet users 2020 (2080) 2019 (2057).

D1b) On which site(s) or app(s) did you see the offensive, disturbing or harmful content that you reported? D2b. What happened when you reported? D2c. Was your complaint resolved to your satisfaction? Base: those who reported 2020 (475)

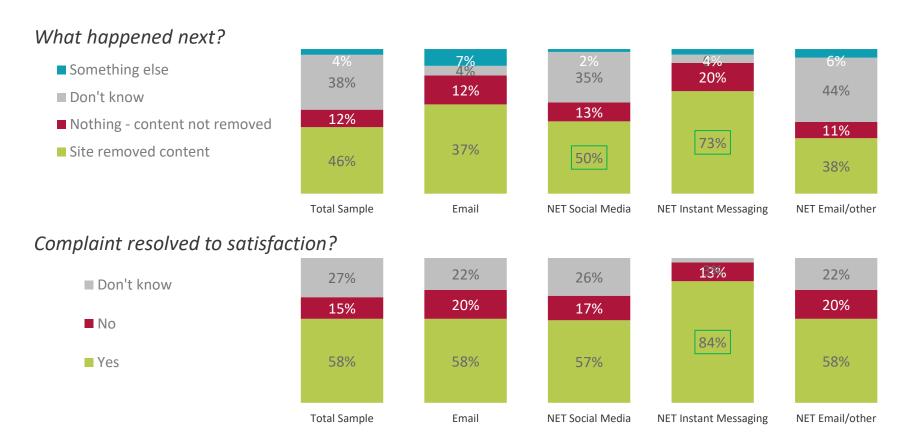


Instant messaging websites/apps were most likely to have removed content and these were the types of websites/apps with the highest levels of complaint resolution





Complaint resolution by website/app or type of website/app



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020 & March 2019

D1b) On which site(s) or app(s) did you see the offensive, disturbing or harmful content that you reported? D2b. What happened when you reported? D2c. Was your complaint resolved to your satisfaction? Base: those who reported 2020 (475) content seen on



Almost 1 in 3 12-15's have now taken action to report potentially harmful online content. C2DE's and those who have visited lots of new sites in the past month are more likely to take action





Ever reported anything seen online you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020 & March 2019



A quarter of those who didn't report harm say they hadn't seen anything to report, while 1 in 7 'didn't think it would help' and

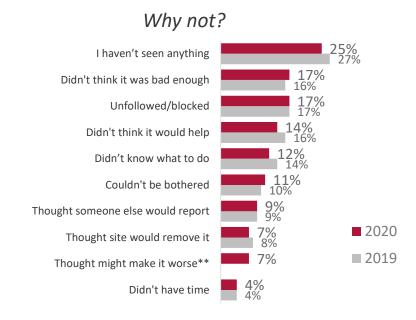




1 in 8 didn't know what to do. 1 in 7 who unfollowed/blocked thought they hadn't taken action to protect themselves, when they actually had

Ever reported anything seen online you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful





Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



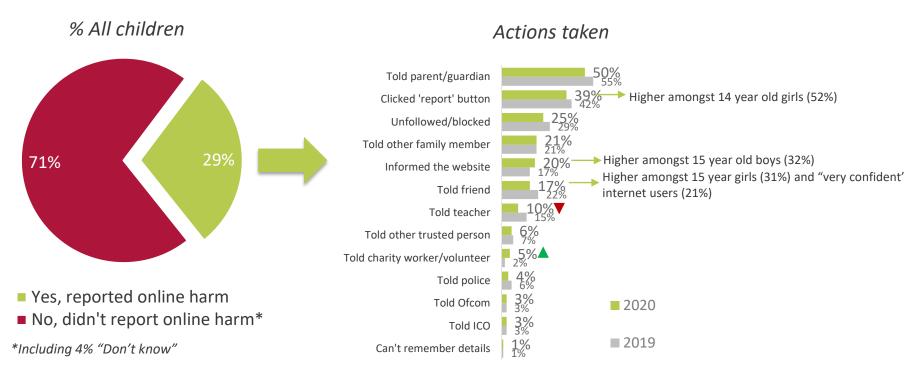


Telling a parent (50%), then clicking on the report button (39%) are the most common actions taken, followed by unfollowing/blocking (25%)





Ever reported anything seen online you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



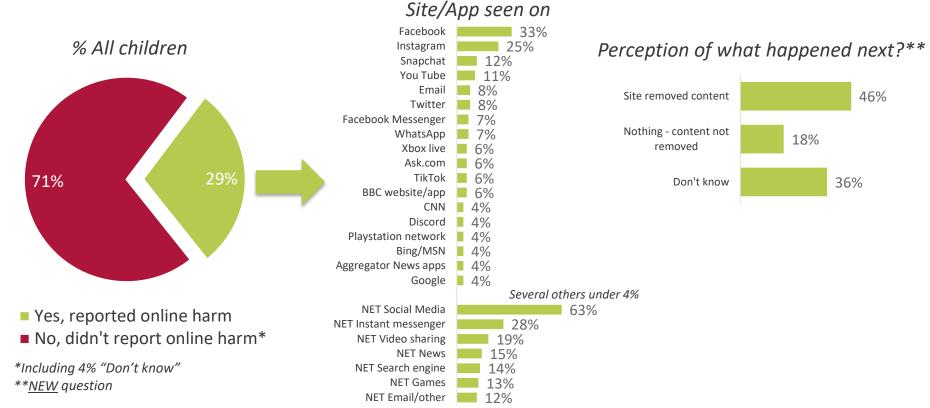


Almost 2 in 3 12-15s who reported online harm said the incident Ofcom happened on social media. Content was removed in almost half of cases but significant proportions remain unaware of what happened as a result of their reporting





Ever reported anything seen online you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020 & March 2019

Question: D1) Have you ever taken action to report anything you have seen on the internet that you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful? Base: All children 12-15 2020 (2001), 2019 (1001).

D1b) On which site(s) or app(s) did you see the offensive, disturbing or harmful content that you reported? Base: those who reported 2020 (578). D2b. What happened when you reported? D2c. Base: those who reported via report button/informing website/police/Ofcom/ICO or charity worker 2020 (337).



98



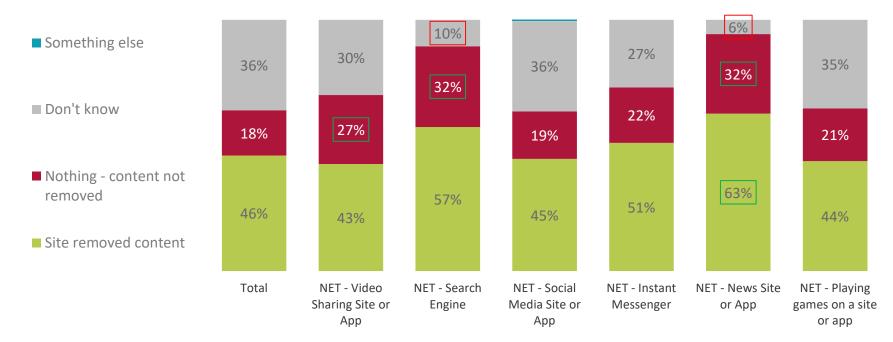
News sites/apps and search engines most likely to either remove <u>or</u> not remove the content (fewer children did not know what happened in these situations)





Complaint resolution by website/app or type of website/app

#### What happened next?



D1b) On which site(s) or app(s) did you see the offensive, disturbing or harmful content that you reported? D2b. What happened when you reported?

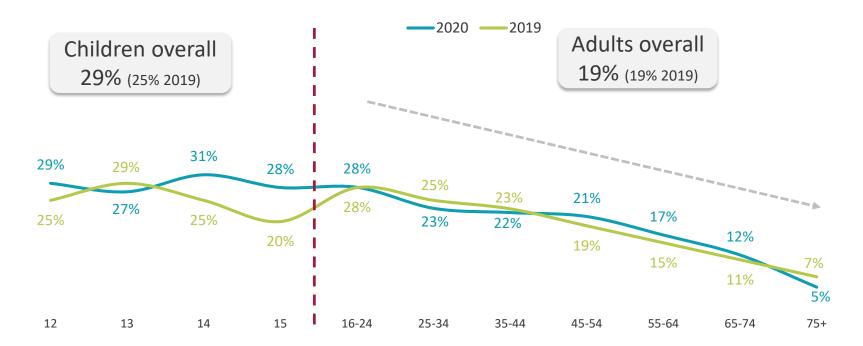


The proportions reporting potential harms is largely consistent across 12-15 year olds. The incidence of adults reporting reduces significantly with age





Ever reported something seen online that you thought was offensive, disturbing or harmful?







# Section 5 Attitudes towards regulation and internet brands



More adults think there are regulations for SVOD, social media, IM and video sharing sites than in 2019. This is possibly due to



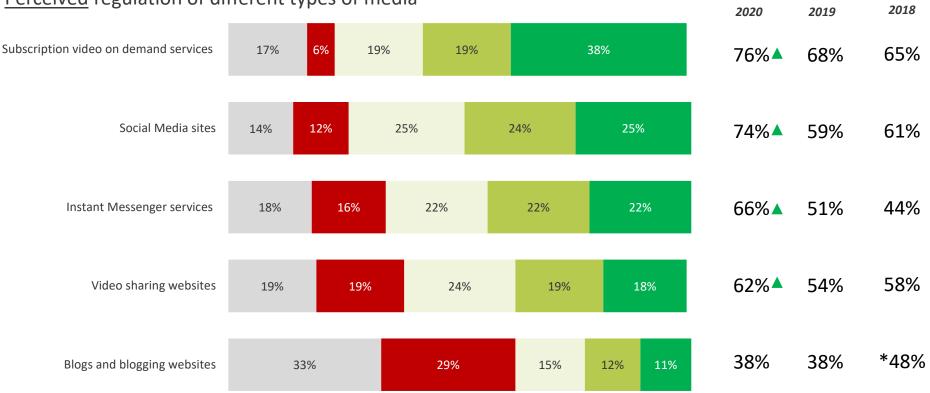


% Some form of rules/regs

## media coverage about something *needing* to be done and people now

thinking something is being done

Perceived regulation of different types of media



■ Don't know ■ There are no restrictions ■ Each company sets own rules (T&Cs) ■ Companies worked together set up industry body ■ Watchdog or regulator with legal powers

Significantly higher/lower extstyle extstyl







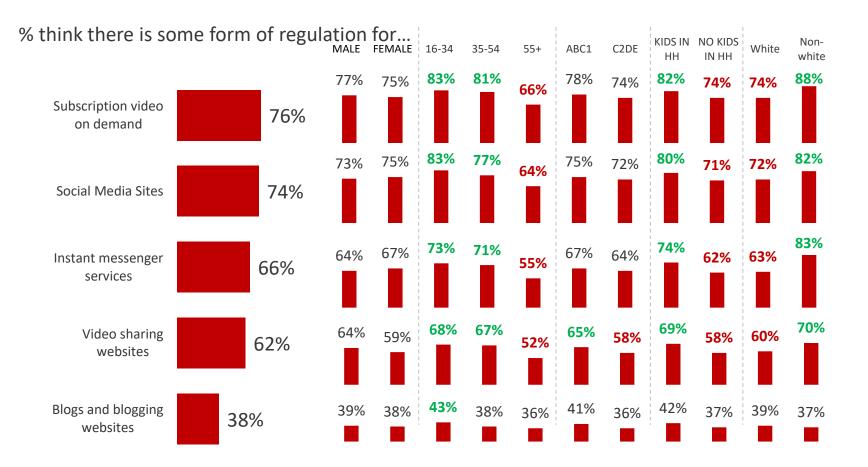
Question: E2) I'm now going to read out different types of media and for each please tell me which one statement best describes your understanding of the level of regulation in the UK?



## 16-54s, with children in household and non-white respondents are more likely to feel there is some form of regulation in place







Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



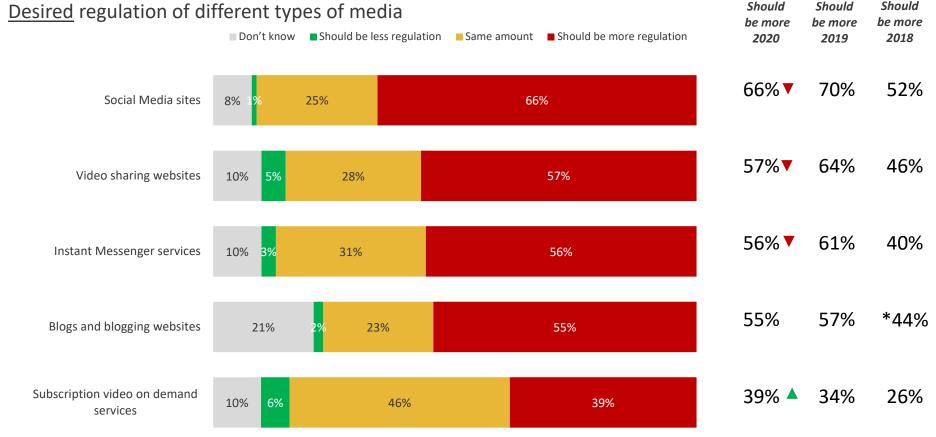


There is a high level of support for increased regulation across social media, video sharing and IM – although the level of support is lower than that observed at the start of 2019





(NB: more people now think there is already regulation in this space)



Significantly higher/lower  $\blacktriangle$   $\blacktriangledown$ 



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: E3) And for each type of media, do you think that there should be more, less or about the same amount of regulation as there is today?

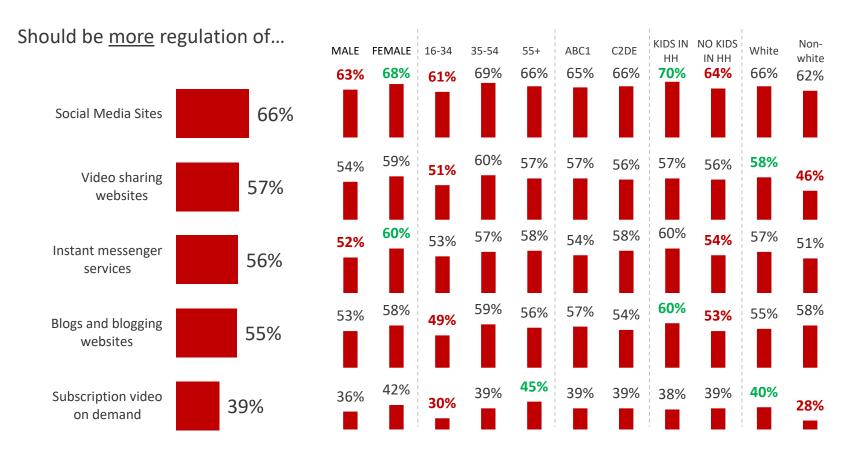
Base: All adult internet users 2020 (2080) 2019 (2057)



Females and those with children in household are generally more likely to want more regulation. Younger age groups are generally less likely to want more regulation.







Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



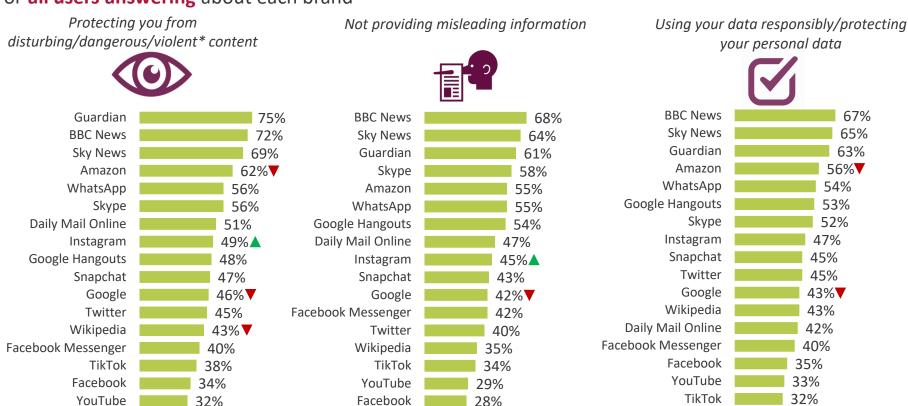


## News sites tend to be most trusted, whereas Social media and video sharing sites are least trusted





% agreeing they <u>trust</u> (Top 2 box) brand for... For **all users answering** about each brand



Trust is lowest amongst Light internet users (2 hours or less online, weekday or weekend), Low confidence online, 55+ years old, C2DE

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



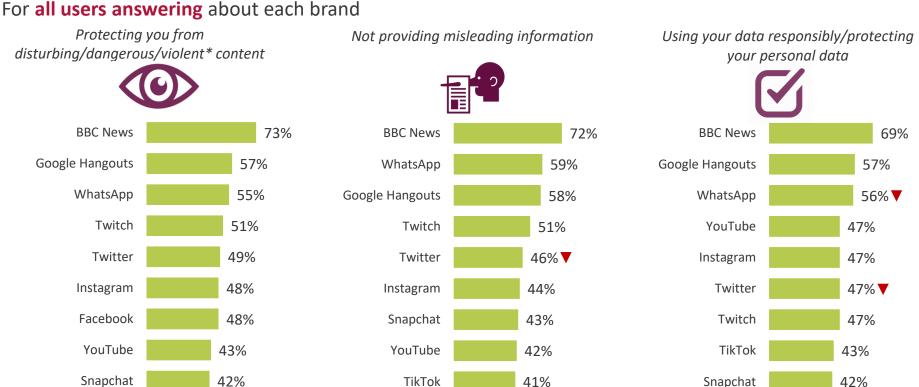


#### Social media and video sharing sites are also least trusted among 12-15s





% agreeing they trust (Top 2 box) brand for...



"Google" changed to "Google Hangouts" in 2020

TikTok

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A

Snapchat

Facebook



42%

40%

Facebook

41%

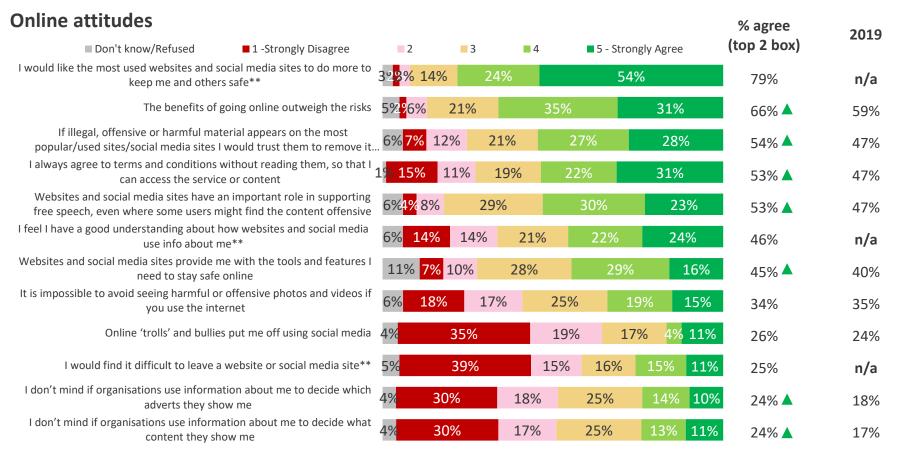
40%



### Although two-thirds of adults feel the benefits of going online outweigh the risks, almost 8 in 10 would like websites to do more to keep them and others safe







Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: E1) On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Strongly disagree and 5 means Strongly agree, please tell me how much you agree or disagree with the following statements.

Base: All adult internet users 2020 (2080) 2019 (2057)



### Those aged 55+, without children in the household and certain regions are less likely to agree with the statements







Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: E1) On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Strongly disagree and 5 means Strongly agree, please tell me how much you agree or disagree with the following statements.

Base: All adult internet users 2020 (2080) 2019 (2057)

\*\*New statement for 2020

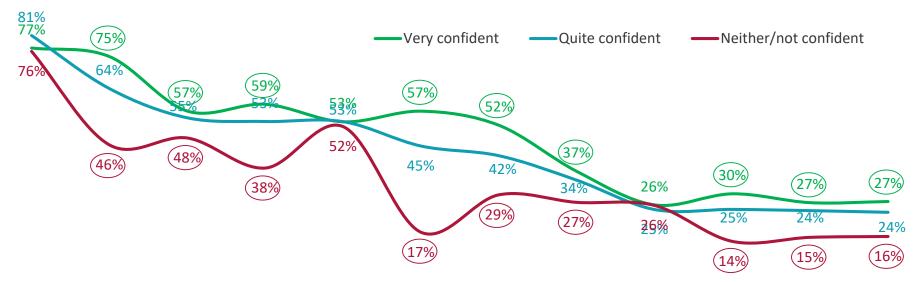


### There is a clear link between the perceived level of internet confidence and most attitudes





#### Online attitudes



I'd like the most used sites to do more to keep me and others safe\*\*

going online outweigh the risks

The benefits of If illegal, offensive Sites have an I always agree to or harmful material appears supporting free on the most popular / used

sites I would trust

them to remove

it quickly

important role in Ts&Cs without speech

reading them

understanding about how sites use info. about me to decide which adverts / content to show me\*\*

I have a good

Sites provide me It's impossible to Online 'trolls' and I'd find it difficult with the tools and features I need to stay safe offensive photos

online

avoid seeing harmful / using social media and videos if you

use the internet

I don't mind if bullies put me off to leave a site if I orgs. use info. wanted to\*\* about me to decide what content they show me

I don't mind if orgs. use info. about me to decide which adverts they show me

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: E1) On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Strongly disagree and 5 means Strongly agree, please tell me how much you agree or disagree with the following statements.

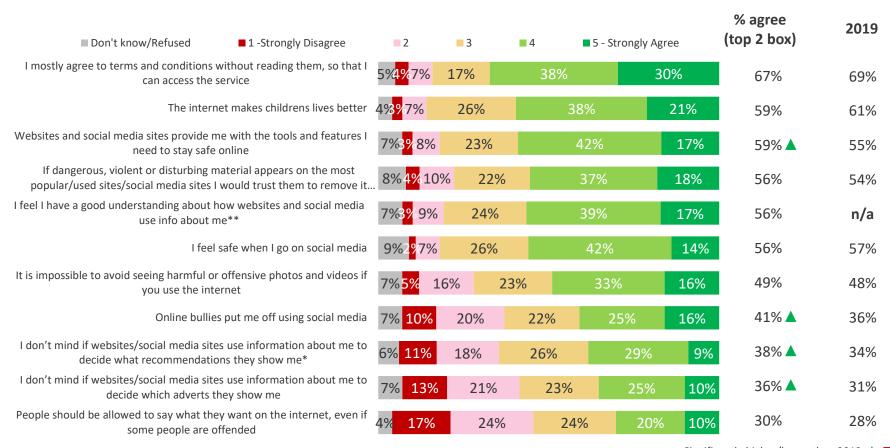


3 in 5 12-15 year olds believe the internet makes children's lives Ofcom better – however, only half (56%) feel safe to go on social media making communications work and 2 in 5 are put off using social media by online bullies





#### Online attitudes



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



Question: E1) On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Strongly disagree and 5 means Strongly agree, please tell me how much you agree or disagree with the following statements.

Base: All children 12-15 2020 (2001), 2019 (1001)

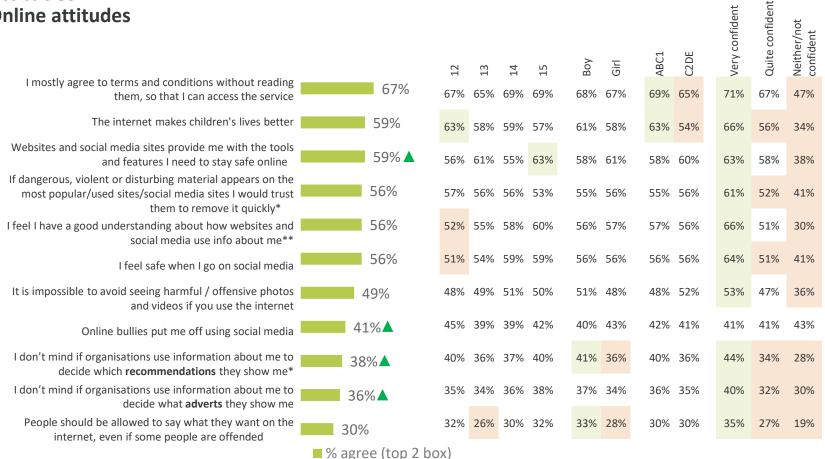


12 year olds and ABC1s are more likely to agree that the internet makes children's lives better. There is a clear link between the perceived level of internet confidence and most attitudes





Online attitudes



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: E1) On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Strongly disagree and 5 means Strongly agree, please tell me how much you agree or disagree with the following statements.

Base: All children 12-15 2020 (2001), 2019 (1001)

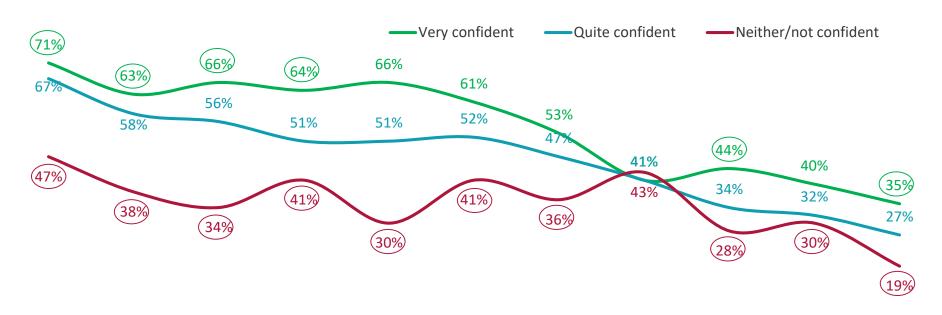


# There is a clear link between the perceived level of internet confidence and most attitudes





#### Online attitudes



I mostly agree to Websites and social The internet makes I feel safe when I I feel I have a good If dangerous, It is impossible to Online bullies put I don't mind if I don't mind if People should be media sites provide children's lives go on social media me off using social terms and understanding violent or avoid seeing organisations use organisations use allowed to say conditions without me with the tools better about how disturbing material harmful / offensive media information about information about what they want on reading them, so and features I need websites and social appears on the photos and videos me to decide which me to decide what the internet, even that I can access to stay safe online media use info most popular/used if you use the recommendations adverts they show if some people are the service about me\*\* sites/social media internet they show me\* me offended sites I would trust

them to remove it quickly\*

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: E1) On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means Strongly disagree and 5 means Strongly agree, please tell me how much you agree or disagree with the following statements.

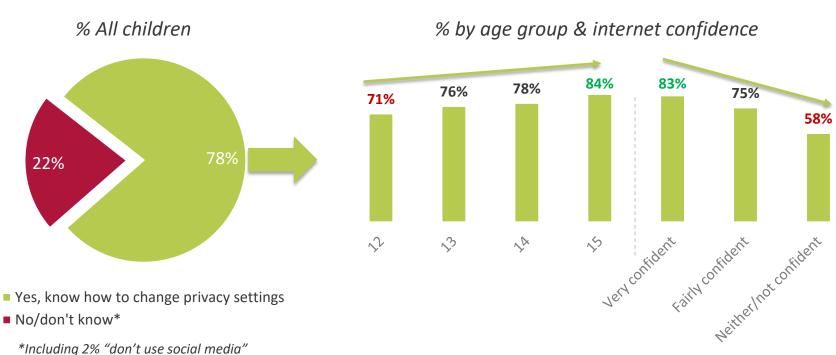


More than three quarters of children (78%) know how to change OFCOTT the privacy settings on social media accounts. This is correlated with increasing age and higher levels of internet confidence



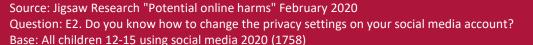


Know how to change the privacy settings on social media account?



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





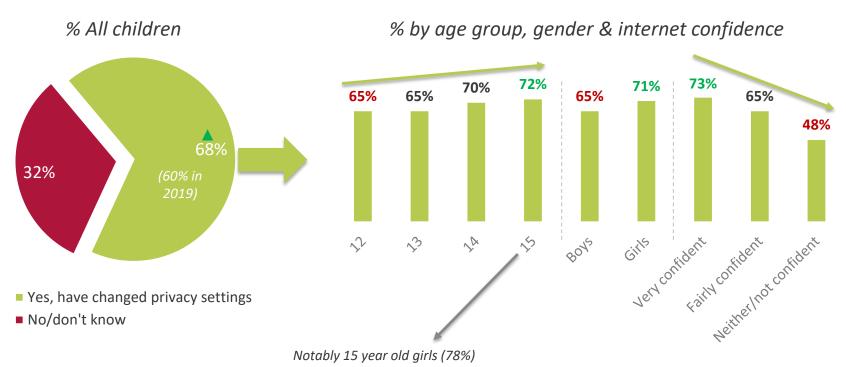


More than two thirds of children (68%) have actually changed the privacy settings on social media accounts. Again, this is correlated with increasing age and higher levels of internet confidence. Girls are more likely than boys to have changed their privacy settings.





Ever changed privacy settings on social media account



Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





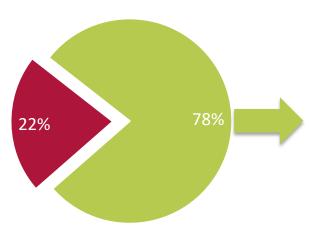
### 84% of those who know how to change their privacy settings on their social media account have done so





Know how to change the privacy settings on social media account?

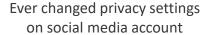
% All children

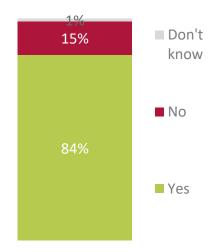


Yes, know how to change privacy settings

■ No/don't know\*

\*Including 2% "don't use social media"





Significantly higher/lower 🔺 🔻







# Section 6 Bad news stories about sites/apps

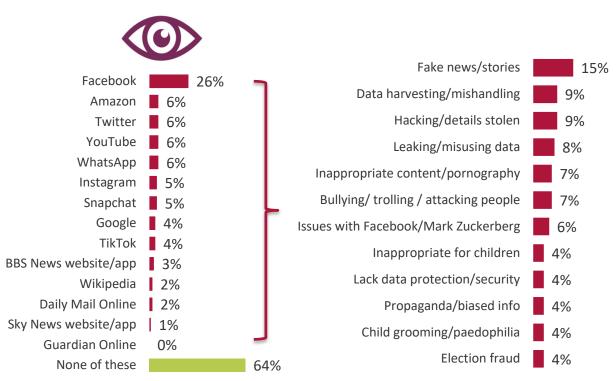


More than a third (36%) of adults have seen at least one bad news stories about any of the listed websites/apps in the past year.





% seen any bad news stories about...



<sup>\*</sup>Several "other" mentions under 4% response not shown here

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

NEW QUESTIONS FOR 2020

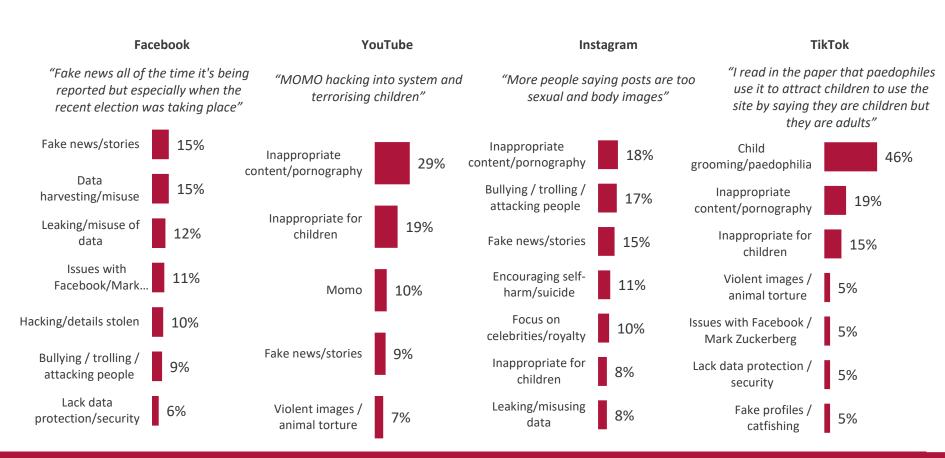


# Most of the sites we asked about were associated with stories related to fake news





#### Top "bad news" cited for individual websites/apps



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

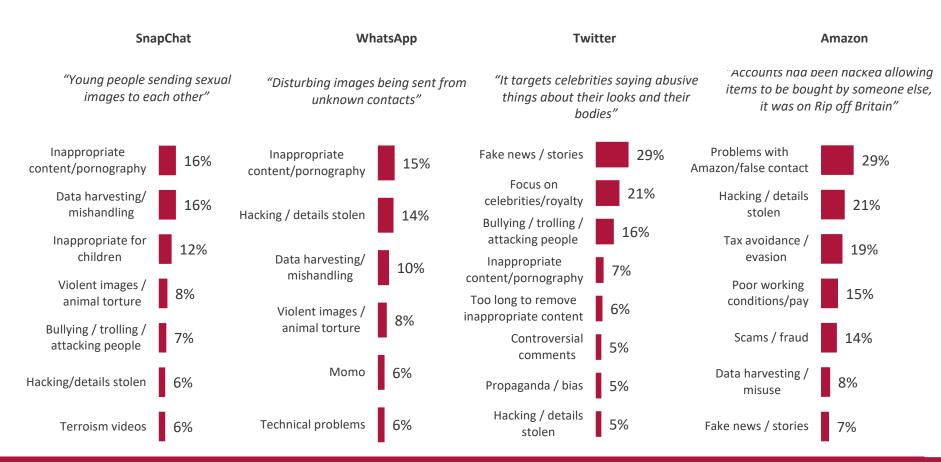


# Stories about inappropriate content and the conduct of other users also came out strongly





#### Top "bad news" cited for individual websites/apps



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020



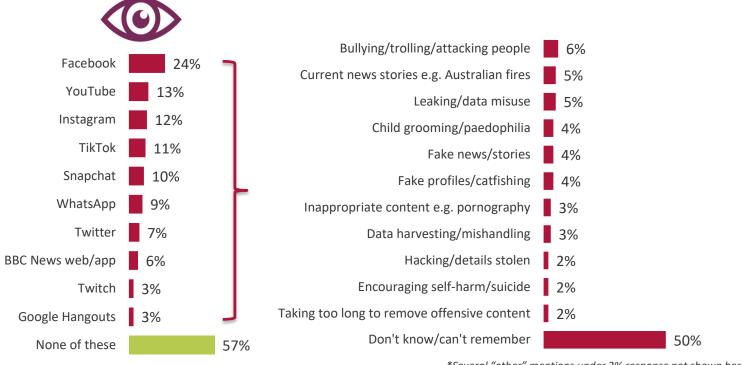
More than two thirds (43%) of children claim to have seen at least one bad news story about the listed sites/apps in the past year.





Note: Some might have misunderstood this question as bad news stories they <u>saw</u> on sites/apps rather than <u>about</u> sites/apps

% seen any bad news stories about...



\*Several "other" mentions under 2% response not shown here

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: E6a. Have you seen any bad news stories about any of these sites or apps during the past 12 months? Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

E6b. What bad news story (or stories) have you seen about (website/app)? Base: All answering, randomly selected from a brand chosen at E6a (open ended n=853). NEW QUESTIONS FOR 2020

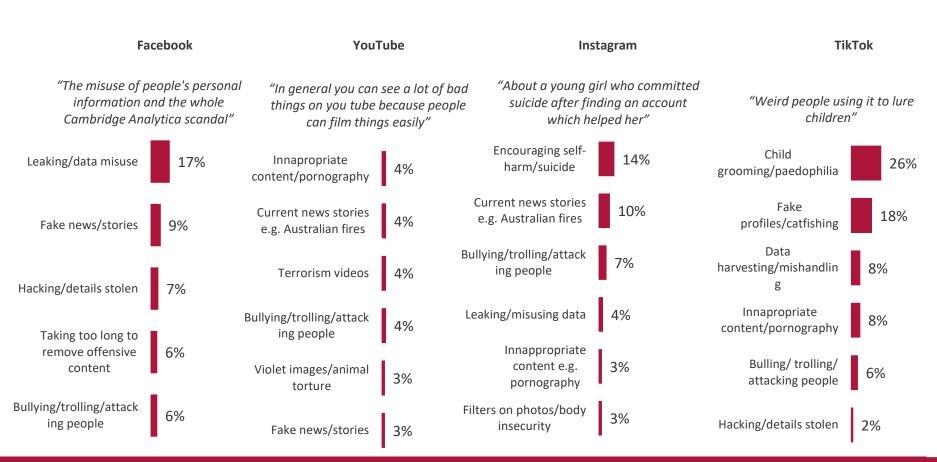


Stories about content/conduct harms come through more strongly among 12-15s than adults, but stories around fake news are less prominent





Top "bad news" cited for individual websites/apps



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: E6a. Have you seen any bad news stories about any of these sites or apps during the past 12 months? Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

E6b. What bad news story (or stories) have you seen about (website/app)? Base: All answering, randomly selected from a brand chosen at E6a (open ended). Facebook (170), Instagram (84), YouTube (87), TikTok (93). NEW QUESTIONS FOR 2020



# Stories around bullying/trolling/abusive behaviour come through more strongly among 12-15s than adults





#### Top "bad news" cited for individual websites/apps



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: E6a. Have you seen any bad news stories about any of these sites or apps during the past 12 months? Base: All children 12-15 (2001)

E6b. What bad news story (or stories) have you seen about (website/app)? Base: All answering, randomly selected from a brand chosen at E6a (open ended). Snapchat (83), WhatsApp (81), Twitter (79), Twitch (53). NEW QUESTIONS FOR 2020





# Technical appendix

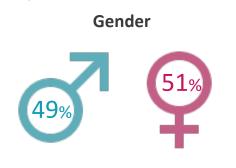


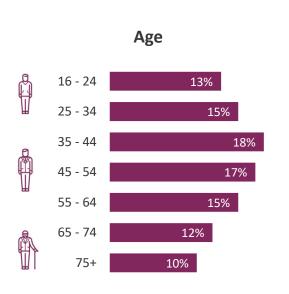
### Adult sample profile

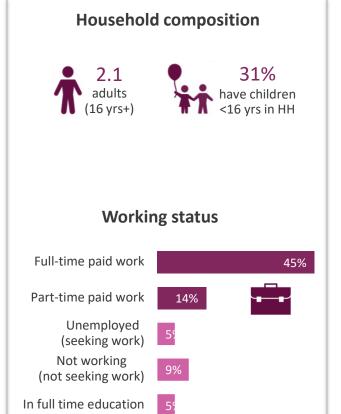




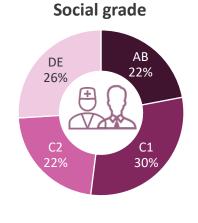
Jigsaw employed a random location quota sampling approach, with quotas set to be representative of the UK adult population based on 2018 ONS/NOMIS population estimates and, for SEG, 2011 Census data. All participants were internet users.







Retired





Annual household income

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

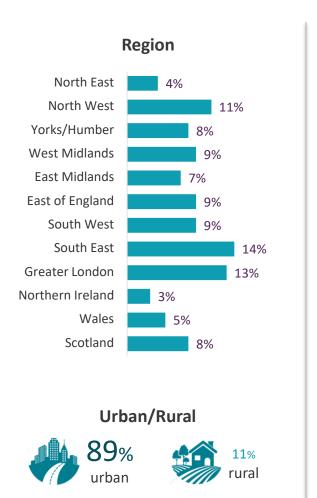
Question: A2, A3, A5, F1, F2, F5, F10 Base: All adult internet users (2080)

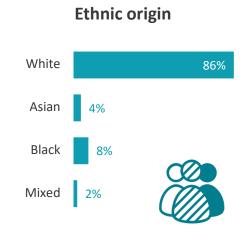


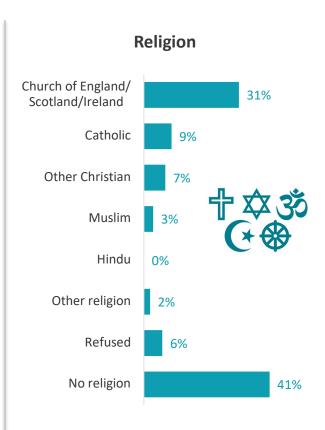
# Adult sample profile











Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: A7, F6, F7

Base: All adult internet users (2080)

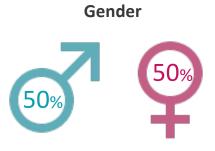


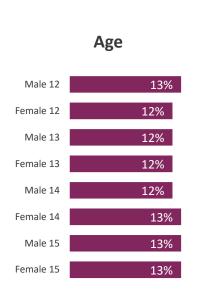
## 12-15 year old sample profile

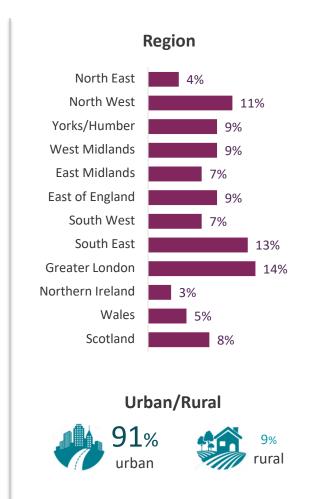
Jigsaw employed a quota sampling approach, with quotas set to be broadly representative of UK 12-15 year olds. All participants were internet users.

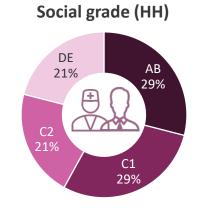
















Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question:

Base: All children 12-15 (2001), region (1905)





# **Confidence Online**

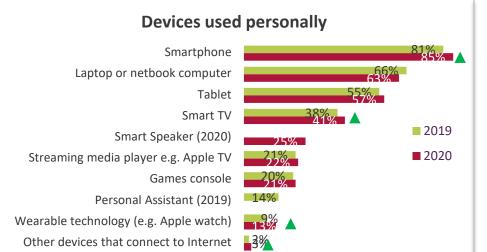


# Two fifths of UK adults feel as though they are confident Internet users (same as last year)



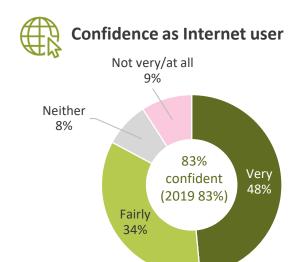


All adult internet users



Males more likely than females to use streaming media player, games console, wearable technology. Females more likely than males to use smartphone, tablet

Most devices associated with younger profiles (<55), higher social grades (ABC1), the presence of children in the HH and being very confident online.



Very confident internet users are more likely to be male, younger, ABC1, with children in HH and not class themselves as having a disability.

They are more likely to have visited lots of new sites/apps and to have ever reported online harm

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





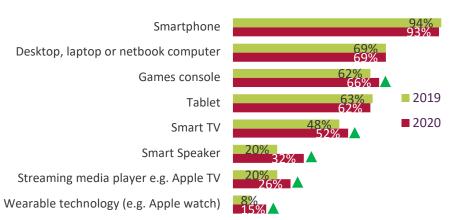
# More than 9 in 10 (94%) of 12-15 year olds feel confident **Ofcom** online (no change since 2019)





All children 12-15





Boys more likely than girls to use game console (80% vs. 52%),

Girls more likely to have smartphone than boys (95% vs. 91%) or tablet (65% vs. 59%)

ABC1 more likely than C2DE to use:

Desktop/laptop (74% vs. 62%)

Tablet (65% vs. 57%)

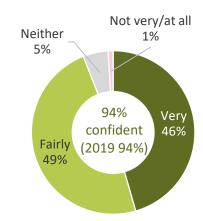
Smart TV (55% vs. 46%)

Smart speakers (35% vs. 28%)

Streaming media player (29% vs. 21%)

Smart watch (19% vs. 11%)

#### Confidence as Internet user



Boys more likely to describe themselves as VERY confident than girls (49% vs. 43%)

Confidence increases with age. 39% of 12 year olds VERY confident compared with 45% of 13, 47% of 14 and 51% of 15 year olds

Confidence also correlated with increasing time spent online:

- Weekdays 36% of those spending 2 hours or less say they are VERY confident, rising to 59% of those spending 10+
- Weekends 33% of those spending 2 hours or less say they are VERY confident, rising to 64% of those spending 10+

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: B3) Do you use any of the following devices? B4) Overall, how confident are you as an internet user?

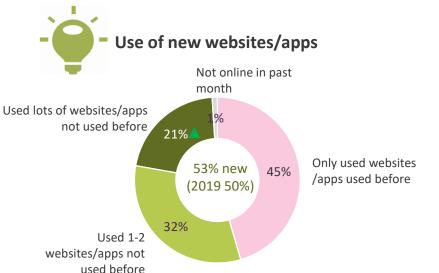
Base: All children 12-15 2020 (2001), 2019 (1001)



# 45% of UK adults only used websites they've previously used before in the last month. Two thirds are on Facebook for everyone



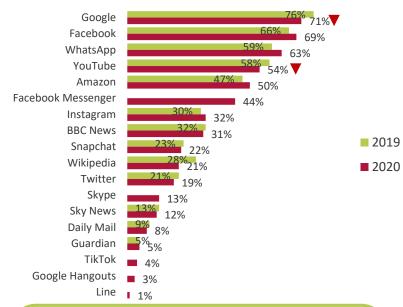




The 21% (up from 16% in 2019) who have used lots of new websites/apps are more likely than average to:

- Be aged <35 (40% vs. 28% total)
- Say they are VERY confident internet users (72% vs. 48%)
- Have come across any "harms" on the internet (71% vs. 62%)
- Agree that the "benefits of going online outweigh the risks" (77% vs. 66%)

#### Sites/apps used nowadays



- Females more likely than males to use Facebook/ Messenger, Instagram and Snapchat. Males more likely than females to use Sky News
- 55+ far less likely to use any social media and more likely to use BBC News. 16-24s are the highest users of social media
- ABC1 more likely than C2DE to use Google, WhatsApp, Amazon, Instagram, BBC, Wikipedia, Twitter, Skype and The Guardian

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A



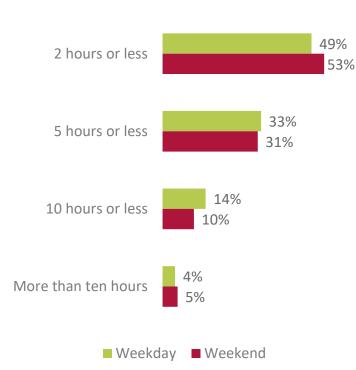


Half of adults spend more than two hours a day online on average. The most common activities are getting in touch with friends/family and online shopping

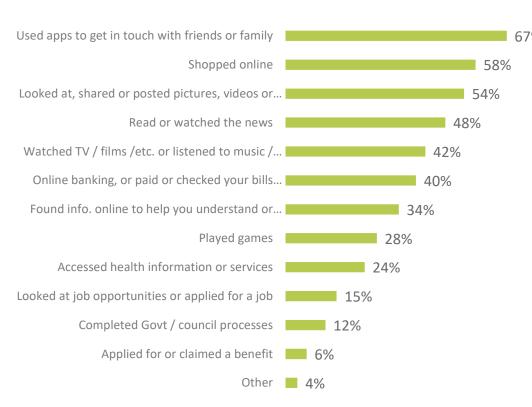




# Average daily time spent online



#### Online activities in the last week



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: B3b. On an average weekday, how long would you say you spend online? B3c. On an average day at the weekend, how long would you say you spend online? B3d. Which of these things have you done online in the last week?

Base: All adults 2020 (2080)



### Frequent users tend to be aged 16-54 and ABC1





#### Who are frequent users?

	Total	М	F	16 - 34	35 - 54	55+	ABC1	C2DE	Children in HH	No children in HH	White	Minority	Disability	No Disability	Greater London	Urban	Rural/ Remote
Base	2080	982	1098	625	715	740	1103	977	691	1379	1894	179	358	1118	151	1775	305
WEEKDAY																	
2 hours or less	49%	47%	52%	28%	41%	72%	42%	57%	40%	54%	53%	27%	61%	47%	24%	48%	57%
5 hours or less	33%	33%	32%	45%	36%	20%	34%	30%	40%	29%	32%	38%	26%	33%	35%	33%	26%
10 hours or less	14%	16%	13%	20%	18%	7%	17%	11%	16%	13%	12%	28%	8%	16%	31%	14%	12%
More than 10 hours	4%	5%	3%	7%	5%	2%	6%	2%	5%	4%	4%	7%	5%	5%	10%	4%	5%
WEEKEND																	
2 hours or less	53%	51%	56%	28%	51%	75%	50%	57%	45%	57%	55%	43%	59%	49%	44%	52%	61%
5 hours or less	31%	34%	29%	42%	36%	19%	33%	29%	36%	30%	31%	32%	28%	33%	27%	32%	25%
10 hours or less	10%	11%	10%	21%	9%	4%	11%	10%	13%	9%	9%	16%	9%	11%	15%	10%	10%
More than 10 hours	5%	5%	5%	10%	4%	2%	6%	4%	6%	5%	4%	9%	5%	6%	14%	5%	4%

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: B3b. On an average weekday, how long would you say you spend online? B3c. On an average day at the weekend, how long would you say you spend online? Base: All adults 2020 (2080)



### 16-54s, ABC1 and with kids in HH tend to be more active online





#### Who does what online?

	Total	M	F	16 - 34	35 - 54	55+	ABC1	C2DE	Children in HH	No children in HH	White	Minority	Disability	No Disability	Greater London	Urban	Rural/ Remote
Base	2080	982	1098	625	715	740	1103	977	691	1379	1894	179	358	1118	151	1775	305
Read/watch news	48%	52%	45%	43%	49%	52%	56%	41%	47%	49%	49%	48%	44%	51%	52%	48%	51%
TV/films/videos/ music	42%	47%	38%	64%	42%	27%	47%	38%	50%	39%	43%	39%	41%	46%	32%	42%	47%
Shopped online	58%	53%	62%	64%	62%	49%	63%	52%	66%	54%	58%	54%	51%	59%	51%	56%	69%
Played games	28%	31%	24%	48%	24%	15%	25%	31%	30%	27%	29%	20%	26%	28%	21%	28%	27%
Social media/messaging keep in touch	67%	64%	70%	82%	77%	46%	71%	63%	82%	60%	66%	74%	57%	73%	73%	68%	63%
Look/share/post	54%	51%	58%	70%	61%	37%	56%	53%	68%	48%	53%	63%	50%	59%	67%	55%	46%
Found info online	34%	35%	34%	41%	34%	30%	42%	26%	36%	34%	35%	28%	36%	39%	27%	34%	37%
Health info online	24%	21%	27%	18%	27%	25%	27%	20%	27%	23%	24%	24%	30%	25%	26%	23%	30%
Jobs online	15%	15%	16%	25%	18%	6%	16%	15%	17%	15%	15%	18%	13%	14%	17%	16%	15%
Benefits online	6%	6%	7%	10%	8%	2%	5%	8%	11%	4%	6%	10%	9%	5%	10%	7%	2%
Online banking	40%	38%	41%	41%	44%	35%	47%	31%	45%	37%	42%	26%	39%	47%	29%	38%	51%
Government processes	12%	15%	9%	11%	13%	12%	15%	9%	14%	11%	12%	14%	12%	13%	21%	12%	14%

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: B3d. Which of these things have you done online in the last week?

Base: All adults 2020 (2080)

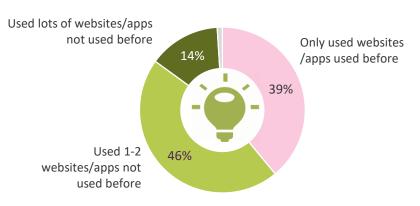


# City-dwelling AB children are more likely to have used websites/apps they've not used before.





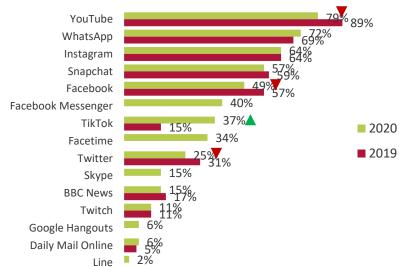
#### Use of new websites/apps



The 14% who have used lots of new websites/apps are more likely than average to:

- Be AB social grade (38% vs. 29% overall)
- Be in Greater London (21% vs. 14% overall) or other large cities (24% vs. 17% overall)
- Use lots of different devices (notably more likely than average to use games console, tablet, smart TV, smart speakers, streaming media player, smart watch)
- Be VERY confident internet users (67% vs. 46% overall)
- Spend 5+ hours on weekdays (29% vs. 19% overall) or weekends (54% vs. 41% overall)

#### Sites/apps used nowadays



- ABC1 more likely than C2DE to use WhatsApp, Skype, BBC
- C2DE more likely than ABC1 to use Snapchat, Facebook, Facebook Messenger, TikTok
- Scotland more likely to use Snapchat, Facebook, Facebook Messenger and Twitter
- London more likely to use Twitter, Skype, WhatsApp, BBC, Twitch, Google Hangouts, Daily Mail
- Girls more likely than boys to use WhatApp, Instagram, Snapchat, TikTok, Facetime
- Generally an age correlation greater usage of sites as get older

Significantly higher/lower than 2019 A





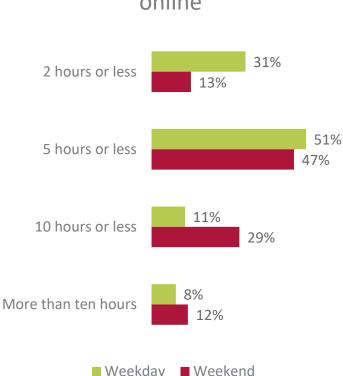


4 in 5 children (82%) spend five hours or less per weekday online. Their most common activities are watching video/ listening to music online, playing games online and using apps to get in touch with friends and family

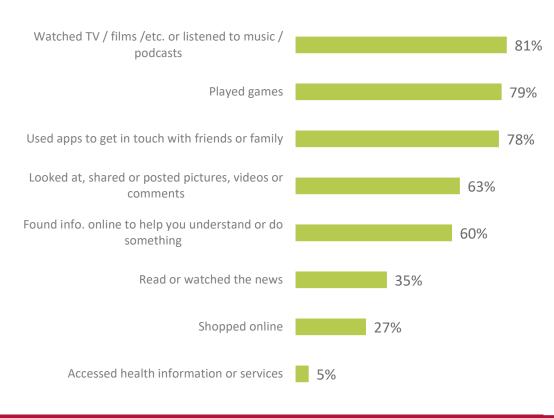




Average daily time spent online



#### Online activities in the last week



Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020

Question: B3b. On an average weekday, how long would you say you spend online? B3c. On an average day at the weekend, how long would you say you spend online? B3d. Which of these things have you done online in the last week?

Base: All children 12-15 2020 (2001)



### Frequent users tend to be aged 14 and 15 years of age





#### Who are frequent users?

	Total	ABC1	C2DE	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	Boys	Girls	Only used sites/apps used before	Visited 1-2 new sites/ apps	Visited lots of new sites/ apps	Taken action to report	Never taken action to report
Base	2001	1198	794	500	500	500	501	998	999	773	931	274	578	1340
WEEKDAY														
2 hours or less	31%	34%	27%	36%	32%	28%	27%	29%	32%	38%	28%	18%	23%	34%
5 hours or less	51%	50%	52%	50%	51%	52%	50%	51%	50%	47%	54%	53%	56%	49%
10 hours or less	11%	10%	12%	8%	11%	11%	14%	12%	10%	9%	10%	18%	14%	9%
More than 10 hours	8%	6%	9%	6%	7%	8%	9%	8%	7%	6%	7%	11%	7%	8%
WEEKEND														
2 hours or less	13%	14%	12%	16%	11%	12%	12%	12%	14%	18%	11%	4%	10%	15%
5 hours or less	47%	49%	43%	49%	49%	46%	42%	48%	46%	48%	47%	43%	44%	47%
10 hours or less	29%	28%	30%	27%	28%	27%	33%	30%	28%	26%	30%	34%	34%	27%
More than 10 hours	12%	10%	14%	8%	11%	15%	13%	10%	13%	8%	12%	20%	12%	11%

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: B3b. On an average weekday, how long would you say you spend online? B3c. On an average day at the weekend, how long would you say you spend online? Base: All children 2020 (2001)



14 and 15 year olds tend to be more active online. Girls tend to be more likely to use social media and shop online, making communications work for everyone whereas boys are more likely to game





#### Who does what online?

	Total	ABC1	C2DE	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	Boys	Girls	Only used sites/apps used before	Visited 1-2 new sites/ apps	Visited lots of new sites/ apps	Taken action to report	Never taken action to report
Base	2001	1198	794	500	500	500	501	998	999	773	931	274	578	1340
TV/films/videos/ music	81%	82%	81%	83%	81%	84%	78%	80%	83%	77%	84%	86%	83%	81%
Played games	79%	79%	80%	83%	80%	78%	76%	85%	73%	72%	83%	88%	80%	79%
Social media/messaging keep in touch	78%	79%	78%	67%	82%	81%	83%	75%	82%	71%	83%	88%	79%	79%
Look/share/post	63%	64%	62%	52%	63%	69%	67%	58%	68%	51%	69%	77%	65%	63%
Found info online	60%	64%	55%	55%	57%	66%	61%	59%	61%	50%	64%	72%	65%	59%
Read/watch news	35%	37%	32%	29%	32%	42%	37%	35%	36%	31%	34%	52%	43%	32%
Shopped online	27%	28%	26%	18%	21%	33%	35%	22%	32%	20%	28%	47%	32%	25%
Health info online	5%	5%	5%	4%	4%	7%	6%	5%	5%	3%	4%	17%	8%	4%

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: B3d. Which of these things have you done online in the last week?

Base: All children 2020 (2001)

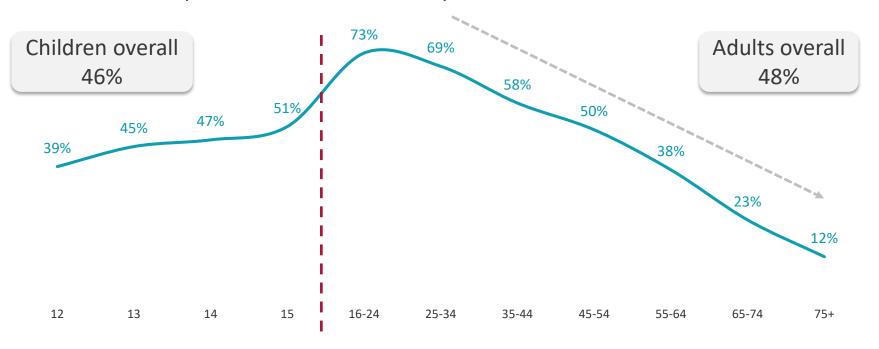


The most confident internet users tend to be aged between 16-34 (those likely to have been the first to grow up with the internet in home)





How confident are you as an internet user? – Very Confident





Very confident internet users are more likely 16-34's, ABC1s and OFCOM those with children in their household. They are more likely to have visited lots of new sites/apps and to have reported more potential harms





#### Who is a confident user?

	Total	M	F	16 - 34	35 - 54	55+	ABC1	C2DE	childr en in HH	No childr en in HH	Disability	No disability	Have not gone online	Only used sites/apps used before		Visited lots of new sites/ apps	Taken action to report	Never taken action to report
Very confident	48%	52%	45%	71%	54%	26%	57%	39%	63%	42%	28%	54%	5%	38%	49%	72% 	64%	45%
Fairly confident	34%	33%	36%	27%	33%	41%	34%	35%	29%	37%	38%	35%	3%	35%	41%	23%	30%	35%
Neither	8%	7%	9%	1%	7%	14%	5%	11%	4%	10%	13%	4%	10%	13%	5%	2%	3%	9%
Not confident	9%	8%	10%	2%	5%	19%	4%	15%	4%	12%	20%	6%	83%	14%	4%	2%	2%	11%

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" Feb 2020

Question: B2) Overall, how confident are you as an internet user?

Base: All adult internet users (2080)



12-15 year olds who class themselves as 'very confident' are more likely to be older, boys, and those that have visited lots of new sites/apps in the last month





#### Who is a confident user?

	Total	ABC1	C2DE	12 years	13 years	14 years	15 years	Boys	Girls	Only used sites/apps used before	Visited 1-2 new sites/ apps	Visited lots of new sites/ apps	Taken action to report	Never taken action to report
Very confident	46%	46%	46%	39%	45%	47%	51%	49%	43%	40%	44%	67%	47%	46%
Fairly confident	49%	50%	47%	53%	50%	48%	44%	44%	53%	52%	51%	31%	47%	50%
Neither	5%	4%	5%	6%	4%	5%	4%	6%	3%	6%	4%	2%	5%	4%
Not confident	1%	1%	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%

Source: Jigsaw Research "Potential online harms" February 2020 Question: B4) Overall, how confident are you as an internet user?

Base: All children 12-15 (2001)