Annex 5 - Regulatory Accounting Guidelines (RAG) (changes marked up)

SCHEDULE

Regulatory Accounting Guidelines (RAG) Issue 5

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Section 1: Purpose

- 1.1 The <u>USPAC Condition</u> imposes on <u>Royal Mail</u> (as the universal service provider_designated by <u>OFCOM</u>) various obligations under section 39 of the <u>Act</u>. Pursuant to powers in the <u>USPAC Condition</u>, <u>OFCOM</u> are empowered from time to time to give such directions as they consider appropriate in relation to <u>Royal Mail</u>—
 - (a) maintaining a separation for accounting purposes between such different matters as <u>OFCOM</u> may direct for such purposes as they may direct, including separation in relation to different services, facilities or products or in relation to services, facilities or products provided in different areas as well as the accounting methods to be used in maintaining the separation;
 - (b) complying with rules made by <u>OFCOM</u> in relation to those matters about the identification of costs and cost orientation, including the application of presumptions in the fixing and determination of costs and charges for any purpose as well as the publication of such accounts and other information relating to anything required to be done by <u>OFCOM</u> in this regard;
 - (c) complying with rules made by <u>OFCOM</u> about the use of cost accounting systems in relation to those matters, including the application of presumptions in the fixing and determination of costs and charges for any purpose as well as the publication of such accounts and other information relating to anything required to be done by <u>OFCOM</u> in this regard;
 - securing that <u>Royal Mail</u>'s compliance with those systems is audited annually by a <u>Qualified Independent Auditor</u>, including <u>Royal Mail</u> meeting the costs of the audit; and
 - (e) otherwise in relation to <u>Royal Mail</u>'s obligations under the <u>USPAC Condition</u>.
- 1.2 Pursuant to the obligation in USPAC 1.2.3 on <u>Royal Mail</u> to comply with any direction given by <u>OFCOM</u> from time to time under it, the regulatory requirements in any direction (including in these Guidelines) are enforceable via the USPAC Condition in accordance with the relevant procedures in the Act.
- 1.3 By definition in the <u>USPAC Condition</u>, the "Regulatory Accounting Guidelines" means the document so entitled and published by <u>OFCOM</u> (as amended from time to time) setting out such requirements as <u>OFCOM</u> may direct from time to time relating to the preparation, auditing, reporting and publication, of regulatory financial statements and other regulatory financial reports to be prepared and maintained by <u>Royal Mail</u> by or under the <u>USPAC Condition</u>. Additionally to the general direction-making power referred to in §1.1 above, the <u>USPAC Condition</u> makes express references to these Guidelines in prescribing specific requirements on <u>Royal Mail</u> imposed by means of a direction, such as those concerning the manner and form in which financial statements and information should be prepared and maintained, etc.
- **1.4** Accordingly, OFCOM has directed that the USPAC Condition shall have effect by reference to these Guidelines.

Section 2: Definitions & Interpretation

- **2.1** For the purpose of interpreting these Guidelines
 - except in so far as the context otherwise requires (including where a term of art in postal sector or in accounting profession is used), words or expressions shall have the meaning assigned to them in §2.2 and otherwise any word or expression in these Guidelines shall have the same meaning as it has been ascribed in, and for the purpose of, the USPAC Condition;
 - (b) headings and titles shall be disregarded;
 - (c) expressions cognate with those referred to in these Guidelines shall be construed accordingly;
 - (d) the Interpretation Act 1978 (c. 30) shall apply as if these Guidelines were an Act of Parliament;
 - subject to §2.1(f), references to "material", and cognate expressions, are references to the meaning of materiality as prescribed by the <u>Guiding Principle</u> concerning materiality in USPAC 1.7.2(h);
 - in relation to the identification of material changes for the purpose of complying with the requirements set out in USPAC 1.6.3, materiality shall be determined as follows—
 - (i) for all items of the Regulatory Accounting Methodology, a change in any item (including revenues, costs, assets, liabilities, and cash flows) in any of the financial statements and/or information required by or under the USPAC Condition shall be deemed to be material if the resultant percentage difference (be it positive or negative) exceeds 5%. The resultant percentage difference shall be calculated by taking the value of the non-compliant item and subtracting from it the value of the same item if calculated under the compliant approach ("Compliance Base Value"), and then dividing this result by the Compliance Base Value;
 - for the purposes of the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> and the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> only, a change in any reported item of product, <u>SPHCC</u>, or <u>Activity Cost</u> shall be deemed to be material if the resultant percentage difference (be it positive or negative) exceeds 1%, unless the change itself is smaller than £2 0.5 million. The resultant percentage difference shall be calculated by reference to the <u>Compliance Base Value</u>; and
 - (iii) any determination of materiality under §2.1(f)(i) and (ii) shall be measured by reference to the most recent quarterly or information, as applicable.

2.2 In these Guidelines, the following words or expressions shall have the meaning assigned to them below—

Word or expression	Meaning
·	A costing system used to allocate the costs recorded in the
"Activity Based Costing"	General Ledger, together with any sources of data (where
	necessary), to products, through an intermediate step of allocating Activity Costs.
"ABC Model"	'Activity Based Costing Model', which is the costing system that
	Royal Mail uses to allocate the costs recorded in the General Ledger, together with any sources of data (where necessary), to
	its products, through an intermediate step of allocating Activity
	<u>Costs</u> . Activities, tasks or work (whether operational or non-
"Activity" or "Activities"	operational) which are required to be carried out in order to
	complete a <u>Business Process</u> . Total or unit costs attributed to an <u>Activity</u> .
"Activity Cost"	Total of unit costs attributed to an <u>Activity</u> .
"Activity Drivers"	Numeric values which are used to assign <u>Activity Costs</u> to <u>SPHCC</u> s in accordance with <u>National Costing Rule 9</u> where
	they relate to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or in
	accordance with <u>Zonal Costing Rule 9</u> where they relate to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> .
"Aggregate Costs"	Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 8</u> where
Aggicgate costs	it relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal</u> <u>Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing</u>
	Methodology.
"Attributable Non-operational Costs"	Has the meaning given to it by §8.24(b).
"Attributable Operational Costs"	Has the meaning given to it by §8.24(a).
"Avoidable First Class Costs"	Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it
Avoidable i list class costs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Avoidable 1113t class costs	relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> .
"Avoidable Second Class Costs"	relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> . Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> where it
	relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> .
	relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 8 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. 'Average Earnings Index', which is the index of average earnings
"Avoidable Second Class Costs"	relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 8 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology.
"Avoidable Second Class Costs"	relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 8 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. 'Average Earnings Index', which is the index of average earnings per employee compiled by an agency or a public body on behalf of His Majesty's Government or a governmental department (which is the Office for Budget Responsibility at the time of
"Avoidable Second Class Costs"	relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 8 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. 'Average Earnings Index', which is the index of average earnings per employee compiled by an agency or a public body on behalf of His Majesty's Government or a governmental department
"Avoidable Second Class Costs"	relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 8 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. 'Average Earnings Index', which is the index of average earnings per employee compiled by an agency or a public body on behalf of His Majesty's Government or a governmental department (which is the Office for Budget Responsibility at the time of publication of these Guidelines) from time to time in respect of all items. A retail service offered at a price which is subject to discounts
"Avoidable Second Class Costs" "AEI"	relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 8 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. 'Average Earnings Index', which is the index of average earnings per employee compiled by an agency or a public body on behalf of His Majesty's Government or a governmental department (which is the Office for Budget Responsibility at the time of publication of these Guidelines) from time to time in respect of all items.
"Avoidable Second Class Costs" "AEI"	relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 8 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. 'Average Earnings Index', which is the index of average earnings per employee compiled by an agency or a public body on behalf of His Majesty's Government or a governmental department (which is the Office for Budget Responsibility at the time of publication of these Guidelines) from time to time in respect of all items. A retail service offered at a price which is subject to discounts related to volume of mail per mailing or presentation of mail, typically involving conveyance of more than 250 items per mailing.
"Avoidable Second Class Costs" "AEI"	relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 8 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. 'Average Earnings Index', which is the index of average earnings per employee compiled by an agency or a public body on behalf of His Majesty's Government or a governmental department (which is the Office for Budget Responsibility at the time of publication of these Guidelines) from time to time in respect of all items. A retail service offered at a price which is subject to discounts related to volume of mail per mailing or presentation of mail, typically involving conveyance of more than 250 items per
"Avoidable Second Class Costs" "AEI" "Bulk Mail"	relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 8 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 3 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. 'Average Earnings Index', which is the index of average earnings per employee compiled by an agency or a public body on behalf of His Majesty's Government or a governmental department (which is the Office for Budget Responsibility at the time of publication of these Guidelines) from time to time in respect of all items. A retail service offered at a price which is subject to discounts related to volume of mail per mailing or presentation of mail, typically involving conveyance of more than 250 items per mailing. Operational Business Processes and Non-operational Business

classes of mail. Has the meaning given to it under §2.1(f)(i) of these Guidelines. "Compliance Base Value" The basic unit of responsibility in an organisation for which costs "Cost Centre" are accumulated, such as a production or service location, function, Activity or item of equipment. A cost recorded in the General Ledger, such as basic pay, "Cost Element" overtime pay and National Insurance payments. A breakdown of the costs of the Reported Business included in "Cost Matrix" the calculation of the <u>Financeability EBIT</u> as shown in **Figure 2**, Figure 5 or Figure 15 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines. Cost figures obtained after rearranging the relevant categories of "Cost Type" costs recorded in Royal Mail's financial information, including the General Ledger, including aggregating or separating some of those costs. 'Consumer Price Index', which means the index of consumer "CPI" prices compiled by an agency or a public body on behalf of His Majesty's Government or a governmental department (which is the Office for National Statistics for reporting actual outturn and which is the Office for Budget Responsibility for forecasts at the time of publication of these Guidelines) from time to time in respect of all items. 'Cost Volume Elasticity', which is the ratio of the variable amount "CVE" of time needed to process items of mail within a given Operational Business Process to the total amount of time needed to process those items of mail within that Operational Business Process, where variable time needed to process mail items is the time which varies in direct proportion to the volume of the mail items being processed. Costs of service contributions Royal Mail makes to its defined "DB Pension Service Costs" benefits pension plans in any given period. Part of Royal Mail's postal network (as defined by section 38(3) of "Delivery Office" the Act) that is responsible for the final sortation, preparation and delivery of mail items to delivery points. The group of Activities related to the processes of final sorting in "Downstream Services" Inward Mail Centres, subsequent conveying, sequencing and delivery of mail to its final destination. 'Earnings Before Interest and Tax' calculated as revenue less all "Financeability EBIT" the costs of products and services provided and Transformation Costs, before the deduction of interest and tax. 'Equi-Proportional Mark-Up', which has the meaning given to it in "EPMU" National Costing Rule 12 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 12 where it relates to the **Zonal Costing Methodology.** 'Fully Allocated Cost', which is a costing methodology in which all "FAC" costs (including Overheads but excluding any form of return, such as return on sales) are allocated to the outputs of the business. A product and/or service that aims to deliver the next working day "First Class" (including Saturday) after collection. A register or list of assets held for the purpose of production "Fixed Asset Register" of goods or rendering of services that are not held for the

costs of processing certain classes of mail relative to other

purpose of sale in the ordinary course of business. The list allows a company to keep track of details of each fixed asset,

ensuring control and preventing misappropriation of assets. It also keeps track of the correct value of assets, which allows for computation of depreciation and for tax and insurance purposes.

'Full Time Equivalent' which means staff headcount for a period which is calculated by dividing total frontline staff hours worked in that period (including temporary and agency staff hours but excluding contractors' hours, and including overtime and scheduled attendance) by the total standard full time hours for that period; and adding the result to the average headcount of the rest of the staff in that period.

'Gross Domestic Product', which means a measure of economic activity that captures the value of goods and services that the UK produces during a given period.

The accounting ledger that contains the financial accounts used by <u>Royal Mail</u> for the application of the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> and the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> for the <u>Reported Business</u>.

Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>.

Total paid hours of frontline staff working in a given

<u>Operational Business Process</u> or <u>Operational Business Processes</u> in a given period.

Reduction in <u>Gross Hours</u> in a given period compared with the period prior to that period.

International Accounting Standard 19 - Employee Benefits (2011), which outlines the accounting requirements for employee benefits, including short-term benefits (e.g. wages and salaries, annual leave), post-employment benefits such as retirement benefits, other long-term benefits (e.g. long service leave) and termination benefits.

The part of <u>Royal Mail</u>'s mail centres in which the activities relating to the processes of final sorting of inward mail for delivery to the final addresses take place.

'Mails Characteristics Survey', which is a survey conducted by <u>Royal Mail</u> of the mail product types and volumes within the mail traffic of the <u>Reported Business</u>.

Worked Hours from business areas where Royal Mail is able to measure volume and/or where mail volume is the main driver of time.

The requirements in these Guidelines, in paragraphs 8.11 to 8.43, for the purpose of the <u>National Costing Methodology</u>. 'Net Book Value', which is the historical cost of an asset less the associated accumulated depreciation.

The following business processes of the <u>Reported Business</u> as defined in the <u>Costing Manual</u>—

- 1. commercial;
- 2. support;
- 3. wholesale: and
- 4. business sustaining activities.

"FTE"

"GDP"

"General Ledger"

"General Overheads"

"Gross Hours"

"Gross Hours Reduction"

"IAS 19"

"Inward Mail Centre"

"MCS"

"Measured Hours"

"National Costing Rule(s)"

"NBV"

"Non-operational Business Process"

"Operational Business Processes"

The following business processes of the Reported Business as defined from time to time in the Costing Manual, and currently including—

- 1. access (collections);
- 2. outward processing;
- 3. network distribution;
- 4. regional distribution centres processing (RDC);
- 5. inward processing;
- 6. local distribution (LD);
- 7. delivery indoor;
- 8. delivery outdoor;
- walk bundling centre (WBC);
 perform mailroom management; and
- 10. international mail operations.

Volume of a product going through the <u>Pipeline</u> measured by the <u>Operational Volumes Method</u>.

A method of measuring the volume of a product going through the <u>Pipeline</u>, by counting or sampling.

Has the meaning given to it by **§8.26(b)**, read together with National Costing Rule 11 where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by **§8.26(b)**, read together with Zonal Costing Rule 11 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology.

Costs which are either <u>General Overheads</u> or <u>Pipeline Overheads</u> have the meanings given to them by <u>National Costing Rule 8</u> where they relate to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal Costing Rule 8</u> where they relate to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>.

All the <u>Operational Business Processes</u> involved in <u>Royal Mail</u>'s provision of its products and/or services from collection to final delivery of the products and/or services.

Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>.

Number of minutes needed to process 1000 items of mail within a given <u>Operational Business Process</u>, as derived from industrial engineering methods.

'Post Office Limited' whose registered company number in England and Wales is 02154540, and any of its subsidiaries (as defined by section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006) or any of its subsidiary undertakings (as defined by section 1162 of the Companies Act 2006 and for which section Post Office Limited shall be treated as the parent undertaking).

 $\hbox{`Printed Postage Impressions', which is pre-printed postage}.$

'Properly Prepared In Accordance' with these Guidelines and the <u>Guiding Principles</u> set out under USPAC 1.7.2', which is an audit opinion that provides reasonable assurance that a financial statement and information, taken as a whole, have been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the detailed requirements prescribed by these Guidelines.

"Operational Volumes"

"Operational Volumes Method"

"Other Drivers"

"Overheads"

"Pipeline"

"Pipeline Overheads"

"Planning Values"

"POL"

"PPI"

"PPIA"

'Productivity (Weighted Items Per Gross Hour)' which is the ratio "Productivity (WIPGH)" of the Workload of a given Operational Business Process or Operational Business Processes in a given period to the Gross <u>Hours</u> of that <u>Operational Business Process</u> or those <u>Operational</u> Business Processes in that period. 'Productivity (Weighted Items Per Worked Hour)' which is the "Productivity (WIPWH)" ratio of the Workload of a given Operational Business Process or Operational Business Processes in a given period to the Measured Hours of that Operational Business Process or those Operational Business Processes in that period. Factors representing the proportion of the total volume of "Proportional Factors" each SPHCC which uses the related Activity and determined in accordance with the National Costing Rule 10 where they relate to the National Costing Methodology or in accordance with Zonal Costing Rule 10 where they relate to the Zonal Costing Methodology. An analysis of the changes in a Financial Year, from the prior "PVEO Analysis" Financial Year, of all the costs of the Reported Business included in the calculation of the Financeability EBIT, between the effects of price, volume, efficiency and other factors, as shown in Figures 6a and 6b 8 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines. Numeric values which are used to attribute Cost Types to "Resource Drivers" Activities and determined in accordance with National Costing Rule 6 where they relate to the National Costing Methodology or in accordance with Zonal Costing Rule 6 where they relate to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Volume of a product going through the Pipeline measured by the "Revenue Derived Volumes" Revenue Derived Method. A method of deriving the volume of a product going through the "Revenue Derived Method" Pipeline, by dividing the revenue received for that product by the average unit price of that product, which is estimated by sampling. Royal Mail and any of its subsidiaries (as defined by section 1159 "RM UK" of the Companies Act 2006), and any of its subsidiary undertakings (as defined by section 1162 of the Companies Act 2006) (previously referred to as United Kingdom Parcels,

2006) (previously referred to as United Kingdom Parcels,
International and Letters (UKPIL)

"Second Class"

A product and/or service that aims to deliver by the second or

*Short SPHCC" third working day (including Saturday) after collection.

*Short SPHCC"

'Short Sales Product Handling Characteristic Combinations', which are products and/or services sub-divided based on the relevant measured characteristics as prescribed by these Guidelines, apart from the characteristic referred to in paragraph 8.22(d) of these Guidelines.

"SPHCC"

'Sales Product Handling Characteristic Combinations', which are products and/or services sub-divided based on the relevant measured characteristics as prescribed by these Guidelines.

"Standard Hours"

Total minimum hours of frontline staff needed to process the Workload in a given Operational Business Process or Operational Business Processes in a given period, measured by industrial engineering methods.

A product and/or service that aims to deliver by later than the "Third Class" third working day (including Saturday) after collection. Annually recurring costs which Royal Mail incurs in order to "Transformation Costs" restructure its business and/or operations, including redundancy costs. The charge or price that one part of a business may charge to "Transfer Charge(s)" or "Transfer another part of the same business, for the products and/or Price(s)" services which the former provides to the latter. 'UK Parcels, International and Letters', which is an operating unit "UKPIL" of Royal Mail (now known as RM UK). Worked Hours from business areas where volume measurement "Unmeasured Hours" is not yet possible, or where volume is not the main driver of time. The group of Activities related to the collection, sorting and "Upstream Services" conveying of mail to the point where <u>Downstream Services</u> begin. Categorisation of products and/or services into a single billing "V4 Format" code or a group of similar billing codes. The USP accounting condition imposed on Royal Mail as set "USPAC Condition" out in the notification published by OFCOM at Annex 10 to the statement entitled 'Securing the Universal Postal Service' dated 27 March 2012, and as modified by OFCOM from time to time. Factors representing the relative proportions of resources that "Weighting Factors" units of each SPHCC require from the related Activity and determined in accordance with the National Costing Rule 10 where they relate to the National Costing Methodology or in accordance with Zonal Costing Rule 10 where they relate to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Has the meaning given to it by National Costing Rule 10 "Weighted Volume Drivers" where it relates to the National Costing Methodology or by Zonal Costing Rule 10 where it relates to the Zonal Costing Methodology. Total worked hours of frontline staff working in a given "Worked Hours" Operational Business Process or Operational Business Processes in a given period. A measure of weighted volume calculated by using weights "Workload" derived from the amount of time required for frontline staff to carry out the tasks, identified and measured by industrial engineering methods, in order to process the mail volumes presented in a given Operational Business Process in a given period, expressed relative to the time taken to process 1000 sequenced letters in all relevant Operational Business Processes. A part of the United Kingdom (based on postcode sectors) for "Zone" which Royal Mail is using the same price for products and/or

Zonal Costing Methodology.

"Zonal Costing Rule(s)"

services falling within the Reported Business.

The requirements in these Guidelines for the purpose of the

Section 3: Obligations relating to the Relevant Group under USPAC 1.3

3.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.3.2, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 1** by using the pro forma corresponding to the statement or information as specified in **Column 2 of that Table** (including notes disclosing a breakdown and explanations of any material items).

Table 1: Pro formas for the financial statements and information for the Relevant Group

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.3.1		Column 2: Pro forma specified in Appendix 1 of these Guidelines
USPAC 1.3.1(a)	<u>consolidated</u> cash flow projection statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.3.1(b)	Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan	Figures 1, 2, 3 7 and 4 8 of Appendix 1
USPAC 1.3.1(c)	Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Annual Budget	Figure <mark>1, 4, 5, 6,</mark> 7, 8, <mark>9</mark> and <mark>10</mark> of Appendix 1

3.2 For the purpose of USPAC 1.3.4 3, Royal Mail must prepare each of the financial statements and information specified in Column 1 of Table 2 in accordance with the additional requirements corresponding to the statement or information as prescribed by Column 2 of that Table.

Table 2: Additional requirements for the financial statements and information for the Relevant Group

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.3.1		Column 2: Additional requirements in these Guidelines
USPAC 1.3.1(a) consolidated cash flow projection statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines shall apply. The <u>consolidated</u> cash flow projection statement shall include the following— a) figures projected for the <u>Financial Quarter</u> , for which the statement must be	
	prepared, together with figures for the five Financial Quarters that follow that Financial Quarter showing the cash flows and the cash position for the Relevant Group, including all the relevant figures for downside scenarios which take account of the relevant risks referred to in e) below;	
		b) an explanation of the key assumptions underpinning the scenarios prepared in (a) above;
		 if <u>Royal Mail</u> changes its projections from one <u>Financial Quarter</u> to another, a reconciliation of the new projections to the previous projections, together with an explanation of the material changes;
		d) figures showing the actual cash position of the <u>Relevant Group</u> at the beginning of the <u>Financial Quarter</u> in question, including a breakdown of material balances and movements in those balances since the beginning of

- the preceding <u>Financial Quarter</u>, together with an explanation of those material movements and differences with the projections for that preceding <u>Financial Quarter</u>;
- e) <u>Royal Mail</u>'s assessment of the financial sustainability of the <u>Relevant Group</u>, including its identification of key risks that may affect that sustainability;
- f) a statement of financing facilities available to the <u>Relevant Group</u> as at the beginning of the <u>Financial Quarter</u> in question, together with information on the extent to which these facilities have been utilised;
- g) the cash flows referred to in (a) above shall include at least the following—
 - 1) 'EBITDA', namely revenue less all the costs of products and services provided before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation;
 - 2) pension costs including <u>DB Pension Service Costs</u>;
 - 3) working capital;
 - 4) dividends;
 - 5) investments;
 - 6) capital expenditure and proceeds from disposals; and
 - 7) <u>Transformation Costs</u> and any other operating and non-operating specific items; and
- h) if there are material presentational or methodological changes in the cash flow projections between the <u>Financial Quarter</u> in question and the preceding <u>Financial Quarter</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must restate the information relating to the latter together with explanatory notes. This additional requirement shall apply for the second <u>Financial Quarter</u> of the first <u>Financial Year</u> and subsequent <u>Financial Quarters</u>.

USPAC 1.3.1(b)

Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan

The rules in **Section 8** of the Guidelines shall apply.

The Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan shall include the following forecast information in relation to the Relevant Group based on Royal Mail's latest performance objectives and expectations of changes in the postal market and the wider economic environment for each Financial Year forecasts by Royal Mail:

- a) income statement for the <u>Relevant Period</u>, and balance sheet and cash flow statement for Financial Years 1 to 3 of the Relevant Period; and
- b) financial health metrics, including the metrics required by the covenants of loans and borrowing facilities, and the metrics considered in assessing and monitoring credit rating for Financial Years 1 to 3 of the Relevant Period.

The Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan shall include a reconciliation of the income statement set out in a) above to the income statements of RM UK UKPIL and the Reported Business. The reconciliation must include a reconciliation of the DB Pension Service Costs of the Relevant Group, RM UK UKPIL, and the Reported Business calculated on both the cash paid basis and in accordance with IAS 19.

The <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> shall include the information set out in a) and b) above, and the above-mentioned reconciliation, for the two <u>Financial Years</u> immediately preceding the first <u>Financial Year</u> forecast by <u>Royal Mail</u> within the <u>Relevant Period</u>.

The Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan include the following information forecast by Royal Mail in relation to the Reported Business for the Relevant Period and where applicable, as specified in the Figures of Appendix 1 referred to below each of the same Financial Years forecast by Royal Mail in relation to the Relevant Group

- c) revenues, volumes and costs of the Reported Business showing how the Financeability EBIT is calculated;
- d) breakdown of revenues and volumes as shown in **Figure 1 of Appendix 1** in <u>V4 Format</u> and showing separately any contingencies provided against the revenues of any products or product groups;
- e) Cost Matrix as shown in Figure 2 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
- f) PVEO Analysis as shown in Figure 8 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
- g) <u>Workload</u> calculations for all relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u> including—
 - reconciliation of <u>Operational Volumes</u> to <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> for each relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u> and each relevant format;
 - 2) mapping of Revenue Derived Volumes used in (g)(1) above to Revenue Derived Volumes provided under (d) above;
 - 3) mapping of the <u>Operational Volumes recorded to the Operational Volumes in (g)(1) above;</u>

- 4) breakdown of the recorded <u>Operational Volumes</u> in (g)(3) above by the <u>Workload</u> weighting categories, together with the calculations carried out and the assumptions made in preparing the <u>Workload</u> weighting category breakdown;
- 5) calculation of fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> for each <u>Workload</u> weighting category, setting out the following:
 - . fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> weights for each <u>Operational</u>

 Business Process;
 - ii. <u>fixed and variable Planning Values</u> for each <u>Operational</u>

 <u>Business Process;</u>
 - iii. base overall <u>Planning Value</u> for a sequenced letter;
 - iv. <u>CVE</u>s for each Operational Business Process; and
 - v. number of working days;
- f) Gross Hours and the corresponding total pay costs (excluding pension and Employers National Insurance) broken down by normal/ordinary time, overtime, casual/temporary staff time, and any other time, as shown in Figure 3 of Appendix 1 Gross Hours Reduction, and Productivity calculations, broken down by the relevant Operational Business Processes and format;
- g) Headcount and <u>FTEs</u> broken down between frontline, management and other staff;
- h) explanation of the main assumptions and the key drivers used by Royal Mail in its forecasts of volumes, the Workload, revenues, and costs and Productivities of the Reported Business, including but not limited to economic growth (including GDP), e-commerce, inflation (including CPI), e-substitution, market developments, competition, pricing, sales and marketing initiatives, efficiency initiatives as shown in Figure 4 of Appendix 1, Gross Hours Reduction, Workload, Productivities (WIPGH) and Productivities (WIPWH), pay and pension arrangements, taxation, legislation, depreciation, and contingencies; and
- i) a statement of changes in the forecast revenues and costs between the Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM in the Financial Year in question and the most recent Annual or Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM prior to that; breaking down the changes in forecast revenues between key revenue streams, and breaking down the changes in forecast costs into key cost categories; and explaining and quantifying the impact of the main drivers of the changes including but not limited to the changes in the main assumptions and key drivers set out in h) above with regard to economic growth (including GDP), inflation (including CPI), market developments, competition, pricing, sales and marketing initiatives, efficiency initiatives, Workload, Gross Hours Reduction, Productivity, pay and pension arrangements, taxation, legislation, depreciation, and contingencies.

The Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan shall include the information set out in c), d), and e) and (g) above in relation to the Reported

<u>Business</u> for the two <u>Financial Years</u> immediately preceding the first <u>Financial Year</u> forecast by <u>Royal Mail</u>.

The Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan must include sensitivity analyses of the main assumptions and key drivers inputs set out in h) above and any other relevant inputs which have a significant risk of deviating from the values assumed in the Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan. These analyses must include a restatement of the relevant calculations and outputs of the Strategic Business Plan—Annual Financial Forecast assuming those risks materialise. These restatements must include a restatement of the Financeability EBIT for the range of reasonably likely deviations of the main assumptions and key drivers set out in h) above and any other relevant inputs which have a significant risk of deviating from the values assumed in the Annual Financial Forecast. The sensitivity analyses must also include the supporting calculations and the models used to carry out the analyses.

The <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> must include downside scenarios in which potential worst outcomes for performance and/or expectations are assumed to materialise. The downside scenarios must include a restatement of the affected calculations and outputs of the <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> assuming those outcomes materialise and taking into account the impact of potential measures that would be taken by <u>Royal Mail</u> in response to mitigate the impact. The scenarios must cover outcomes such as events resulting in significant changes in volumes and revenues of letters and parcels, significant delays in efficiency initiatives and network transformation, and events related to industrial relations.

For the <u>Financial Years</u> which comprise 53 weeks, <u>Royal Mail</u> shall provide the information as set out in c) based on both the 53-week <u>Financial Year</u> and a 52-week equivalent <u>Financial Year</u>, together with explanations of the methodologies applied to restate that information on an equivalent 52-week <u>Financial Year</u> basis.

USPAC 1.3.1(c)

Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Annual Budget

The rules in **Section 8** of the Guidelines shall apply.

The <u>Five-Yearly Financial Forecast</u> Annual Budget shall include the following forecast information in relation to the <u>Relevant Group</u> based on <u>Royal Mail's</u> latest performance objectives and expectations of changes in the postal market and the wider economic environment—

- a) income statement for the <u>Relevant Period</u>, and balance sheet and cash flow statement for Financial Years 1 to 3 of the Relevant Period; and
- b) financial health metrics, including the metrics required by the covenants of loans and borrowing facilities, and the metrics considered in assessing and monitoring credit rating for <u>Financial Years 1 to 3 of the Relevant Period</u>.

The Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Annual Budget shall include a reconciliation of the income statement set out in a) above to the income statements of RM UK-UKPIL and the Reported Business. The reconciliation must include a reconciliation of the DB Pension Service Costs of the Relevant Group, RM UK-UKPIL, and the Reported Business calculated on both the cash paid basis and in accordance with IAS 19.

The <u>Five-Yearly Financial Forecast</u> <u>Annual Budget</u> shall include the following information forecast by <u>Royal Mail</u> in relation to the <u>Reported Business</u> for the <u>Relevant Period</u> and where applicable, as specified in the **Figures of Appendix 1** referred to below—

- c) revenues, volumes and costs of the <u>Reported Business</u> showing how the <u>Financeability EBIT</u> is calculated;
- d) breakdown of revenues and volumes as shown in **Figure 1 of Appendix 1** in V4 Format and showing separately any contingencies provided against the revenues of any products or product groups;
- e) Cost Matrix as shown in Figure 5 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
- f) <u>PVEO Analysis</u> as shown in **Figures 6a and 6b** of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
- g) <u>Workload</u> calculations for all relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u> for which <u>Royal Mail</u> carries out <u>Workload</u> calculations, including—
 - 1) reconciliation of <u>Operational Volumes</u> to <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> for each relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u> and each relevant format;
 - 2) mapping of <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> used in g)1) above to <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> provided under d) above;
 - 3) mapping of the <u>Operational Volumes recorded to the Operational Volumes</u> in g)1) above;
 - 4) breakdown of the recorded <u>Operational Volumes</u> in g)3) above by the <u>Workload</u> weighting categories, together with the calculations carried out and the assumptions made in preparing the <u>Workload</u> weighting category breakdown;
 - 5) calculation of Workload including:
 - (a) where <u>Workload</u> comprises fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> for each <u>Workload</u> weighting category, setting out the following:
 - fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> weights for each <u>Operational</u> Business Process;
 - fixed and variable <u>Planning Values</u> for each <u>Operational</u>
 Business Process;
 - iii. base overall <u>Planning Value</u> for a sequenced letter;
 - iv. CVEs for each Operational Business Process; and
 - v. number of working days;
 - (b) otherwise, for each <u>Operational Business Process</u> and <u>Activity</u>, setting out the assumptions and calculation methodology, together with a description of any new <u>Operational Business Process</u>.
 - 6) information in (g)(3) to (g)(5) above recalculated using the assumptions and categories adopted in the Strategic Business Plan submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM on 14 May 2015, together with a mapping of the categories of the recorded Operational Volumes in (g)(3) above to the categories of the recorded Operational Volumes used in the Strategic Business Plan submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM on 14 May 2015; and

- 7) a reconciliation of the total <u>Workload</u> calculated in accordance with (g)(1) to (g)(5) above to the total <u>Workload</u> calculated in accordance with (6) above, breaking down the difference into the differences caused by the following changes:
 - i.—changes in the <u>Workload</u> calculation methodology including changes in measurement and sampling methodology;
 - ii. changes in the <u>Activities</u> within the <u>Operational Business Processes</u>
 and Non-operational Business Processes;
 - iii. changes in the standing data (eg container fills and distances) as a result of new measurements carried out using current measurement methodologies; and
 - iv. changes in the scope of the <u>Workload</u> calculation with respect to the <u>Operational Business Processes</u> which are included in the calculation;
- 6) a breakdown of all the <u>Activities</u> which are included within all relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u> in the <u>Workload</u> calculations in 1) to 5) above; and
- h) Gross Hours and the corresponding total pay costs (excluding pension and Employers National Insurance) broken down by normal/ordinary time, overtime, casual/temporary staff time, and any other time, as shown in Figure 3 of Appendix 1;
- i) Gross Hours broken down by the relevant Operational Business Processes, each further broken down by Measured Worked Hours, Unmeasured Worked Hours, sickness absence and other absence and all other Gross Hours together with the corresponding Standard Hours as shown in Figure 8 of Appendix 1;
- j) Gross Hours Reduction, and Productivity (WIPGH) and Productivity
 (WIPWH) calculations, broken down by the relevant Operational Business
 Processes and format as shown in Figure 7 of Appendix 1;
- k) Gross Hours Reduction, and Productivity calculations provided under (h) above restated based on the definitions in the Strategic Business Plan submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM on 14 May 2015;
- k) Headcount and <u>FTEs</u> broken down between frontline, management and other staff;
- I) explanation of the main assumptions and the key drivers used by Royal Mail in its forecasts of volumes, the Workload, revenues, costs, and Productivities (WIPGH) and Productivities (WIPWH) of the Reported Business, including but not limited to economic growth (including GDP), ecommerce, inflation (including CPI), e-substitution, market developments, competition, pricing, sales and marketing initiatives, efficiency initiatives as shown in Figure 9 of Appendix 1, Gross Hours Reduction, pay and pension arrangements, taxation, legislation, depreciation, and contingencies; and
- m) a statement of changes in the forecast revenues and costs between the Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Annual Budget submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM in the Financial Year in question and the most recent Five-Yearly

Financial Forecast Annual Budget submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM prior to that; breaking down the changes in forecast revenues between key revenue streams, and breaking down the changes in forecast costs into key cost categories; and explaining and quantifying the impact of the main drivers of the changes including but not limited to the changes in the main assumptions and key drivers set out in I) above with regard to economic growth (including GDP), inflation (including CPI), market developments, competition, pricing, sales and marketing initiatives, efficiency initiatives, Workload, Gross Hours Reduction, Productivity, pay and pension arrangements, taxation, legislation, depreciation, and contingencies.

The Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Annual Budget must include sensitivity analyses of the main assumptions and key drivers inputs set out in I) above and any other relevant inputs which have a significant risk of deviating from the values assumed in the Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Annual Budget. These analyses must include a restatement of the relevant calculations and outputs of the Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Annual Budget assuming those risks materialise. These restatements must include a restatement of the Financeability EBIT for the range of reasonably likely deviations of the main assumptions and key drivers set out in I) above and any other relevant inputs which have a significant risk of deviating from the values assumed in the Annual Financial Forecast. The sensitivity analyses must also include the supporting calculations and the models used to carry out the analyses.

The <u>Five-Yearly Financial Forecast</u> must include downside scenarios in which potential worst outcomes for performance and/or expectations are assumed to materialise. The downside scenarios must include a restatement of the affected calculations and outputs of the <u>Five-Yearly Financial Forecast</u> assuming those outcomes materialise and taking into account the impact of potential measures that would be taken by <u>Royal Mail</u> in response to mitigate the impact. The scenarios must cover outcomes such as events resulting in significant changes in volumes and revenues of letters and parcels, significant delays in efficiency initiatives and network transformation, and events related to industrial relations.

For the <u>Financial Years</u> which comprise 53 weeks, <u>Royal Mail</u> shall provide the information as set out in c) based on both the 53-week <u>Financial Year</u> and a 52-week equivalent <u>Financial Year</u>, together with explanations of the methodologies applied to restate that information on an equivalent 52-week <u>Financial Year</u> basis.

Royal Mail shall publish certain information related to f) and j) above in accordance with USPAC 1.3.5, as shown in Figure 10 of Appendix 1 of these guidelines.

USPAC 1.3.3 Consistency requirements

The information provided in the <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> and the <u>Five-Yearly Financial Forecast</u> must be consistent with <u>Royal Mail</u>'s <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> which has been approved by its board in the three months preceding the date by which the <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> is required to be submitted. <u>Royal Mail</u> shall ensure, as far as possible, that the information in the <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> and <u>Five-Yearly Financial Forecast</u> related to the forecast years included in the <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> is identical to the corresponding information in the <u>Strategic Business Plan</u>, and the information related to any further forecast <u>Financial Years</u> which are not included in the <u>Strategic Business Plan</u>, are built on the information included in the <u>Strategic Business Plan</u>.

If <u>Royal Mail</u> has the <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> approved by its board subsequent to the date by which the <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> is required, then, in accordance with the USPAC 1.3.6(d), <u>Royal Mail</u> shall submit an updated <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> to Ofcom, which is consistent with the approved Strategic

Business Plan as set out above, within 20 business days of the Strategic Business Plan being approved.
The information set out in the <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> and the <u>Five-Yearly Financial Forecast</u> , as far as possible, shall take account of the financial information and statements required under the USPAC 1.4, 1.5 and 1.6 for the <u>Financial Year</u> preceding the first forecast <u>Financial Year</u> , which is available to <u>Royal Mail</u> prior to the submission of the <u>Annual Financial Forecast</u> and the <u>Five-Yearly Financial Forecast</u> .

Section 4: Obligations relating to the Reported Business under USPAC 1.4

4.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.4.2, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 3** by using the pro forma corresponding to the statement or information as specified in **Column 2 of that Table** (including notes disclosing a breakdown and explanations of any material items).

Table 3: Pro formas for the financial statements and information for the Reported Business

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.4.1		Column 2: Pro forma specified in Appendix 1 of these Guidelines
USPAC 1.4.1(a)	Annual income statement	Figure <mark>s 6a, 6b, 7, 1<mark>1</mark>, <mark>1</mark>2, <mark>15</mark> and <mark>22 8</mark>, Appendix 1</mark>
USPAC 1.4.1(b)	Quarterly income statement	Figure <mark>1</mark> 2 and <mark>15</mark> , Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(d)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(d)	Figure <mark>1</mark> 3, Appendix 1
USPAC- 1.4.1(e)	Annual capital employed statement	Figure 4, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(f)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(f)	Figure 4, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(g)	Annual cash flow statement	Figure 5, Appendix 1
USPAC- 1.4.1(h)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Figure 5, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(<mark>e -</mark> i-)	Annual product profitability statement	Figure <mark>14</mark> , Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(<mark>f j-</mark>)	Quarterly product profitability statement	Figure <mark>14</mark> , Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(g k)	Monthly revenue and volume information statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(h -)	Quarterly revenue, cost and volume information statements	Figures <mark>16 9</mark> , <mark>17 10, and 18 11 and 19, Appendix 1</mark>

4.2 For the purpose of USPAC 1.4.3, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 4** in accordance with the additional requirements corresponding to the statement or information as prescribed by **Column 2 of that Table**.

Table 4: Additional requirements for the financial statements and information for the separated Reported Business

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.4.1		Column 2: Additional requirements in these Guidelines
statement/ii	nformation	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply. The annual and quarterly income statements shall include— a) Cost Matrix as shown in Figure 15 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; b) a breakdown of items of revenue, volume or cost in these statements, which Royal Mail categorises as other operating and non-operating specific items not included in the calculation of the Financeability EBIT; together with explanations as to the nature of each item and the reasons why each item arose; and c) adjustments made to re-state the DB Pension Service Costs from the basis in accordance with IAS 19 to a cash paid basis. The annual income statement shall include— d) PVEO Analysis as shown in Figure 6a, 6b and 22 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; e) Productivity (WIPGH) as shown in Figures 22 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines: f) Explanations regarding Royal Mail's performance on the metrics required in d) and e) above in comparison with the forecast set for the corresponding metrics in the relevant Five-Yearly Financial Forecast as set out in Table 2, USPAC 1.3.1(c), requirements f) and j), including: 1) the reasons for variances between the performance in the Financial Year and the forecasts for the same Financial Year set out in the relevant Five-Yearly Financial Forecast. 2) the reasons for variances between the cumulative performance from the start of the first forecast Financial Year in the relevant Five-Yearly Financial Forecast and the cumulative forecasts for the same period set out in the relevant Five-Yearly Financial Forecast financial Year in the relevant Five-Yearly Financial Forecast for the same period; and 4) if Royal Mail considers that the cumulative performance referred
		to in f)3) above is likely to fall short the cumulative forecasts referred to in f)3), then explanations of any steps Royal Mail intends to take to mitigate the shortfall, including any further efficiency initiatives that it intends to take by reference to the information about efficiency initiatives set out in the Annual Financial Forecast for that Financial Year; g) Gross Hours broken down by the relevant Operational Business Processes,

		each further broken down by <u>Measured Worked Hours</u> , <u>Unmeasured Worked Hours</u> , sickness absence and other absence and all other <u>Gross Hours</u> together with the corresponding <u>Standard Hours</u> as shown in Figure 20 of Appendix 1 ;		
		h) Information on efficiency initiatives as shown in Figure 21 of Appendix 1;		
		 i) a reconciliation of the total costs included in the following statements and information: 		
		 annual income statements set out in Figures 12 and 13 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; 		
		 annual <u>Cost Matrix</u> as shown in Figure 15 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; 		
		PVEO Analysis as shown in Figures 6a and 6b of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; and		
		 Technical appendices cost data as shown in Appendix 4 of these Guidelines. 		
		The quarterly income statement shall include the revenues and costs of the Reported Business forecast by Royal Mail in accordance with the Annual Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan, showing how the forecast Financeability EBIT is		
		calculated. In the <u>Financial Years</u> which comprise 53 weeks, <u>Royal Mail</u> shall provide:		
		 A. the annual income statement information and the quarterly income statement information for the fourth Financial Quarter as set out in b) for the Reported Business as a whole, based on both the 53-week Financial Year and a 52-week equivalent Financial Year; B. explanations of the methodologies applied to restate that information in A. on an equivalent 52-week Financial Year basis; C. the annual income statement information set out in a), c), d) and e) and the quarterly income statement information for the Reported Business as a whole, for the fourth Financial Quarter as set out in a) based on a 53-week Financial Year D. explanations of the appropriate methodologies to restate that information set out in C. on an equivalent 52-week Financial Year basis. 		
		For the avoidance of doubt, items (a) (<u>Cost Matrix</u>) and (d) (<u>PVEO Analysis</u>) above are not required for the publicly available annual income statement.		
		Royal Mail shall publish certain information related to b), c), d), e) and f)2) above in accordance with USPAC 1.4.7, as shown in Figure 22 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines.		
USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Annual reconciliation of	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply.		
	statements/informati on specified in USPAC 1.4.1(c)	The annual reconciliation shall set out each of the quarterly financial statements and information to be prepared for USPAC 1.4.1(b) and then reconcile the combined total of these four statements with the financial statement and information to be prepared for USPAC 1.4.1(a). Where there are any reconciling differences, Royal Mail must provide accompanying notes and explanations to describe these reconciling differences.		
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USPAC 1.4.1(d)	Annual reconciliation of	liation The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply.	
	statements/informati on specified in USPAC 1.4.1(d)	The annual reconciliation shall be reconciled giving appropriate detail and explanation of any reconciling items. Each reconciliation shall include the following two steps as shown in Figure 13 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines—	
		a) a reconciliation between the <u>Reported Business</u> and <u>RM UK</u> <u>UKPIL</u> ; and	
		b) a reconciliation between RM UK UKPIL and the Relevant Group.	
		In addition, Royal Mail must provide in the accompanying notes the detail of the material reconciling differences in the annual reconciliation.	
USPAC 1.4.1(e)	Annual capital employed statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning capital employed statements shall apply.	
		Royal Mail shall provide a breakdown of the total fixed asset <u>NBV</u> allocated to the <u>Reported Business</u> as a whole, by main asset classes.	
USPAC- 1.4.1(f)	Annual reconciliation of	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning capital employed statements shall apply.	
1.4.1(f) explanation following two a)—a record		The annual reconciliation shall be reconciled giving appropriate detail and explanation of any reconciling items. Each reconciliation shall include the following two steps as shown in Figure 4 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines—	
		a)—a reconciliation between the <u>Reported Business</u> and <u>UKPIL</u> ; and	
		b)—a reconciliation between <u>UKPIL</u> and the <u>Relevant Group</u> .	
		In addition, <u>Royal Mail</u> must provide in the accompanying notes the detail of the material reconciling differences in the annual reconciliation.	
USPAC- 1.4.1(g)	Annual cash flow statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning cash flow statements shall apply.	
USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Annual reconciliation of statements/informati	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning cash flow statements shall apply.	
	on specified in USPAC 1.4.1(h)	The annual reconciliation shall be reconciled giving appropriate detail and explanation of any reconciling items. Each reconciliation shall include the following two steps as shown in Figure 5 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines—	
		a)—a reconciliation between the Reported Business and UKPIL; and	
		b)—a reconciliation between <u>UKPIL</u> and the <u>Relevant Group</u> .	
		In addition, Royal Mail must provide in the accompanying notes the detail of the material	
		reconciling differences in the annual reconciliation.	

USPAC 1.4.1(<mark>e ∔</mark>)	Annual product profitability statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply. Royal Mail must prepare and maintain separate annual product profitability statements for each of the products specified in Column 3 of Table 5 . Each of these statements shall only include the costs covered in the National Costing Methodology. In the Financial Years which comprise 53 weeks, Royal Mail shall provide the product profitability statement for the 53-week Financial Year together with	
USPAC	Quarterly	explanations of the appropriate methodologies to restate that statement on an equivalent 52-week <u>Financial Year</u> basis. The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and	
1.4.1(<mark>f +</mark>)	product profitability statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply. Royal Mail must prepare and maintain separate quarterly product profitability statements for each of the products specified in Column 2 of Table 5 . Each of these statements shall only include the costs covered in the National Costing Methodology.	
USPAC 1.4.1(<mark>g k</mark>)	Monthly revenue and volume information statement	Not applicable	
USPAC 1.4.1(<mark>h +</mark>)	Quarterly revenue, cost and volume information statements	The rules in Sections 8 and 9 of the Guidelines shall apply. Quarterly revenue, volume and cost information statement shall include (except for items c)6), c)7), and c)10) which are only required to be included in the statement for the last Financial Quarter of each Financial Year)— a) actual and budgeted revenue and volume information for groups of products sold in each Financial Quarter, in the form set out in Figure 16 9 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; b) actual and budgeted cost metrics information for each Financial Quarter, in the form set out in Figure 17 10 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines. Royal Mail shall provide an explanation of the variances included in the cost metrics report; c) Workload calculations for all relevant Operational Business Processes for which Royal Mail carries out Workload calculations, including— 1) reconciliation of Operational Volumes to Revenue Derived Volumes for each relevant Operational Business Processes and each relevant	
		format; 2) mapping of Revenue Derived Volumes used in c)1) above to Revenue Derived Volumes provided under a) above and d) below; 3) mapping of the Operational Volumes recorded to the Operational Volumes in c)1) above;	

- 4) breakdown of the recorded <u>Operational Volumes</u> in c)3) above by the <u>Workload</u> weighting categories, together with the calculations carried out and the assumptions made in preparing the <u>Workload</u> weighting category breakdown;
- 5) calculation of Workload including:

(a) where <u>Workload</u> comprises fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> for each Workload weighting category, setting out the following:

- i. fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> weights for each <u>Operational</u> Business Process;
- ii. fixed and variable <u>Planning Values</u> for each <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Process</u>;
- iii. base overall <u>Planning Value</u> for a sequenced letter;
- iv. CVEs for each Operational Business Process; and
- v. number of working days;

(b) otherwise, for each <u>Operational Business Process</u> and <u>Activity</u>, setting out the assumptions and calculation methodology, together with a description of any new Operational Business Process.

- 6) information in c)3) to c)5) above covering the results for the Financial Year as a whole, recalculated using the assumptions and categories adopted in the most recent Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM on 14 May 2015, together with a mapping of the categories of the recorded Operational Volumes in c)3) above to the categories of the recorded Operational Volumes used in the most recent Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM on 14 May 2015;
- 7) a reconciliation of the total <u>Workload</u> calculated in accordance with c)1) to c)5) above to the total <u>Workload</u> calculated in accordance with 6) above, covering the results for the <u>Financial Year</u> as a whole, breaking down the difference into the differences caused by the following changes:
 - changes in the <u>Workload</u> calculation methodology including changes in measurement and sampling methodology;
 - ii. changes in the <u>Activities</u> within the <u>Operational Business</u>
 <u>Processes</u> and <u>Non-operational Business Processes</u>;
 - iii. changes in the standing data (e.g. container fills and distances) as a result of new measurements carried out using current measurement methodologies; and
 - iv. changes in the scope of the <u>Workload</u> calculation with respect to the <u>Operational Business Processes</u> which are included in the calculation;

- 8) Gross Hours and the corresponding total pay costs (split by basic pay, pension and Employers National Insurance) broken down by normal/ordinary time, overtime, casual/temporary staff time, and any other time, as shown in Figure 19 of Appendix 1;
- 9) Gross Hours Reduction, and Productivity (WIPGH) and Productivity (WIPWH) calculations, broken down by the relevant Operational Business Processes and format as shown in Figure 17 of Appendix 1; and
- 10) Gross Hours Reduction, and Productivity (WIPGH) and Productivity (WIPWH) calculations provided under 98) above, covering the results for the Financial Year as a whole, restated where relevant, based on the definitions in the latest Five-Yearly Financial Forecast Strategic Business Plan submitted by Royal Mail to OFCOM on 14 May 2015;
- d) actual revenue, cost, and volume information for <u>Short SPHCCs, and Transfer Prices</u> between <u>Upstream Services</u> and <u>Downstream Services</u> for the products set out in **Appendix 2** to these Guidelines, for each <u>Financial Quarter</u>, in the form set out in **Figure 18 11** of **Appendix 1** of these Guidelines;
- e) reconciliations of the total revenues and volumes included in the following statements and information—
 - quarterly income statement set out in Figure 12 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines:
 - quarterly revenues and volumes information set out in Figure 16 9 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; and
 - quarterly revenue, cost, and volume information for <u>Short SPHCCs</u>, in the form set out in <u>Figure 18 11</u> of <u>Appendix 1</u> of these Guidelines; and
- f) reconciliations of the total costs included in the following statements and information—
 - 1) quarterly income statement set out in **Figure** 12 2 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
 - 2) quarterly <u>Cost Matrix</u> set out in **Figure** 157 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; and
 - 3) quarterly revenue, cost, and volume information for <u>Short SPHCCs</u>, in the form set out in **Figure 18 11** of **Appendix 1** of these Guidelines.

Table 5: Product profitability statements

Column 1: Statement number	Column 2: Products specified by <u>OFCOM</u> to be contained in the quarterly product profitability statement	Column 3: Products specified by <u>OFCOM</u> to be contained in the annual product profitability statement
1	Access products D+2 and later letters and large letters	
2	Other <u>Access</u> products	
3		Access products
4		PAF

4.3 For the purpose of interpreting the full meaning of the products specified in **Columns 2 and 3** of **Table 5**, words or expressions shall be interpreted in accordance with **Section 2** of these Guidelines.

Section 5: Obligations relating to the separated Reported Business under USPAC 1.5

5.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.5.3, Royal Mail must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 6** by using the pro forma corresponding to the statement or information as specified in **Column 2 of that Table** (including notes disclosing a breakdown and explanations of any material items).

Table 6: Pro formas for the financial statements and information for the separated Reported Business

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.5.2		Column 2: Pro forma specified in Appendix 1 of these Guidelines
USPAC 1.5.2(a)	Annual end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	Figure 11 1, Appendix 1 (for statements to be published by USPAC 1.5.8); and Figure 12 2, Appendix 1 (for statements to be delivered to OFCOM by USPAC 1.5.9 10).
USPAC 1.5.2(b)	Quarterly end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	Figure 12 2, Appendix 1

5.2 For the purpose of USPAC 1.5.4 and USPAC 1.6.1, Royal Mail must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 7** in accordance with the additional requirements corresponding to the statement or information as prescribed by **Column 2 of that Table**.

Table 7: Additional requirements for the financial statements and information for the separated Reported Business

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.5.2		Column 2: Additional requirements in these Guidelines	
USPAC 1.5.2(a)	Annual end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements and the rules in Section 9 of the Guidelines shall apply.	
USPAC 1.5.2(b)	Quarterly end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements and the rules in Section 9 of the Guidelines shall apply.	

Section 6: Obligations relating to the Costing Manual and the Accounting Methodology Manual under USPAC 1.6

6.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.6.1, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare, maintain and keep up-to-date the <u>Costing Manual</u> and the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> in accordance with the general requirements set out in this **Section 6** concerning the <u>Costing Manual</u> and the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>, respectively.

The Costing Manual

General requirements

- **6.2** Royal Mail must comply with the rules in **Section 8** of the Guidelines concerning the <u>National Costing Rules</u> and the <u>Zonal Costing Rules</u>.
- **6.3** Subject to **§6.4**, Royal Mail must prepare, maintain and keep up-to-date the Costing Manual to a comprehensive level of detail to demonstrate compliance with the rules referred to in **§6.2**.
- **6.4** Royal Mail must prepare and present the Costing Manual in a manner that contains the level of detail necessary to allow a competent user of the Costing Manual with a reasonable degree of professional skill to reproduce the results of the National Costing Methodology and the Zonal Costing Methodology without the need for further instruction or interpretation.
- Royal Mail must provide information to OFCOM for each separate-material change to the Costing Manual, including the impact of all changes in a format that is clear and transparent, using the pro formas set out in Appendix 3 of these Guidelines. The impact of a change shall be calculated as the difference between the costs which Royal Mail have provided in the financial information and statements for the preceding Financial Year and the restated value of those costs if Royal Mail had applied that change in the preceding Financial Year.

Technical appendices

- **6.6** OFCOM hereby direct that—
 - (a) for the purpose of USPAC 1.6.1, <u>Royal Mail</u> must include in the technical appendices of the <u>Costing Manual</u> the information prescribed in, and the manner required by the pro-forma specified in, **Appendix 4** of these Guidelines; and
 - (b) for the purpose of USPAC 1.6.6, the technical appendices of the <u>Costing Manual</u> that contain commercially confidential information to <u>Royal Mail</u> is prescribed as confidential for that purpose.

The Accounting Methodology Manual

- **6.7** Royal Mail must in the Accounting Methodology Manual include all the detailed documentation of the Regulatory Accounting Methodology that Royal Mail is not required to document in the Costing Manual.
- **6.8** Royal Mail must prepare, maintain and keep up-to-date the Accounting Methodology Manual in accordance with **§6.9** and to a comprehensive level of detail to demonstrate compliance with its

obligation referred to in **§6.7**. Without prejudice to the generality of that obligation to include a comprehensive level of detail in the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must include—

- (a) a detailed description of the methodology followed in the identification of the relevant Royal Mail costs for the Relevant Group and the Reported Business; and
- (b) separate descriptions of the detailed <u>Regulatory Accounting Methodology</u> used by <u>Royal Mail</u> shall be provided for all the main items in the income statements, capital employed statement and cash flow statements, and including—
 - (i) a description of the data sources used to calculate inputs and allocations; and
 - (ii) the methodology and calculations used by <u>Royal Mail</u> to determine that the <u>Transfer Charges</u> are presented in sufficient detail to enable <u>OFCOM</u> to ensure that the calculated <u>Transfer Charges</u> follow the requirements in these Guidelines.
- Royal Mail must prepare and present the Accounting Methodology Manual in a manner that contains the level of detail necessary to allow a competent user of the Accounting Methodology Manual with a reasonable degree of professional accounting skill, and when used in conjunction with the Costing Manual, to gain a clear understanding of how the financial statements and information required by or under the USPAC Condition have been prepared without the need for further instruction or interpretation.
- Accounting Methodology Manual, including the impact of all changes in a format that is clear and transparent using the pro formas as set out in Appendix 3 of these Guidelines. The impact of a change shall be calculated as the difference between the financial information items (e.g. revenues) which Royal Mail have provided in the financial information and statements for the preceding Financial Year and the restated value of those financial information items if Royal Mail had applied that change in in the preceding Financial Year.

Section 7: Product Allocations for Accounting Separation

- **7.1** For the purpose of USPAC 1.4.7, <u>OFCOM</u> hereby direct that, in relation to product profitability statements in **Column 1** of **Table 5** in **Section 4** of these Guidelines, <u>Royal Mail</u> is only required to publish the combined figures for <u>Access</u> products < 2kg and <u>Access</u> products > 2kg.
- **7.2** Royal Mail must specify in the Accounting Methodology Manual every product and service that falls into each product profitability statement in **Column 1** of **Table 5** in **Section 4** of these Guidelines and every product and service that falls into each product group required by USPAC 1.5.2(a) and 1.5.2(b).
- **7.3** For the avoidance of doubt, any changes <u>Royal Mail</u> may make to the product and service allocations referred to in §7.2, for any <u>Financial Quarter or</u> <u>Financial Year</u> to which the <u>USPAC Conditions</u> apply, shall be treated as a change subject to the obligation referred to in §6.10.

Section 8: Regulatory Accounting Methodology

8.1 Royal Mail must ensure that the <u>Regulatory Accounting Methodology</u> complies with the detailed rules set out in this **Section 8**, which relate to the allocation and apportionment of costs, revenues, assets and cash flows for the <u>Reported Business</u>.

Income statements and product profitability statements

Introduction

8.2 Royal Mail must ensure that its preparation of any income statement or product profitability statement for the Reported Business required by or under the USPAC Condition complies with the rules set out below.

Levels of preparation

- 8.3 Royal Mail must ensure, for the purposes of USPAC 1.4.1(a), (d), and (e i), that annual income statements, annual reconciliations of such income statements, and annual product profitability statements are prepared to the level of Financeability EBIT, and EBIT as defined in the statutory financial statements of RM IDS plc.
- 8.4 Royal Mail must ensure, for the purposes of USPAC 1.4.1(b), (c), and (f i) that quarterly income statements, annual reconciliations of such income statements, and quarterly product profitability statements are prepared to the level of Financeability EBIT, and EBIT as defined in the statutory financial statements of RM IDS plc.

Revenue Accounting

- **8.5** References to "revenue" in this **Section 8** are references to external and internal turnover used in the preparation of any income statement or product profitability statement. External and internal turnover shall consist of income for products and/or services arising from the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for products and/or services provided as part of the operational trading of the Reported Business.
- 8.6 To recognise revenue, <u>Royal Mail</u> must follow the revenue recognition accounting policies adopted by <u>Royal Mail IDS plc</u> as part of their compliance with the accounting standards used in producing its audited annual statutory accounts.
- **8.7** Revenue shall be assigned directly to the appropriate products and/or services using the relevant information in <u>Royal Mail</u>'s billing systems, and shall be consistently applied across all products and/or services, including stamped and metered mail.
- **8.8** Where it is not possible to directly allocate revenue to products and/or services, <u>Royal Mail</u> must use its best endeavours to find the most appropriate and objective driver to apportion the revenue to product and to document this apportionment of revenue in the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>.
- **8.9** Royal Mail must report the revenue by showing the following separately—

- (a) external revenues relating to the sales of any product or service outside of the <u>Relevant Group</u>; and
- **(b)** internal revenues (resulting from <u>Transfer Charges</u>) relating to the sales of any product or service within the <u>Relevant Group</u>.

Volumes

8.10 Royal Mail must follow National Costing Rule 13 as the sole basis for traffic measurement used in the financial statements and information.

Costing

National Costing Methodology

- 8.11 Royal Mail must
 - ensure that the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> complies with the <u>National Costing Rules</u> set out in this **Section 8**;
 - (b) document the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> in the <u>Costing Manual</u>; and
 - (c) apply the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> to all the costs of the products and/or services of the Reported Business.

National Costing Rules

National Costing Rule 1: Activity Based Costing ('ABC')

- **8.12** The National Costing Methodology shall—
 - (a) be based on Activity Based Costing;
 - (b) identify—
 - (i) all the <u>Activities</u> that the <u>Reported Business</u> performs as part of its <u>Operational</u> Business Processes and Non-operational Business Processes;
 - (ii) all the products and/or services and SPHCCs which the Reported Business provides;
 - (c) calculate <u>Activity Costs</u>, using appropriate <u>Resource Drivers</u>, and ensure that the costs of the resources which each <u>Activity</u> consumes are attributed to that <u>Activity</u>; and
 - (d) assign <u>Activity Costs</u>, using appropriate <u>Activity Drivers</u>, to all the products and/or services and <u>SPHCCs</u> which are provided as a result of, or are supported by, that particular <u>Activity</u>. The assignment of <u>Activity Costs</u> shall be undertaken in one of the following two ways—
 - (i) attributing, where a direct causal link between an Activity and the relevant products

and/or services and SPHCCs can be identified and used as the basis for assigning costs; or

(ii) allocating, where no direct causal link can be identified between an <u>Activity</u> and the relevant products and/or services and <u>SPHCCs</u>, and instead a reasonable assumption shall be made to assign the <u>Activity Costs</u> to the relevant products and/or services and SPHCCs.

National Costing Rule 2: Operational reality

As far as is practicable, the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall reflect the trading operations of <u>Royal Mail</u> as they are undertaken with the exception of <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> below concerning <u>Class Costing</u>, but subject to the additional requirements of the <u>Zonal Costing Rules</u>.

National Costing Rule 3: Class Costing

First Class mail

- 8.14 <u>Class Costing</u> shall be applied to all <u>Avoidable First Class Costs</u> which meet the following criteria—
 - (a) the costs would be avoided, if <u>Royal Mail</u> were not to offer <u>First Class</u>, but the current operational specifications of all other products and/or services were to remain unchanged ¹; and
 - (b) the costs exclude any incremental costs which would be incurred, if all <u>Second Class</u> using the First Class Activities were to be processed alongside other Second Class.

Avoidable First Class Costs

- **8.15** All <u>Avoidable First Class Costs</u> shall be attributed only to <u>First Class</u>. <u>Avoidable First Class Costs</u> may include, but is not limited to, the following <u>Cost Types</u>—
 - (a) accommodation;
 - (b) shift pay allowance; and
 - (c) plant and machinery non-running time costs.

Second Class mail

8.16 Class Costing shall be applied to all Avoidable Second Class Costs which meet the following criteria—

- (a) the costs would be avoided, if <u>Royal Mail</u> were not to offer <u>First Class</u> or <u>Second Class</u>, but the current operational specifications of <u>Third Class</u> were to remain unchanged; and
- (b) the costs exclude any incremental costs which would be incurred, if all <u>Third Class</u> using <u>First</u> Class or Second Class Activities were to be processed alongside other Third Class.

Avoidable Second Class Costs

¹ For example, that Second Class mail would continue to be collected and delivered six days a week.

- 8.17 All <u>Avoidable Second Class Costs</u> shall be attributed only to <u>Second Class</u>. <u>Avoidable Second Class Costs</u> may include, but is not limited to, the following <u>Cost Types</u>—
 - (a) accommodation;
 - (b) shift pay allowance; and
 - (c) plant and machinery non-running time costs.

National Costing Rule 4: General Ledger costs and Cost Types

8.18 The relevant categories of costs recorded in <u>Royal Mail</u>'s financial records (including the financial statements and information required by or under the <u>USPAC Condition</u>), including in the <u>General Ledger</u>, may be aggregated into a set of <u>Cost Types</u> before attributing those costs to <u>Activities</u>. <u>Cost Types</u> shall be selected such that each represents the costs of a single key resource being utilised (e.g. staff, machines, accommodation, vehicles).

National Costing Rule 5: Activities

8.19 Where appropriate (and to the extent possible), <u>Business Processes</u> shall be divided into <u>Activities</u>. When identifying an <u>Activity</u>, consideration must be given to the <u>Cost Types</u> used by that <u>Activity</u> to ensure those <u>Cost Types</u> are caused, in accordance with the <u>Guiding Principle</u> of Causality, by the <u>SPHCCs</u> to which the <u>Activity Cost</u> is allocated.

National Costing Rule 6: Resource Drivers

- **8.20** All costs aggregated into <u>Cost Types</u> shall be attributed to the <u>Activities</u> which cause those costs to be incurred. Where a <u>Cost Type</u> is incurred as a result of more than one <u>Activity</u>, <u>Resource Drivers</u> shall be used to attribute an appropriate share of the Cost Type to each Activity.
- **8.21** The Resource Driver for each Cost Type shall be—
 - (a) based on the resource consumption giving rise to the <u>Cost Type</u> (e.g. staff hours, machine hours, accommodation footprint, vehicle hours); and
 - (b) quantified based on appropriate operational and financial data, using actual data containing the necessary granularity.

Only where such actual data is unavailable or lacks the necessary components for cost allocation, Royal Mail may use modelled or theoretical data, provided that this data is—

- (c) based on sampling or industrial engineering studies; and
- (d) prepared in accordance with relevant statistical sampling techniques and ISO standards (see National Costing Rule 14).

For the avoidance of doubt, where <u>Royal Mail</u> uses either actual, modelled or theoretical data under this **§8.21**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure the integrity of the data in accordance with <u>National Costing Rule</u>

National Costing Rule 7: Products and SPHCCs

- **8.22** Where applicable, each product and/or service, or a group of similar products and/or services, shall be divided into a range of <u>SPHCCs</u> which identifies, and differentiates between, all the applicable and relevant measured characteristics which affect how processing an item of that product and/or service, or group of products and/or services, incurs costs. The measuring characteristics shall, as a minimum, include the following—
 - (a) format (e.g. letter, large letter, packet, etc.);
 - (b) class (e.g. <u>First Class</u>, <u>Second Class</u>, <u>Third Class</u>, etc.);
 - (c) payment method (e.g. stamped, metered, account, PPI, etc.); and
 - (d) handling (e.g. mechanised versus manual, etc.).
- **8.23** The <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall apply a cost to the whole range of <u>SPHCC</u>s. For the avoidance of doubt, <u>Royal Mail</u> may use additional measuring characteristics.

National Costing Rule 8: Activity Costs

- The National Costing Methodology shall assign an appropriate share of each Activity Cost to each of the relevant SPHCCs as set out below. To determine how an Activity Cost shall be assigned to the relevant SPHCCs, it shall first be determined into which one of the following categories the Activity Cost falls—
 - (a) Attributable Operational Costs: Activity Costs within a single Operational Business Process which have a direct causal link to the processing of some or all of the SPHCCs;
 - **(b)** Attributable Non-operational Costs: Activity Costs which are directly related to certain products and/or services, but are not part of the Operational Business Processes; and
 - (c) Aggregate Costs: Activity Costs, or a proportion of an Activity Cost, which are assigned in aggregate to notional SPHCCs and not incorporated into the unit costs of other SPHCCs, for the following reasons
 - the costs do not follow the handling characteristics which are used to define SPHCCs (see National Costing Rule 7); or
 - (ii) the costs relate to <u>Activities</u> carried out on behalf of other <u>Royal Mail</u> business units for products and/or services that do not result in external revenues attributed to the <u>Reported Business</u>, and do not relate to any of the products and/or services of the <u>Reported Business</u>. These costs shall be included in the costing covered by the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> to ensure reconciliation of costs and data integrity.
 - (d) Overheads, which shall be classed either—

- (i) if the <u>Activity Costs</u> relate to one or more <u>Operational Business Processes</u> which do not have a direct causal link to any of the <u>SPHCC</u>s being processed, as <u>Pipeline Overheads</u>; or
- (ii) if the <u>Activity Costs</u> relate to <u>Non-operational Business Processes</u> which do not have a direct causal link to any of the <u>SPHCC</u>s being processed, as <u>General Overheads</u>.

National Costing Rule 9: Activity Drivers

- **8.25** The assignment of <u>Activity Costs</u> to <u>SPHCC</u>s shall be undertaken using appropriate <u>Activity Drivers</u> which shall be identified and quantified based on the following rules
 - each <u>Activity Cost</u> shall be assigned to all the <u>SPHCC</u>s which that <u>Activity</u> directly contributes to, or indirectly supports; and
 - (b) <u>Activity Drivers</u> shall reflect the relative proportions of the amount of work which the totality of all the units of each <u>SPHCC</u> creates for the related <u>Activity</u>.
- **8.26** Three types of <u>Activity Drivers</u> shall be used—
 - (a) <u>Weighted Volume Drivers</u> (see <u>National Costing Rule 10</u>): These drivers represent the relative amount of work of processing all the units of each <u>SPHCC</u> taking into account the proportion of the total number of units which consume the relevant <u>Activity</u>.
 - (b) Other Drivers (see National Costing Rule 11): These drivers shall be used for costs which are directly linked to a factor other than mail traffic in the Pipeline (e.g. certain network distribution costs which depend on vehicle runs).
 - (c) <u>EPMU</u> (see <u>National Costing Rule 12</u>): <u>EPMU</u> methods which allocate costs based on the relative proportions of the costs which have already been assigned to the relevant <u>SPHCC</u>s.
- **8.27 Table 8** below shows how each type of <u>Activity Cost</u> shall be assigned to <u>SPHCC</u> (which is illustrated by a tick in the Table).

Table 8: Activity Cost assignment to SPHCC

	Attributable Operational Costs and Attributable Non-operational Costs	<u>Overheads</u>	Aggregate Costs
Weighted Volume Drivers	✓		
Other Drivers	✓		✓
<u>EPMU</u>		✓	

National Costing Rule 10: Weighted Volume Drivers

- **8.28** <u>Weighted Volume Drivers</u> shall incorporate two types of factors for each relevant attributable <u>Activity Cost</u>, namely—
 - (a) <u>Proportional Factors</u>, which represent the proportion of the total volume of each <u>SPHCC</u> which uses the related <u>Activity</u>; and
 - (b) Weighting Factors, which represent the relative amount of work that units of each <u>SPHCC</u> require from the related <u>Activity</u>, when compared to a different <u>SPHCC</u> using the same <u>Activity</u>.
- **8.29** <u>Proportional Factors</u> referred to in **§8.28(a)** shall be based on operational data collected using representative measurements of total volumes (including statistical sampling techniques where necessary, see <u>National Costing Rule 14</u>).
- **8.30** Depending on the nature of the <u>Activity</u>, one or more of the following variables may be used as a determinant of the amount of work to calculate the <u>Weighting Factors</u>—
 - (a) time (needed to carry out the <u>Activity</u>);
 - (b) weight (of an item); and
 - (c) size (or physical dimensions of an item),

provided that each variable used by <u>Royal Mail</u> to calculate each <u>Weighting Factor</u> is quantified based on appropriate operational data using actual data containing the necessary granularity.

Only where such actual data is unavailable or lacks the necessary components for cost allocation, <u>Royal Mail</u> may use modelled or theoretical data, provided that this data is—

- (d) based on sampling or industrial engineering studies; and
- (e) prepared in accordance with relevant statistical sampling techniques and ISO standards (see National Costing Rule 14).

For the avoidance of doubt, where <u>Royal Mail</u> uses either actual, modelled or theoretical data under this **§8.30**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure the integrity of the data in accordance with <u>National Costing Rule</u> 15.

- **8.31** Royal Mail must carry out for each <u>Financial Year</u> a review to ascertain which <u>Proportional Factors</u> and <u>Weighting Factors</u> need to be reviewed and, if necessary, must update them to ensure that they continue to reflect operational reality accurately.
- **8.32** To identify the <u>Proportional Factors</u> and the <u>Weighting Factors</u> which may need adjusting referred to in **§8.31**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must consider what (if any) changes have occurred during the <u>Financial</u> Year in question in the following areas—
 - (a) working practices;
 - **(b)** <u>SPHCC</u>s mix (relative volumes).

8.33 Royal Mail may carry out ad hoc event-driven reviews and updates if necessary.

National Costing Rule 11: Other Drivers

- **8.34** Other Drivers shall be used for costs (certain <u>Attributable Operational Costs</u> and all <u>Attributable Non-operational Costs</u> and <u>Aggregate Costs</u>) which are directly linked to a factor other than mail traffic in the <u>Pipeline</u>.
- **8.35** Other Drivers shall be quantified based on appropriate operational data using actual data containing the necessary granularity which reflects the causal link to that factor.

Only where such actual data is unavailable or lacks the necessary components for cost allocation, Royal Mail may use modelled or theoretical data, provided that this data is—

- (a) based on sampling or industrial engineering studies; and
- (b) prepared in accordance with relevant statistical sampling techniques and ISO standards (see National Costing Rule 14).

For the avoidance of doubt, where <u>Royal Mail</u> uses either actual, modelled or theoretical data under this **§8.35**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure the integrity of the data in accordance with <u>National Costing Rule 15</u>.

National Costing Rule 12: Equi-Proportional Mark-Up ('EPMU')

- **8.36** EPMU shall be used for allocating Overheads (see National Costing Rule 8) by treating them in the following manner—
 - (a) <u>Pipeline Overheads</u> shall be allocated to all, and only, those <u>SPHCC</u>s which are processed by that element of the <u>Pipeline</u>; and
 - **(b)** <u>General Overheads</u> shall be allocated to all <u>SPHCC</u>s which are processed through the <u>Pipeline</u>.
- 8.37 <u>EPMU</u> shall be applied for each of the <u>Activity Costs</u> within <u>Overheads</u> separately, and be based only on the proportions of the <u>Attributable Operational Costs</u> and the <u>Attributable Non-operational Costs</u>, once they have been attributed. <u>EPMU</u> applications shall not take account of any other costs already allocated using <u>EPMU</u> ("non-nested" approach).

National Costing Rule 13: Traffic measurement

- **8.38** Royal Mail must use the Revenue Derived Method of traffic measurement, whereby the traffic volume for products and/or services is calculated by dividing the total revenue of the products and/or services by the average unit price of them, in the National Costing Methodology.
- **8.39** The measurement method used for each <u>SPHCC</u> shall be applied consistently within the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> and over time.

National Costing Rule 14: Data and sampling

- 8.40 All operational data —whether actual, modelled or theoretical data— used by the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall be regularly reviewed and, where necessary, updated to ensure the accuracy of costing and its consistency with the operational reality (see <u>National Costing Rule 2</u>). In so doing, for the avoidance of doubt, <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure the integrity of all the data in accordance with <u>National Costing Rule 15</u>.
- Royal Mail must ensure that all sampling used by the National Costing Methodology is applied by a qualified professional statistician as such sampling must be based on statistical techniques regarded as appropriate for such purposes. The reference to a "qualified professional statistician" is a reference to a person with the relevant statistical knowledge and expertise, who shall have a qualification in statistics from a recognised professional body, such as the Royal Statistical Society in the United Kingdom.

National Costing Rule 15: Data integrity

8.42 Definition: Data Integrity is the maintenance of and, so far as is possible, the assurance of the accuracy and consistency of any data over time, and the data includes (but is not limited to) inputs, models and outputs.

In light of that definition, Royal Mail shall ensure that—

- (a) the <u>Data Integrity</u> of financial and operational data —whether actual, modelled or theoretical data— used for the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall be preserved by adequate checks and controls on the data for the same period as well as adequate checks and controls on the development of data from one period to another;
- (b) those checks and controls include (but are not limited to) reconciliation of total cost data at appropriate points in the <u>National Costing Methodology</u>; and
- any and all changes to data sources and methodologies from one period to another are justified by reference to relevant requirements in the <u>RAG</u> and the <u>Guiding Principles</u> in the USPAC Condition.
- 8.43 The total amount of input costs relating to any element of the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall be equal to the total amount of output costs relating to that element. In particular, the following total figures shall be reconciled to each other—
 - (a) the total costs in the <u>General Ledger</u>;
 - **(b)** the total <u>Activity Costs</u>; and
 - (c) the total costs of all <u>SPHCC</u>s.

Zonal Costing Methodology

8.44 Royal Mail must—

- ensure that the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> complies with the <u>Zonal Costing Rules</u> set out in this **Section 8**;
- (b) document the **Zonal Costing Methodology** in the **Costing Manual**; and
- apply the Zonal Costing Methodology where Royal Mail uses different prices for products and/or services falling within the Reported Business for different parts of the United Kingdom, but only where the provision of such products and/or services are subject to obligations under regulatory conditions (as defined by section 28(2) of the Act).

Zonal Costing Rules

Zonal Costing Rule 1: Activity Based Costing ('ABC')

The <u>National Costing Rule 1</u> shall apply and the reference in that Rule to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 2: Operational reality

- **8.46** The National Costing Rule 2 shall apply and references in that Rule to
 - the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>; and
 - (b) <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 3</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 3: Class costing

8.47 The National Costing Rule 3 shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 4: Zonal General Ledger costs and Cost Types

8.48 Non-staff costs attributed to the <u>Delivery Office</u> shall be broken down by <u>Cost Type</u>. (For the avoidance of doubt, any differences relating to a geographic area in these <u>Cost Types</u> shall be included in the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> in accordance with <u>Zonal Costing Rule 16</u>.). Subject to that qualification, the <u>National Costing Rule 4</u> shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 5: Activities

8.49 The National Costing Rule 5 shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 6: Resource Drivers

8.50 The National Costing Rule 6 shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 7: Zonal Products and SPHCCs

- **8.51** Royal Mail must attribute costs to products and/or services falling within the Reported Business referred to in **§8.44(c)** by sub-dividing them into SPHCCs in accordance with the following measured characteristics—
 - (a) format (e.g. letter, flat, packet, etc.);
 - (b) class (e.g. First Class, Second Class, Third Class, etc.); and
 - (c) payment method (e.g. stamped, metered, account, <u>PPI</u>, etc.); and
 - (d) handling (e.g. mechanised versus manual, etc.).
- **8.52** For the avoidance of doubt, <u>Royal Mail</u> may use additional measuring characteristics, provided that the measured characteristics referred to in **§8.51** are used.

Zonal Costing Rule 8: Activity Costs

- 8.53 The National Costing Rule 8 shall apply and references in that Rule to
 - the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>; and
 - (b) <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 7</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 9: Activity Drivers

- **8.54** The National Costing Rule 9 shall apply and references in that Rule to
 - the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>;
 - (b) <u>National Costing Rule 10</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 10</u>;
 - (c) <u>National Costing Rule 11</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 11</u>; and

(d) National Costing Rule 12 is to be read as a reference to Zonal Costing Rule 12.

Zonal Costing Rule 10: Weighted Volume Drivers

8.55 The National Costing Rule 10 shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 11: Other Drivers

8.56 The National Costing Rule 11 shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 12: Equi-proportional Mark-up ('EPMU')

8.57 The National Costing Rule 12 shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 13: Zonal Traffic measurement

- **8.58** The <u>National Costing Rule 13</u> shall apply and references in that Rule to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> are to be read as references to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>.
- 8.59 With the commencement of the second <u>Financial Quarter</u> of the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that any <u>MCS</u> sampling used for estimating costs in relation to <u>Zones</u> for downstream services must include all volumes associated with the downstream services. References to downstream services for that purpose are references to services relating to the final sortation conducted at the <u>Inward Mail Centre</u> and <u>Delivery Offices</u>, and the conveyance of mail items from the <u>Inward Mail Centre</u> to final delivery destination.

Zonal Costing Rule 14: Zonal Operational data and sampling

- 8.60 Subject to §§8.61-8.63, the National Costing Rule 14 shall apply and references in that Rule to
 - the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>; and
 - (b) <u>National Costing Rule 2</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 2</u>.
- **8.61** Royal Mail must review its operational data for the estimation of costs of products and/or services falling within the Reported Business referred to in **§8.44(c)**. In addition, Royal Mail must update its estimation of such costs to ensure that it is consistent with—

- the updated values of the explanatory variables ² of the relevant cost functions (e.g. postcode sector volumes, number of delivery points, area, volume delivered per delivery point and proportion of business delivery);
- (b) the updated variable coefficients³ of the relevant cost functions (updated variable coefficients⁴);
- (c) the updated mapping of postcode sectors, <u>Delivery Offices</u>, and <u>Inward Mail Centres</u> to Zones; and
- (d) the updated differentials in costs for each <u>Zone</u> arising from geographic differentials in pay rates and other input costs.

Except for the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with these obligations before the start of every <u>Financial Year</u>. In relation to the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with these obligations by the end of that <u>Financial Year</u>.

- 8.62 Where regressions 5 are used to estimate the costs referred to in §8.61, Royal Mail must include in the Costing Manual information demonstrating that the regressions 6 are statistically valid. Royal Mail must ensure that such regressions are derived by a qualified professional econometrician using data in accordance with the Zonal Costing Rules. The reference to a "qualified professional econometrician" is a reference to a person with the relevant knowledge and expertise in econometrics, who is qualified in the application of mathematics and statistical methods to economic data.
- 8.63 Royal Mail must ensure that all sampling used for the estimation of costs referred to in §8.61 is applied by a qualified professional statistician as such sampling must be based on statistical techniques regarded as appropriate for such purposes. The reference to a "qualified professional statistician" is a reference to a person with the relevant statistical knowledge and expertise, who shall have a qualification in statistics from a recognised professional body, such as the Royal Statistical Society in the United Kingdom. Royal Mail must include in the Costing Manual information demonstrating that the sampling is statistically valid.

Zonal Costing Rule 15: Zonal Data consistency

- **8.64** The <u>National Costing Rule 15</u> shall apply and references in that Rule to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> are to be read as references to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>.
- **8.65** Royal Mail must also ensure that the following figures are reconciled to each other—

² The reference to an explanatory variable is a reference to a variable which is used to explain or to predict changes in the value of another variable.

³ The reference to a variable coefficient is a reference to figure multiplied with a variable or an unknown quantity in an algebraic formula.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ The reference to a regression is a reference to a relationship between the mean value of a random variable and the corresponding values of one or more independent variables.
⁶ *Ibid.*

- (a) any estimated costs for the postcode sectors served by each <u>Delivery Office</u> shall be reconciled with the total relevant costs of that Delivery Office; and
- (b) geographically de-averaged costs used for estimating costs in relation to <u>Zones</u> shall be reconciled with the corresponding costs to be derived under <u>National Costing Rule</u> <u>15</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 16: Geographic cost reflectivity

8.66 Royal Mail must ensure that its estimation of costs in relation to Zones includes all material differences between costs that vary by each geographical area encompassed by the Zone in question.

Zonal Costing Rule 17: Postcode sector cost estimation

8.67 Royal Mail must, where it uses estimates of costs in relation to postcode sectors as inputs for estimating costs in relation to Zones, use actual postcode sector data.

Zonal Costing Rule 18: Amendment of Zones

- **8.68** Royal Mail must comply with the following rules in relation to defining and amending Zones—
 - (a) for the first Financial Year, the total number of Zones shall not exceed four; and
 - (b) Royal Mail must review the boundaries of <u>Zones</u> and <u>Royal Mail</u> may define new or additional <u>Zones</u>, provided that <u>Zones</u> having the similarly estimated unit costs shall always be treated as part of the same <u>Zone</u>.

Except for the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with the obligation in **§8.68(b)** before the start of every <u>Financial Year</u>. In relation to the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with that obligation by the end of that <u>Financial Year</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 19: Reconciliation of zonal and national cost estimates

- **8.69** Royal Mail must review changes in its estimation of costs in relation to Zones to ensure that—
 - (a) in deriving each unit cost estimate, the estimated total postcode sector volumes and estimated total volumes in relation to <u>Zones</u> both equal the total national volumes derived under <u>National Costing Rule 15</u>, and
 - (b) the average unit costs in relation to <u>Zones</u> derived from the volumes referred to in §8.69(a) remains equal to the corresponding average unit costs derived under the <u>National</u> Costing Methodology.

Except for the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with these obligations before the start of every <u>Financial Year</u>. In relation to the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with these obligations by the end of that <u>Financial Year</u>.

Transformation Costs

- 8.70 Royal Mail must account for all <u>Transformation Costs</u> arising from the trading operations of <u>Royal Mail</u> relevant to the <u>Reported Business</u> which are not already included in the <u>National Costing Methodology</u>. <u>Royal Mail</u> must account for <u>Transformation Costs</u> in the income statements and product profitability statements for the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- **8.71** Royal Mail must allocate the <u>Transformation Costs</u> referred to in **§8.70** to the <u>Reported Business</u> by using an appropriate cost driver. The basis of the allocation concerned shall be set out in the Accounting Methodology Manual.

Transfer Charges

- **8.72** Royal Mail must ensure that <u>Transfer Charges</u> between the <u>Reported Business</u> and the rest of the <u>Relevant Group</u> are applied in compliance with the rules set out in §8.73-§8.80.
- **8.73** For **§8.72**, a <u>Transfer Charge</u> shall be calculated on an arm's length basis for each product and/or service provided.
- **8.74** Royal Mail must set a <u>Transfer Charge</u> for the provision of each product and/or service between the <u>Reported Business</u> and the rest of the <u>Relevant Group</u>.
- **8.75** All income statements for the <u>Reported Business</u> shall include the <u>Transfer Charges</u> between the Reported Business and the rest of Relevant Group.
- **8.76** Subject to §§8.77-78, Royal Mail must calculate a <u>Transfer Charge</u> on an arm's length basis in accordance with §8.72 by securing that
 - if the product and/or service provided is provided to persons other than the Relevant Group, the Transfer Price shall be equivalent to the price charged to those persons;
 - (b) if the product and/or service is provided to the <u>Relevant Group</u> by other persons, the <u>Transfer Price</u> shall be equivalent to the price charged by those persons; and
 - if the product and/or service does not fall within §8.76(a) or (b), the <u>Transfer Price</u> shall be equal to the <u>FAC</u> of that product and/or service plus an appropriate return.
- **8.77** Royal Mail is not required to set a <u>Transfer Price</u> for the services provided by central finance, human resources, and purchasing and customer management services which are used by <u>UKPIL</u> <u>RM UK</u> and are managed centrally.

- 8.78 Royal Mail must apply the rule referred to in §8.76(c) in relation to any use of its vehicles, where the use of vehicles is shared between the Reported Business and the rest of the Relevant Group.
- **8.79** Royal Mail must provide a statement setting out all <u>Transfer Charges</u> as part of the notes to the annual and quarterly income statements.
- **8.80** Royal Mail must include in the Accounting Methodology Manual a detailed description of the approach and the assumptions used for the calculation of the <u>Transfer Charges</u>.

Cost Matrix

- The cost lines included in the <u>Cost Matrix</u> must be <u>based on the mapping to the General Ledger</u>.

 which was applied in the <u>Cost Matrix</u> prepared as part of <u>Royal Mail's Strategic Business Plan</u>

 submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to <u>OFCOM</u> on 14 May 2015, with the exception of provided in accordance with to the guidance given in the notes 2, 3 and 4 to Figures 2, 5 and 15 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines..
- When changes to the mapping of the <u>Cost Matrix</u> to the <u>General Ledger</u> are necessary, the <u>Cost Matrix</u> shall include the details and the impact of those changes and the reasons for those changes.

PVEO Analysis

- **8.83** The <u>PVEO Analysis</u> for a <u>Financial Year</u> in question shall be prepared in compliance with the following rules:
 - Price related cost changes in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> must be calculated by multiplying the costs in the prior <u>Financial Year</u> (excluding all non-recurring items captured by **§8.83(c)**) by the percentage change in an appropriate inflation index during the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u>, using <u>AEI</u> for people costs as set out in **Figures 6a and 6b of Appendix 1** of these Guidelines, and <u>CPI</u> for all other costs.
 - (b) Volume related cost changes in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> must be calculated as the sum of the following changes:
 - the cost changes related to the changes in the <u>Workload</u> in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u>, calculated by multiplying the percentage change in the <u>Workload</u> in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> by the relevant costs in the prior <u>Financial Year</u> excluding non-recurring items (captured by §8.83(c)) and subsequently inflated using the inflation index used in §8.83(a);
 - (ii) the changes in the Financial Year in question from the prior Financial Year in all the

costs related to POL and international terminal dues; and

- (iii) any other cost changes in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> related to changes in mail volume.
- (c) The volume related cost changes referred to in (b)(i) above, for the purposes of PVEO
 Analysis required for an actual Financial Year, must be calculated using Workload changes calculated on the basis of the same assumptions and categories adopted in the most recent Five-Yearly Financial Forecast.
- (d) Other cost changes must encompass all the cost changes related to non-recurring items in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question and the prior <u>Financial Year</u> which are outside <u>Royal Mail</u>'s control.
- (e) With respect to each and every cost change referred to in (d) above, <u>Royal Mail</u> must provide the reasons why that change meets the criteria set out in (d) above.
- (f) Efficiency related cost changes shall be the remaining change in the cost in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u>, after all the cost changes in §§8.83(a), (b) and (d) have been deducted from the total change in costs in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u>.

Pension costs

8.84 Any pension contributions made by <u>Royal Mail</u> to its pension schemes, including <u>DB Pension Service Costs</u>, which is included in the income statement, the <u>PVEO Analysis</u>, and <u>Cost Matrix</u> shall be measured on a cash paid basis.

Capital employed statements

Introduction

- 8.85 Royal Mail must ensure that the preparation of the annual capital employed financial statement for the Reported Business complies with the rules set out in §§8.86-8.124.
- 8.86 The annual capital employed statement shall include operational assets and net working capital (net value of current assets and current liabilities).
- 8.87 The annual capital employed statement shall represent the closing balances of the items as at the end of the <u>Financial Year</u> to which the annual capital employed statement relates.
- 8.88 All the assets and liabilities which are wholly related to the operations and trading of products and services of the Reported Business shall be included in the annual capital employed statement.

8.89 Those assets and liabilities which are partly related to the operations and trading of products and services of the Reported Business shall be apportioned to the Reported Business in compliance with the rules set out in §§8.90-8.124.

Non-current assets

8.90 Royal Mail must include in the annual capital employed statement the non-current assets specified in (and in the manner prescribed in) §§8.91-8.101.

Fixed assets (property, plant and equipment)

- 8.91 The value of the fixed assets shall be based on the historical costs and depreciation records kept in the Fixed Asset Register.
- 8.92 The value of the fixed assets shall be consistent with the values reported in the statutory accounts and the depreciation costs calculated by the National Costing Methodology.
- 8.93 Royal Mail_must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main asset categories together with their associated NBV, costs and depreciations.
- 8.94 The allocation of fixed assets which are wholly or partly used by the products and/or services of the Reported Business shall be based on the relative extent to which those assets are used by the products and/or services concerned, where applicable consistent with the allocation of corresponding depreciation charges in the National Costing Methodology.
- 8.95 If a <u>Transfer Price</u> is charged to the <u>Reported Business</u> by the rest of the <u>Relevant Group</u> for the use of a fixed asset, that fixed asset shall be excluded from the annual capital employed statement of the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- 8.96 Any internal transfer of fixed assets shall be disclosed in the notes to the annual capital employed statement.

Intangible assets

- 8.97 The categorisation of intangible assets for the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be consistent with the categorisation in the RM plc's statutory accounts.
- 8.98 Royal Mail is not required to include goodwill in intangible assets.
- 8.99 The allocation of software, master franchise licences and customer listing assets shall be based on the relative extent to which such assets are used by the products and/or services of the Reported Business.

Other non-current assets

- 8.100 Subject to \$8.101, Royal Mail may include in aggregate other non-current assets.
- **8.101** Royal Mail must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in other non-current assets.

Current assets

8.102 Royal Mail must include in the annual capital employed statement the current assets specified in (and in the manner prescribed in) §\$8.103-8.114.

Trade and other receivables

- 8.103 Trade and other receivables shall include prepayments.
- **8.104** Prepayments shall be allocated based on the allocation of the costs of the associated products and/or services.
- **8.105** Trade receivables shall be allocated based on the revenues of the products and/or services to which they relate.
- **8.106** Royal Mail must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out details of the amount of any bad debt provisions allocated to trade receivables.
- 8.107 Royal Mail may include in aggregate other receivables, but Royal Mail must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in other receivables.

Cash and cash equivalent

- 8.108 The categorisation of cash and cash equivalents for the <u>Reported Business</u> shall include items that are maintained for the purpose of financing business operations and to enable trading of the products and/or services in the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- 8.109 Overdrafts shall be netted off against cash and cash equivalents.
- **8.110** Cash and cash equivalents that are managed centrally within the <u>Relevant Group</u> shall be allocated to the <u>Reported Business</u> to identify the cash requirements for the purpose of financing the operations and trading of the products and/or services of the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- **8.111** The cash requirements of the Reported Business shall be determined based on the operating cash flows and capital expenditure commitments identified to the Reported Business by the rules in these Guidelines.

- **8.112** The cash requirements of the Reported Business may be estimated based on the actual operating and capital expenditures.
- **8.113** Royal Mail must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in cash and cash equivalents.

Other current assets

8.114 Royal Mail may include in aggregate other items in other current assets, but Royal Mail must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in other current assets.

Current liabilities

8.115 Royal Mail must include in the annual capital employed statement at least the current liabilities specified in (and in the manner prescribed in) §§8.116-8.124.

Trade and other payables

- 8.116 The allocation of trade payables between the Reported Business and the rest of Royal Mail shall be based on the allocation of the costs of the Activities, products and/or services to which they relate.
- 8.117 Trade and other payables shall include deferred income. The allocation of deferred income between the Reported Business and the rest of Royal Mail shall be based on the allocation of the corresponding income.
- **8.118** Royal Mail may include in aggregate other items in other payables, but Royal Mail must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in other payables.

Financial liabilities

- **8.119** Financial liabilities shall include interest bearing loans (with less than a year maturity), leases and derivative financial liabilities.
- 8.120 The allocation of financial liabilities between the Reported Business and the rest of the Relevant Group shall be carried out as follows—
 - (a) An analysis of the loans shall be undertaken to identify whether the loans have been obtained in relation to a specific asset or group of assets, in which case, the loan shall be allocated based on the allocation of the corresponding asset or group of assets. If the loan does not relate to a specific asset or group of assets, it must be allocated to the Reported Business using the same basis used for the allocation of cash and cash equivalents.
 - (b) The allocation of lease liabilities to the Reported Business shall be based on the

allocation of the assets to which the associated leases relate.

8.121 Royal Mail must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the details of the facilities (for example, due date, interest rates, etc.).

Provisions and other current liabilities

- 8.122 The allocation of provisions and other current liabilities to the Reported Business shall be based on the costs and Activities to which those provisions and other current liabilities relate.
- **8.123** Where possible, allocation of provisions and other current liabilities to the Reported Business shall be based on the allocation of related costs and activities to the Reported Business.
- 8.124 Royal Mail may include in aggregate provisions and other current liabilities, but Royal Mail must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in provisions and other current liabilities.

Cash flow statements

- 8.125 Royal Mail must ensure that the preparation of the annual cash flow statement for the Reported Business complies with the rules set out in §§8.126-8.127.
- 8.126 The annual cash flow statement shall include all operational cash flows of the Reported Business.
- 8.127 The allocation of cash flow items to the Reported Business shall be consistent with the allocation of costs and revenues in the corresponding income statements, or the allocation of assets and liabilities in the corresponding capital employed statements.

Section 9: Separation Methodology

Introduction

9.1 Royal Mail must ensure that the Regulatory Accounting Methodology complies with the detailed rules set out in this **Section 9**, which relate to the separation, allocation and apportionment of costs, revenues, assets and cash flows between any product groups within the Reported Business.

Income statements

9.2 Royal Mail must ensure that its preparation of any income statement for <u>any product groups</u> complies with the rules set out in §§9.3-9.13.

Levels of preparation

- **9.3** Royal Mail must ensure, for the purposes of USPAC 1.5.2(a), that annual end to end income statements in respect of <u>USO</u>, <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u> are prepared to the level of Financeability EBIT.
- **9.4** Royal Mail must ensure, for the purposes of USPAC 1.5.2(b), that quarterly end to end income statements in respect of <u>USO</u>, <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u> are prepared to the level of <u>Financeability</u> EBIT.

Apportionment of revenues

- **9.5** References to "revenue" in this **Section 9** are references to external and internal turnover used in the preparation of any income statement. External and internal turnover shall consist of income for products and/or services arising from the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for products and/or services provided as part of the operational trading of the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- **9.6** Revenues shall be allocated to products and/or services in accordance with **Section 7** of these Guidelines.

Apportionment of costs

- **9.7** Costs shall be allocated across any product groups within the Reported Business as follows—
 - The costs which are within the scope of the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall be allocated to product groups in accordance with the <u>National Costing Methodology</u>. Where <u>SPHCC</u>s are mapped to more than one product group, the basis of the allocation of the <u>SPHCC</u> costs concerned shall be included in the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> and set out in the Costing Manual.

(b) <u>Transformation Costs</u> referred to in §8.70 shall be allocated to product groups_using an appropriate underlying driver. The basis of the allocation concerned shall be set out in the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>.

Transfer Pricing between <u>Upstream Services</u> and <u>Downstream Services</u>

9.8 <u>Transfer Prices</u> between the <u>Upstream Services</u> and the <u>Downstream Services</u> shall be determined in compliance with the rules set out in §§9.9-9.13.

Equivalence pricing

- **9.9** Where there are appropriate comparable <u>Access</u> products and/or services provided by <u>Royal Mail</u> to external customers, <u>Royal Mail</u> must apply the equivalence pricing approach referred to **§9.10** in determining <u>Transfer Prices</u>.
- **9.10** The equivalence pricing approach means—
 - (a) An appropriate comparable <u>Access</u> product and/or service shall be identified for the internal product and/or service for which the <u>Transfer Price</u> is to be determined.
 - (b) The operational and <u>Activity</u> differences between the internal product and/or service for which the <u>Transfer Price</u> is to be determined, and the appropriate comparable product or service shall be identified.
 - (c) The <u>FAC</u> differences of the operational and <u>Activity</u> differences referred to in **§9.10(b)** above shall be identified in a manner consistent with the <u>National Costing Methodology</u>.
 - (d) The <u>Transfer Price</u> shall be determined as the sum of the price of the appropriate comparable <u>Access</u> product and/or service, the <u>FAC</u> differences referred to in **§9.10(c)** plus an appropriate return.
- **9.11** Royal Mail may use prices for <u>First Class Access</u> products and/or services, provided that the equivalence pricing approach referred to **§9.10** is followed and that they have—
 - (a) sufficient sales volumes to form a statistically valid basis for the calculation of the <u>FAC</u> of the product and/or service in question; and
 - **(b)** material sales volumes.

Where <u>Royal Mail</u> wishes to use prices for <u>First Class Access</u> products and/or services but is unable to satisfy **§9.11(a)** and **(b)**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must use the price for the most comparable <u>Second Class Access</u> products and/or services.

Cost-plus pricing

9.12 Where there are no appropriate comparable <u>Access</u> products and/or services, <u>Royal Mail</u> must set the <u>Transfer Price</u> as equal to the <u>FAC</u> of the product and/or service in question plus an appropriate return.

Grouping

- **9.13** Single <u>Transfer Prices</u> may be applied to groups of products and/or services, provided that all of the following requirements are met—
 - (a) in determining such groups, <u>Royal Mail</u> must only include products and/or services in a group that fall within the same market definition as out in the following market studies—
 - (i) Market study decisions on wholesale & packets markets published in November 2010⁷.
 - (ii) Market study proposals on retail markets published in March 2011⁸.
 - (iii) Market study proposals on international outbound mail market published in May 2011⁹.
 - (b) in determining such groups, <u>Royal Mail</u> must not include in a group products and/or services that have materially different handling characteristics as defined in the <u>Costing Manual</u>.
 - (c) in determining such groups, <u>Royal Mail</u> must not include in a group products and/or services that are subject to different obligations under regulatory conditions (as defined by section 28(2) of the <u>Act</u>).

⁷ http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/webarchive/communications-media.htm

⁸ Ibid

⁹ Ibid

Section 10: Auditing

10.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.4.4, <u>Royal Mail</u> must secure an appropriate audit opinion by a <u>Qualified Independent Auditor</u> in respect of the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 10** on the basis specified in **Column 2 of that Table**.

Table 10: Auditing bases directed for the purpose of USPAC 1.4.4

Column 1: Fir	nancial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.4.1	Column 2: Auditing basis
USPAC 1.4.1(a)	Annual income statement (excluding the Non USO Mail and Non Mails split in Figure 12 of Appendix 1, Cost Matrix, PVEO Analysis, Productivity (WIPGH), Productivity (WIPWH), Gross Hours breakdown and efficiency initiatives information)	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.4.1(b)	Quarterly income statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(d)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(d)	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.4.1(e)	Annual capital employed statement	PPIA
USPAC- 1.4.1(f)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(f)	PPIA
USPAC 1.4.1(g)	Annual cash flow statement	PPIA
USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(e i)	Annual product profitability statement	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.4.1(f j)	Quarterly product profitability statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(g k)	Monthly revenue and volume information statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Quarterly revenue, cost and volume information statements	Not applicable

10.2 For the purpose of USPAC 1.5.5, <u>Royal Mail</u> must secure an appropriate audit opinion by a <u>Qualified Independent Auditor</u> in respect of the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 11** on the basis specified in **Column 2 of that Table**.

Table 11: Auditing bases directed for the purpose of USPAC 1.5.5

Column 1: Find	ncial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.5.2	Column 2: Auditing basis
USPAC 1.5.2(a)	Annual end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.5.2(b)	Quarterly end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	Not applicable

Appendix 1

Pro formas

Please find below the pro formas set out in the same order as the legal requirements.

Pro formas relating to the Annual Financial Forecast

Figure 1: Revenue and Volume forecast

arcels Domestic Account Parcels Domestic Account Parcels (Amazon) RM 24/48 large Letters Tracked and Tracked returns Special Delivery - Non USO Other Domestic Account Parcels Network Access Parcels	Forecast USO vol/Total vol % USO vol x% x% x%	F'cast Yr1	F'cast Yr2	F'cast	F'cast	F'cast	F'cast	F'cast	venue £m					AUR £		
Domestic Account Parcels Domestic Account Parcels (Amazon) RM 24/48 Large Letters Tracked and Tracked returns Special Delivery - Non USO Other Domestic Account Parcels	vol/Total vol % USO vol x% x%				F'cast	F'cast	F'cast	F'cast	E ¹ cost							
Domestic Account Parcels Domestic Account Parcels (Amazon) RM 24/48 Large Letters Tracked and Tracked returns Special Delivery - Non USO Other Domestic Account Parcels	% USO vol x% x%				F'cast	F'cast	F'cast	F'cast								
Domestic Account Parcels Domestic Account Parcels (Amazon) RM 24/48 Large Letters Tracked and Tracked returns Special Delivery - Non USO Other Domestic Account Parcels	x% x%	111		Yr3	Yr4	Yr5	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	F'cast Yr4	F'cast Yr5	F'cast Yr1	F'cast Yr2	F'cast Yr3	F'cast Yr4	F'cas Yr
Domestic Account Parcels (Amazon) RM 24/48 Large Letters Tracked and Tracked returns Special Delivery - Non USO Other Domestic Account Parcels	x%			113	114	113	111	112	113	114	113	111	112	113	114	
Domestic Account Parcels (Amazon) RM 24/48 Large Letters Tracked and Tracked returns Special Delivery - Non USO Other Domestic Account Parcels		xx	xx	xx			xx	xx	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Tracked and Tracked returns Special Delivery - Non USO Other Domestic Account Parcels	v%	xx	XX	xx			XX	XX	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Special Delivery - Non USO Other Domestic Account Parcels	X 70	XX	XX	xx			XX	xx	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Other Domestic Account Parcels	x%	xx	XX	XX			XX	XX	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
	x%	xx	XX	XX			XX	XX	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Network Access Parcels	x%	XX	XX	xx			XX	XX	XX			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
	x%	XX	XX	XX			XX	XX	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
ccount Parcels	x%	ХX	ХX	хх	ХX	хх	хх	XX	XX	XX	ХX	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
Stamped Parcels	x%	xx	XX	xx			XX	XX	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
USO Account and Metered Parcels	x%	XX	XX	xx			XX	XX	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Special Delivery - USO	х%	XX	XX	XX			XX	XX	XX			X.XX	X.XX	X.XX		
onsumer & Small Business Parcels	x%	ХХ	ХХ	XX	хх	хх	XX	XX	хх	XX	ХX	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
International Import Parcels	x%	xx	XX	xx			XX	XX	XX			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Non-Revenue Generating Parcels	x%	XX	XX	XX												
M Parcels (For Delivery in the UK)	x%	хх	хх	XX	хх	хх	XX	хх	ХХ	ХХ	хх	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
International Export Parcels	x%	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	x.xx	X.XX	x.xx	x.xx	X.)
Specialist services	x%	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	ХХ	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	X.>
Less: eCourier o/s RB	0/						XX	XX	XX							
Parcel contingency eported Business Parcels inc RM 24/48 LL (A)	x%	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX					
sported business Parceis IIIC RIVI 24/46 LL (A)	x%	хх	XX	хх	XX	XX	хх	хх	ХX	ХХ	хх	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
etters		1														
Retail Addressed Advertising Letters	x%	xx	xx	xx			xx	xx	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Unaddressed Advertising Letters	x%	xx	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.>
Network Access Advertising Letters	x%	XX	XX	XX	^^	^^	XX	XX	XX	^^	^^	X.XX	X.XX	X.XX		۸.,
dvertising Letters	x%	XX	xx	ХX	XX	хх	XX	XX	XX	хх	хх	x.xx	х.хх	x.xx	х.хх	х.х
Retail Bulk Business Mail Letters	x%	XX	XX	XX			XX	XX	XX		^^	X.XX	X.XX	X.XX	A.AA	
Network Access Business Mail Letters	x%	XX	XX	XX			XX	XX	XX			X.XX	X.XX	x.xx		
usiness Mail Letters	x%	XX	ХX	хх	xx	хх	xx	xx	XX	хх	хx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.x
USO Account and Metered Letters	x%	XX	XX	XX			XX	XX	xx			x.xx	X.XX	x.xx		
Stamped Letters	x%	xx	xx	xx			xx	xx	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
onsumer & Small Business	x%	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	XX	хх	хх	ХX	хх	x.xx	x.xx	х.хх	х.хх	х.х
International Import Letters	x%	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	χ.)
Elections	x%	xx	xx	xx			xx	xx	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Non-Revenue Generating Letters	x%	xx	xx	xx			xx	xx	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Other	x%	xx	XX	xx			xx	xx	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
oyal Mail Letters (For Delivery in the UK)	x%	ХX	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	ХX	хх	хх	хx	х.хх	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
International Export Letters	x%	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
Letter contingency	x%	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx					
Philatelic	x%	xx	XX	xx			XX	XX	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Data & Innovations	x%	xx	XX	xx			xx	xx	xx			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Central Group Income	x%	XX	XX	xx			XX	XX	XX			x.xx	x.xx	x.xx		
Revenue Earned from POL	x%	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	X.XX	x.xx	X.XX	x.xx	χ.)
otal Letters (B)	x%	хх	ХX	XX	XX	хх	XX	XX	хх	XX	хх	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
l i l l i l i l i prii																
lus: inter-business charge to PFW lus: inter-company charges							xx xx	XX	XX	XX	XX					
otal Reported Business Mail	x%				101	101		XX	XX	XX	xx xx	- WW				—
otal Reported Business Maii	X 70	хх	XX	хх	хх	хх	хх	ХX	ХX	XX		XX	XX	ХX	XX	Х
econciliation to RMUK		l														
Parcelforce			ww	***	V24	V/V	100	101	ww	ww.	101		W WW	w ww	w ww	x.x
eCommerce Acquisitions		XX XX	xx xx	xx xx	xx xx	xx xx	XX XX	xx xx	xx xx	xx xx	xx xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
Plus: eCourier		XX XX	XX XX	XX XX	XX XX	XX XX	XX XX	XX XX	XX XX	XX XX	××					
ther Royal Mail Parcels (C)	x%	XX XX	XX	XX	XX XX	XX	XX	XX	XX XX	XX XX	XX	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
omec (D)	x% x%	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.xx	X.XX	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
omec (D) oyal Mail UK (A+B+C+D)	x% x%	XX XX	XX	XX	XX	XX XX		XX	XX	XX	XX	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	х.)
you man on (Arbiero)	A/0				**	**	^^		^			4.44			A-AA	
ddressed Letters (excl. Elections)	x%	xx	xx	xx	хх	XX	ХX	xx	ХX	xx	хх	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	x.xx	х.)
, ,	x% x%	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX XX	XX	XX	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	x.)
		XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX									x.)
nland Addressed Letters	v%										vvl		V VV			
nland Addressed Letters ddressed UK Delivered Letters otal Addressed Letters	x% x%	XX	ХX	XX	xx	XX	XX XX	XX XX	XX XX	xx xx	xx xx	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	х.х

Figure 2: Cost Matrix forecast

Figure 2: Cost Matrix forecast	V-1	V-2	V-2	V-4	V-F
	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Frontline - Processing	XX				
Frontline - Regional Logistics	xx				
Frontline - Delivery & Collections	xx				
Frontline - RDC Operation	xx				
Frontline - Other people costs	xx				
Sub-total Frontline	XX			xx	х
Network Road Operations	XX			, AA	χ.
Other/Managers	xx			xx	XX
Total Operations	xx			xx	x
Other people - Commercial	XX			^^	
Other people - Technology	xx				
Other people - Property	XX				
Other people - Central Admin	XX				
Sub-total Other People	XX			XX	XX
Centrally Held (see Note 1)	XX				
Total people costs	хх	xx xx	xx	хх	XX
Conveyance Charges Demostic (see Note 3)					
Conveyance Charges - Domestic (see Note 2)	XX			XX	XX
Conveyance Charges - International (see Note 2)	XX			XX	XX
Other Distribution costs (see Note 2)	xx			XX	XX
International Terminal Dues (see Note 3)	XX			xx	xx
Vehicle Fleet	XX			XX	XX
Fuel	XX			XX	XX
Total Distribution & Conveyance Costs	XX	xx	xx	хх	хх
Property	xx	xx	xx		
Romec FM Costs	xx	xx	xx		
IT & Communication	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Depreciation & Amortisation	xx	XX	xx	xx	XX
Total Infrastructure Costs	xx	xx	хх	хх	ж
POL costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Staff & Agents Related Costs & Consumables	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX
Other costs - Low Value Assets, Other Outsourcing, Stamp Production	xx	xx	xx		
Other costs - Bad Debts and Bank Charges	xx	xx	xx		
Other costs - Audit, Assurance, Consulting, Marketing & Legal	xx	xx	xx		
Other costs - Compensation	xx	xx	xx		
Other External Costs	xx	xx	xx		
Sub-total Other costs	xx			xx	XX
Internal recharge - Property	xx				XX
Internal recharge - PFW	xx			xx	XX
Internal recharge - Other	xx				XX
Sub-total Internal recharges	XX			XX	XX
Budget Contingency	XX				XX
Total Other Operating Costs	××				XX
Total non-people costs	XX				XX
Total Holl-people costs	^^	***	^^	^^	^^
Total Costs before transformation	хх	xx	xx	хх	х
Project Specific costs	xx	xx	xx		
Voluntary redundancy - Frontline	xx				
Voluntary redundancy - Management	xx				
Voluntary redundancy - Other staff	XX				
Sub-total Voluntary redundancy	XX			XX	XX
Business Transformation payments	XX				
Other Transformation costs	XX				
Transformation Costs	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX
	+		<u> </u>		

Figure 3: Gross Hours by time category - forecast

rigule 3. Gloss Hours by time category	Torcease				
Frontline	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5
	k	k	k	k	k
Ordinary/Normal (Full and part time)	ХХ	XX	xx	xx	XX
Ordinary Casuals/Temporary	xx				
Agency Casuals/Temporary	XX				
Total Casuals/Temporary	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Overtime - contractual	XX				
Overtime - non contractual	XX				
Total Overtime	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
	XX				
Total Gross Hours	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx
Salary costs - including related pay					
Daiary Costs - including related pay	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5
(excl employers NI & Pension costs)	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Ordinary/Normal (Full and part time)	XX	xx	xx	XX	xx
Ordinary Casuals/Temporary	XX				
Agency Casuals/Temporary	XX				
Total Casuals/Temporary	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Overtime - contractual	XX				
Overtime - non contractual	XX				
Total Overtime	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
	XX				
Total Salaries	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx

Figure 4: Efficiency initiatives including related cost information forecast

			Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
			Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	Yr 5
Cost movement	Business Unit *	Efficiency initiatives/ Cost Saving Programmes	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Costs Savings			(xx)	(xx)	(xx)		
		1. Hours Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)
			(xx)	(xx)	(xx)		
		2. Hours Cost Savings - Other	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)
			(xx)	(xx)	(xx)		
		3. Hours Pay Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)
			(xx)	(xx)	(xx)		
		4. Non Hours Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)
			(xx)	(xx)	(xx)		
	•••	5. Non Hours Cost Savings - Other	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)
(1), (3) and (4)		Total Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)
(2) and (5)		Total Cost Savings - Projects Total Cost Savings - Other	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)
(2) and (3)		6. Total Cost Savings	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)
Cost Pressures			xx	xx	xx		
Cost i ressures	•••	7. Hours & Pay Related Cost Pressures	хх	хх	хх	хх	ХХ
			xx	xx	xx		
		8. Other Cost Pressures	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх
(7) +(8)		9. Total Cost Pressures	хх	ХХ	хх	хх	хх
(9) - (6)		Net Cost (savings)/pressures	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx

Reconcile to total cost movements in Check EBIT submission

st Business Unit - Secondary organisational area of the business, e.g. Operations.

Pro formas relating to the Five Yearly Financial Forecast

Figure 5: Cost Matrix five-yearly forecast – Reported Business

	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5
	£m	£m	£m		£
Frontline - Processing	XX	XX	XX	XX	х
Frontline - Regional Logistics	XX	XX	xx	XX	х
Frontline - Delivery & Collections	XX	XX	xx	XX	х
Frontline - RDC Operation	XX	XX	xx		
Frontline - Other people costs	XX	XX	XX		
Sub-total Frontline	XX	XX	XX	XX	
Network Road Operations	xx	xx	xx		
Other/Managers	XX	XX	XX	XX)
Total Operations	XX	хх	хх	xx	,
Other people - Commercial	XX	xx	xx		
Other people - Technology	XX	XX	xx		
Other people - Property	XX	XX	XX		
Other people - Central Admin	XX	XX	xx	XX	х
Sub-total Other People	xx	xx	xx	xx	>
Centrally Held (see Note 1)	xx	xx	xx	xx	Х
Total people costs	хх	xx	xx		,
· ·					
Conveyance Charges - Domestic (see Note 2)	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Conveyance Charges - International (see Note 2)	xx	xx	xx		×
Other Distribution costs (see Note 2)	xx	xx	xx		×
International Terminal Dues (see Note 3)	xx	xx	xx		X
Vehicle Fleet	xx	xx	xx		X
Fuel	xx	xx	xx		X
Total Distribution & Conveyance Costs	XX	×× ××	××		^
Total Distribution & Conveyance Costs	***	***	***	^^	^
Drawartu					
Property	XX	XX	XX		
Romec FM Costs	xx	xx	xx		
IT & Communication	xx	xx	xx		х
Depreciation & Amortisation	XX	XX	XX		х
Total Infrastructure Costs	ХХ	хх	хх	xx	х
POL costs	XX	xx	xx		×
Staff & Agents Related Costs & Consumables	xx	xx	xx	xx	X
Other costs - Low Value Assets, Other Outsourcing, Stamp Production	XX	xx	xx		
Other costs - Bad Debts and Bank Charges	XX	xx	xx		
Other costs - Audit, Assurance, Consulting, Marketing & Legal	xx	xx	xx		
Other costs - Compensation	xx	xx	xx		
Other External Costs	xx	XX	XX		
Sub-total Other costs	XX	xx	xx	xx	Х
Internal recharge - Property	XX	XX	XX	XX	X
Internal recharge - PFW	XX	xx	xx	xx	x
Internal recharge - Other	xx	xx	xx	xx	x
Sub-total Internal recharges	XX	XX	xx		>
Budget Contingency	xx	xx	xx		Х
Total Other Operating Costs	хх	xx	xx	xx	х
Total non-people costs	хх	хх	хх	xx	х
Total Costs before transformation	хх	хх	хх	xx	,
Project Specific costs	xx	xx	xx	xx)
Voluntary redundancy - Frontline	XX	xx	xx	xx	х
Voluntary redundancy - Management	xx	xx	xx		
Voluntary redundancy - Other staff	XX	xx	xx		
Sub-total Voluntary redundancy	XX	XX	XX	xx	
Business Transformation payments	XX	XX	XX		
Other Transformation costs	XX	XX	xx		
Transformation Costs					
Transformation Costs	ХХ	XX	XX	xx	
	1	l	l	1	

Guidance

- All pay related costs in this category, including pension costs, must be re-allocated to pay cost categories above it.
- 2. This must exclude 'International Terminal Dues' shown separately in the line below it.
- 3. This shall comprise delivery charges from foreign postal and delivery companies for delivery of mail exported from the UK.

Figure 6a: PVEO analysis Year 1 to 3

(One grid for each forecast financial year: Years 1 to 3)	Prior Financial Year (DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	Prior Financial Year non- occuring items	Prior Financial Year underlying costs (DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	Price related Changes (P)	Year Inc. Price related changes	Volume related changes (V)	Efficiency related changes (E)	Current Year non-recurring items (O)	Current Financial Year (DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Frontline - Processing	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Frontline - Regional Logistics	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Frontline - Delivery & Collections	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Frontline - RDC Operation	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Frontline - Other people costs	xx	XX	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Sub-total Frontline	xx	XX	хх	XX	XX	хх	xx	XX	xx
Network Road Operations	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other/Managers	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Total Operations	xx	xx	хх	xx	хх	хх	хх	XX	хх
Other people - Commercial	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other people - Technology	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other people - Property	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other people - Central Admin	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Sub-total Other People	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	хх
Centrally Held (see Note 1)	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total people costs	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	хх	хх	xx	xx
Conveyance Charges - Domestic (see Note 2)	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Conveyance Charges - Domestic (see Note 2) Conveyance Charges - International (see Note 2)	XX			XX	XX	XX	XX XX	XX	XX
		xx	xx						
Other Distribution costs (see Note 2)	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
International Terminal Dues (see Note 3)	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Vehicle Fleet	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Fuel	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX
Total Distribution & Conveyance Costs	xx	XX	xx	хх	XX	ХХ	ХХ	хх	хх
Property	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Romec FM Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
IT & Communication	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Depreciation & Amortisation	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total Infrastructure Costs	xx	xx		хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	xx
	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
POL costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Staff & Agents Related Costs & Consumables	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other costs - Low Value Assets, Other Outsourcing, Stamp Production	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx
Other costs - Bad Debts and Bank Charges	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx
Other costs - Audit, Assurance, Consulting, Marketing & Legal	хх	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX
Other costs - Compensation	xx	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	xx
Other External Costs	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	хх
Sub-total Other costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Internal recharge - Property	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Internal recharge - PFW	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Internal recharge - Other	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Sub-total Internal recharges	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Budget Contingency	xx		xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total Other Operating Costs	xx	xx	xx	XX	XX	хх	XX	XX	xx
Total non-people costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	хх	хх	хх	xx	xx
Total Costs before transformation	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	хх	хх	хх	хх
Transformation Costs	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx	хх	XX	xx
Hallstotillauon Custs	**	XX.	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	- XX
Total costs after Transformation Costs	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx
Total costs after fransformation costs				XX	XX	xxį	XX	XX	^*

- All pay related costs in this category, including pension costs, must be re-allocated to pay cost categories above it.
 This must exclude 'International Terminal Dues' shown separately in the line below it.
 This shall comprise delivery charges from foreign postal and delivery companies for delivery of mail exported from the UK.

Figure 6b: PVEO analysis Year 4 to 5

(One grid for each forecast financial year: Years 4 & 5)	Prior Financial Year (DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	Prior Financial Year non- occuring items	Prior Financial Year underlying costs (DB Pension Service Costs on cash	Price related Changes (P)	Prior Financial Year Inc. Price related changes	Volume related changes (V)	Efficiency related changes (E)	Current Year non-recurring items (O)	Current Financial Year (DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)
			paid basis)						
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Frontline - Processing	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx
Frontline - Regional Logistics Frontline - Delivery & Collections	xx xx	XX XX	xx xx	XX XX	xx xx	xx xx	xx xx	xx xx	xx xx
Frontline - RDC Operation	XX.	XX	XX	XX	**	XX	XX	XX	XX
Frontline - Other people costs									
Sub-total Frontline	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX
Network Road Operations		***	^^	***		^^	^^	***	~~
Other/Managers	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total Operations	хх	хх	xx	хх	хх	xx	хх	xx	xx
Other people - Commercial									
Other people - Technology									
Other people - Property									
Other people - Central Admin	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Sub-total Other People	XX	XX	xx	XX	хх	xx	хх	xx	хх
Centrally Held (see Note 1)	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total people costs	хх	XX	xx	XX	хх	xx	xx	xx	хх
Conveyance Charges - Domestic (see Note 2)	xx	XX	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Conveyance Charges - International (see Note 2)	××	XX	xx	XX	××	xx	XX	XX	XX
Other Distribution costs (see Note 2)	xx	XX	xx	XX	××	xx	XX	XX	xx
International Terminal Dues (see Note 3)	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx
Vehicle Fleet	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	XX	XX
Fuel	××	xx	xx	XX	××	xx	XX	XX	xx
Total Distribution & Conveyance Costs	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Property									
Romec FM Costs									
IT & Communication	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Depreciation & Amortisation	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total Infrastructure Costs	xx	XX	xx	XX	хх	xx	хх	xx	xx
	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
POL costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Staff & Agents Related Costs & Consumables	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX	xx	xx
Other costs - Low Value Assets, Other Outsourcing, Stamp Production									
Other costs - Bad Debts and Bank Charges									
Other costs - Audit, Assurance, Consulting, Marketing & Legal									
Other costs - Compensation									
Other External Costs									
Sub-total Other costs	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx
Internal recharge - Property	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Internal recharge - PFW	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Internal recharge - Other	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX
Sub-total Internal recharges	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX		XX	XX	XX
Budget Contingency	XX XX	XX	xx xx	XX XX	XX	xx xx	xx xx	XX XX	XX
Total Other Operating Costs Total non-people costs	XX	XX XX	XX XX	XX	XX			XX XX	
Total Holl-people costs	, xx	XX	XX	XX	хх	xx	хх	XX	XX
Total Costs before transformation	хх	хх	xx	хх	хх	xx	хх	хх	хх
Transformation Costs	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	xx
Total costs after Transformation Costs	хх	хх	хх	XX	хх	xx	xx	xx	хх

- Guidance

 1. All pay related costs in this category, including pension costs, must be re-allocated to pay cost categories above it.

 2. This must exclude 'International Terminal Dues' shown separately in the line below it.

 3. This shall comprise delivery charges from foreign postal and delivery companies for delivery of mail exported from the UK.

Figure 7: Cost metrics forecast

Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5 XX XX XX XX XX XX XX
Volumes (operational) (m) (9)	xx xx xx xx, x% x, x, x% x, x, x% x, x, x% x, x, x% x, x, x	xx xx xx xx xx% xx% xx% xx% xx xx	xx	xx
Workload (m) Workload (m) Workload Hours (k) Gross Hours (k) (7) Workload % change (11) Workload % change (11) Workload Hours % change Gross Hours % change (11) Workload (m) Workload (m) Workload (m) Workload (m) Workload (m) Workload % change (11) Workload (m) Workload % change (11) Workload % change (11) Workload (m) Workl	xx xx xx xx, x% x, x, x% x, x, x% x, x, x% x, x, x% x, x, x	xx xx xx xx xx% xx% xx% xx% xx xx	xx	xx
Worked Hours (k) Gross Hours (k) (7) Workload % change (11) Worked Hours % change Gross Hours % change (11) WIPWH % change WIPGH % change (11) Workload (m) Worked Hours (k) Gross Hours (k) (7) Workload % change (11) Worked Hours (k) Worked Hours (k) Gross Hours (k) (7) Workload % change (11) Worked Hours % change Gross Hours % change WIPGH % change WIPGH % change (11) Worked Hours % change Gross Hours % change WIPGH % change WIPGH % change WIPGH % change WIPGH % change Worked Hours (k) Worked Hours % change Gross Hours (k) (7) Workload (m) Workload (m) Workload (m) Workload % change (11) Workload % change (11) Workload % change Gross Hours % change Gross Hours % change Gross Hours % change WIPGH % change WIPGH % change X X% Worked Hours (k) Workload (m) XX XX Workload (m) XX XX Workload (m) XX Workload (m) XX Workload (m) XX XX Workload (m) XX XX Workload (m) XX Workload (m) XX XX Workload (m) XX XX Workload (m) XX Workload (m) XX XX XX WORLLOAD XX WORLLOAD XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX	xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx	xx xx xx xx% xx% xx% xx xx xx xx xx xx x	xx xx xx% xx% xx% xxx% xx xx xx xx xx xx	xx
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx	xx xx% xx% xx% xx% xx% xx xx xx xx xx xx	xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	xx xx% xx% xx% xx% xx% xx% xx% xx% xx%
Workload % change (11) Worked Hours % change (11) Worked Hours % change (11) Worked Hours % change (11) WIPWH % change (11) Volumes (operational) (m) (10) Workload (m) XX XX/9 XX/9 WORKLOAD XX XX/9 XX/	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x	x x% x x% x x% x x% x x% x xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	x x% x x% x x% x x% x x% x xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx, xx xx, xx xx, xx xx, xx,
Worked Hours % change	x x% x x% x x% x x% x xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x	x x% x x% x x% x x% x xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x	xx% xx% xx% xx% xxxx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% xx% x	x x% x x% x x% x x% x xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x xx, x% x x% x
Gross Hours % change (111)	xx% xx% xx% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% xx% x	x x% x x% x x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x	x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	x x% x x% x x% x x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x
WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x% Processing XX Workload (m) xX Worked Hours (k) xX Gross Hours (k) (7) xX Workload % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x% Worled Hours (coperational) (m) xX Worked Hours (k) xX Gross Hours (k) (7) xX Worked Hours % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change (11) x.x% WORDH % change (11) x.x% Worload (m) (6) xX Workload (m) (6) xX	xx% xx% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x%	x x% x x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x	xx% xxxxx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% xx% x	x x% x x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx, x% x x% x
Processing Volumes (operational) (m) (10)	xx xx xx xx xx, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x, x	xx xx xx xx xx xx xx% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x	xx xx xx xx xx,x% x,x% x,x% x,x% x,x% x	xx
Volumes (operational) (m) (10)	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	xx xx xx xx,x% x,x% x,x% x,x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,xx xx xx,xx xx,xx xx,xx xx,xx xx,xx	xx xx xx xx% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x%	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x
Workload (m) xx Worked Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x% Head of Logistics Processing (RDC) Volumes (operational) (m) xx Worked Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Worked Hours % change x.x% Worked Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x% Worload (m) (6) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Workload % change (12) xx Workload % change (13) xx Workload % change (14) xx	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	xx xx xx xx,x% x,x% x,x% x,x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,xx xx xx,xx xx,xx xx,xx xx,xx xx,xx	xx xx xx xx% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% xx,x% xx,x% xx,x%	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x
Workload (m) xx Worklead Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Workled Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x% Well Gought & Change (11) x.x% Workload (m) xx Worked Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Worked Hours % change x.x% Worked Hours % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x% Workload (m) (6) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Workload % change (12) xx Workload % change (13) xx Workload % change (14) <t< td=""><td>xx xx, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% xx xx xx xx xx, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x%</td><td>xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x</td><td>xx xx xx% xx% xx% xxx% xxx% xx xx xx xx</td><td>xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x</td></t<>	xx xx, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% xx xx xx xx xx, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x% x, x%	xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x	xx xx xx% xx% xx% xxx% xxx% xx xx xx xx	xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	xx xx% xx% xx% xx% xx% xx% xx% xx% xx%	xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x%
Workload % change (11)	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	x x% x x% x x% x x% x x% x x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x%
Worked Hours % change	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx x	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x%	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x%
Gross Hours % change (111)	x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x%	x.x% x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x%
WIPWH % change	x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.x%	xx% xxxxx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% xx,x% xx,x%	x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x% x.x% x.	x.x% x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x%
MIPGH % change (11)	x.x% xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx	xx	xx	xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx,x%
Head of Logistics Processing (RDC) Volumes (operational) (m)	xx xx xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx xx xx xx x.x% x.x%	xx xx xx xx xx x.x% x.x%
Volumes (operational) (m)	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx xx x.x% x.x%
Workload (m)	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx xx x.x% x.x%
Worked Hours (k)	xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx xx x.x% x.x%
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx x.x% x.x% x.x%	xx x.x% x.x%
Workload % change (11)	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x% x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%
Worked Hours % change	x.x% x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%	x.x%
Gross Hours % change (11)	x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%	x.x%	
WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x% Logistics (Regional Logistics) Volumes (operational) (m) xx Workload (m) (6) xx Worked Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		
WIPGH % change (11) x.x% Logistics (Regional Logistics) Volumes (operational) (m) xx Workload (m) (6) xx Worked Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%			x.x%	x.x%
Logistics (Regional Logistics) Volumes (operational) (m) xx Workload (m) (6) xx Worked Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%	x.x%		1	x.x%
Volumes (operational) (m) xx Workload (m) (6) xx Worked Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Workload (m) (6) xx Worked Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%				
Worked Hours (k) xx Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%	xx	XX	xx	xx
Gross Hours (k) (7) xx Workload % change (11) x.x% Worked Hours % change x.X% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%	xx	xx	xx	xx
Workload % change (11) x. x% Worked Hours % change x. x% Gross Hours % change (11) x. x% WIPWH % change x. x% WIPGH % change (11) x. x%	xx	XX	xx	xx
Worked Hours % change x.x% Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%	xx	XX	xx	xx
Gross Hours % change (11) x.x% WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
WIPGH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
WIPGH % change (11) x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
<u> </u>	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Out	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Other				
Volumes (operational) (m) xx	xx	XX	xx	XX
Workload (m) XX	xx	XX	xx	XX
Worked Hours (k) XX	xx	XX	xx	XX
Gross Hours (k) (7) xx	XX	XX	XX	XX
Workload % change (11) x.x%	x.x% x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x% x.x%
Worked Hours % change X.X%		x.x%	x.x%	
Gross Hours % change (11) X.X%	X.X%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
WIPWH % change	x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%
	JA. A 70	A.A.70	JA.A70	A.A.70
Total ⁽¹⁾ Volumes (operational) (m) ⁽⁸⁾ xx				xx
Workload (m) xx	xx xx	xx xx	xx xx	xx
Worked Hours (k) XX	xx	xx	xx xx	xx
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx	xx	xx	xx
* *				
Workload % change (11) x.x%	X.X%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Worked Hours % change X.X%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Gross Hours % change (11) x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
WIPWH % change x.x% WIPGH % change (11) x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Number of working days (5)	x.x% x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%	x.x%	x.x%

 $^{^{(5)}}$ Working days relates to operational working days

 $^{^{(6)}}$ Workload in logistics relates only to collections runs performed by the logistics function. We do not have a Workload measure for the majority of logistics

 $^{^{(7)}}$ Gross Hours % change is reported as positive when Gross Hours have reduced, and negative when Gross Hou

⁽⁸⁾ Total operational volumes is the sum of the volumes above

 $[\]overset{\cdot}{\text{(9)}}$ Delivery volumes are outdoor letters and parcels. It excludes unaddressed, mail order returns and unaddres

 $^{^{\}rm (10)}$ Processing volumes are outward letters and parcels. It excludes mail order returns.

⁽¹¹⁾ The percentage variance to budget for the Workload, Gross Hours and Productivity change represents an absolute variance between the expected YoY percentage movement and the actual YoY percentage movement

Figure 8: Gross Hours by hours type forecast

Delivery & Collections	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5
	k	k	k	k	k
Standard Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Measured Worked Hours	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX
Unmeasured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total Worked Hours	XX	xx	ХХ	XX	XX
Sickness absence	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Other absence	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total absence	XX	xx	ХХ	xx	XX
Total Delivery & Collections	XX	xx	ХХ	xx	хх

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

Processing (Incl Regional Logistics)	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5
	k	k	k	k	k
Standard Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Measured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx
Unmeasured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total Worked Hours	XX	xx	ХХ	xx	XX
Sickness absence	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Other absence	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total absence	XX	ХХ	ХХ	xx	XX
Total Processing (incl Regional Logistics	XX	xx	XX	xx	XX

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

RDC Operation	Yr1 k	Yr2 k	Yr3 k	Yr4 k	Yr5 k
Standard Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Measured Worked Hours	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX
Unmeasured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total Worked Hours	XX	ХХ	ХХ	XX	XX
Sickness absence	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Other absence	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total absence	XX	ХX	ХX	xx	xx
Total RDCs	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	xx	xx

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

xxx	Yr1 k	Yr2 k	Yr3 k	Yr4 k	Yr5 k
Standard Hours		VV	VV.	W	VV
Statidard Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Measured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Unmeasured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total Worked Hours	XX	ХХ	ХХ	xx	XX
Sickness absence	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Other absence	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total absence	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX
Total xxx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

Figure 9: Efficiency initiative including related cost information

		Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	Yr 5	
							Cost Type
Cost movement Business Unit *	Efficiency initiatives/Cost Savings Programmes	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	(PVE or O)
Cost Savings							
		(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	х
	1. Hours Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
		()	(m)	()	()	()	
	2. Harris Cont Continue Others	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	Х
	2. Hours Cost Savings - Other	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
		(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	x
	3. Hours Pay Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	^
	oou.o. ay coor carings i rojecto	(707)	(201)	(200)	1,00,	(AN)	
		(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	x
	4. Non Hours Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
		(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	х
	5. Non Hours Cost Savings - Other	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
(1), (3) and (4)	Total Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
(2) and (5)	Total Cost Savings - Other	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
	6. Total Savings	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	х
Cost Pressures		VV	~~	~~	VV	VV	
	7. Hours & Pay Related Cost Pressures	xx xx	XX	XX XX	XX	XX	Х
	7. Hours & Pay Related Cost Plessures	XX	хх	XX.	ХХ	ХХ	
		xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	x
	8. Other Cost Pressures	хх	XX	XX	xx	XX	
(7) + (8)	9. Total Pressures	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	
(9) - (6)	Net Cost (savings)/pressures	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx	

Reconcile to total cost movements in EBIT submission Check

 $[\]hbox{*\it Business Unit-Secondary organisational area of the business, e.g. Operations.}$

Figure 10: 5 year cumulative expectation for PVEO and Productivity – For publication

	By xx/xx (5th
Efficiency metric	financial year)
PVEO expectation - absolute terms	£xxm
PVEO expectation - percentage	x%
Change in Productivity (WIPGH) expectation	x%

Pro formas relating to the reporting of actual performance

Figure 11: Reported Business annual income statement – For publication

rigure 11. Reported business annual income statement – For publical	<mark>LIOII</mark>		Ī
	USO Mail	Other	Total Reported Business
	£m	£m	£m
Revenues	xx	xx	xx
Operating costs	xx	xx	xx
People costs (with DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	xx	XX	XX
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments	xx	XX	xx
Other operating costs	xx	xx	xx
Operating profit/(loss)	XX	xx	xx
Transformation costs	xx	xx	xx
Financeability EBIT	XX	XX	xx
Other operating specific items			xx
Non-operating specific items			xx
EBIT	XX	XX	XX
Financeability EBIT as % of total revenues	x%	x%	x%
Volumes (million items)	XX	XX	xx

Figure 12: Reported Business quarterly and annual income statement – Confidential

	USO Mail	Non USO Mail	Non Mails	Total Reported Business	Total Reported Business
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Revenues	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Operating costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX
People costs (with DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX
Other operating costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Operating profit/(loss)	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX
Transformation costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Financeability EBIT	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX
Other operating specific items				XX	XX
Non-operating specific items				xx	xx
EBIT	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx
Financeability EBIT as % of total revenues	x%	x%	x%	x%	x%
Volumes (million items)	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx

Figure 13: Reconciliation of the annual income statement of the Reported Business to the Relevant Group

		i e			
	Reported Business	Other operations and adjustments	UK business	Other units, eliminations and recharges	Relevant Group
	Comp	Cma	Coo	Coo	C
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Revenues	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx
Operating costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
People costs (with DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	XX	xx	XX	xx	XX
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments	xx	xx	XX	xx	XX
Other operating costs	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx
Operating profit/(loss)	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX
Transformation costs	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx
Financeability EBIT	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Other operating specific items	xx	xx	XX	xx	XX
Non-operating specific items	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
EBIT	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX
Financeability EBIT as % of total revenues	x%	x%	x%	x%	x%
Volumes (million items)	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx

Figure 14: Annual and quarterly product profitability statements

	Product group 1	Product group 2	 Product group n
	£m	£m	£m
Revenues	xx	xx	xx
Operating costs	xx	xx	xx
People costs (with DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	xx	XX	xx
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments	xx	XX	xx
Other operating costs	xx	xx	xx
Operating profit/(loss)	xx	XX	xx
Transformation costs	xx	xx	xx
Financeability EBIT	XX	XX	xx
Financeability EBIT as % of total revenues	x%	x%	x%
Volumes (million items)	xx	XX	xx

Figure 15: Cost Matrix – actual

Figure 15: Cost iviatrix – actual			,	
	Prior Financial	Prior Financial	Current	Current
	Quarter or Year	Quarter or Year	Financial	Financial
	(DB Pension	(DB Pension	Quarter or Year	Quarter or Yea
	Service Costs on	Service Costs	(DB Pension	(DB Pension
	IAS 19 basis)	oncash paid	Service Costs on	Service Costs or
		basis)	cash paid basis)	IAS 19 basis)
	£m	£m	£m	£n
Frontline - Processing	XX	xx	xx	xx
Frontline - Regional Logistics	xx	xx	xx	x
Frontline - Delivery & Collections	xx		xx	x
Frontline - RDC Operation	xx	xx	xx	x
Frontline - Other people costs	xx	xx	xx	×
, ,				
Sub-total Frontline	XX	ХХ	XX	
Network Road Operations	xx		xx	
Other/Managers	XX		XX	X
Total Operations	XX	XX	XX	X
Other people - Commercial	xx	xx	xx	X
Other people - Technology	xx	xx	xx	x
Other people - Property	xx	xx	xx	x
Other people - Central Admin	xx	xx	xx	xx
Sub-total Other People	xx	xx	xx	XX
Centrally Held (see Note 1)	XX		XX	x
Total people costs	xx		xx	
Total people costs	^^	***	***	
Conveyance Charges - Domestic (see Note 2)	xx	xx	xx	XX
Conveyance Charges - International (see Note 2)	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other Distribution costs (see Note 2)	xx	xx	xx	xx
International Terminal Dues (see Note 3)	xx	xx	xx	xx
Vehicle Fleet	xx	xx	xx	xx
Fuel				
	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total Distribution & Conveyance Costs	XX	ХХ	хх	х
Dramouth				
Property	xx		XX	XX
Romec FM Costs	xx		XX	
IT & Communication	xx		XX	XX
Depreciation & Amortisation	XX	XX	XX	XX
Total Infrastructure Costs	XX	XX	xx	XX
POL costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Staff & Agents Related Costs & Consumables	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other costs - Low Value Assets, Other Outsourcing, Stamp Production	xx	xx	xx	x
Other costs - Bad Debts and Bank Charges	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other costs - Audit, Assurance, Consulting, Marketing & Legal	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other costs - Compensation	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other External Costs				
	XX	XX	XX	XX
Sub-total Other costs	XX	XX	XX	XX
Internal recharge - Property	xx	xx	XX	XX
Internal recharge - PFW	XX	XX	xx	XX
Internal recharge - Other	XX	XX	XX	XX
Sub-total Internal recharges	xx	xx	xx	X
Budget Contingency	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total Other Operating Costs	xx	хх	хх	x
Total non-people costs	xx		хх	
Total Costs before transformation	хх	хх	хх	x
Project Specific costs	xx	xx	xx	x
Voluntary redundancy - Frontline	XX	XX	XX	XX
Voluntary redundancy - Management	XX	XX	xx	XX
Voluntary redundancy - Other staff	XX	XX	xx	X
Sub-total Voluntary redundancy	xx	xx	xx	х
Business Transformation payments	xx	xx	xx	х
Other Transformation costs	xx	xx	xx	x
Transformation Costs	xx		хх	
Transformation Costs				

Average YTD VR Cash Costs £ - per head	СУ	PY	
Frontline and other Ops CWU grades	xx	xx	
Ops Management	xx	xx	
Other	xx	XX	
Overall Weighted Average	хх	XX	

- Guidance
 All pay related costs in this category, including pension costs, must be re-allocated to pay cost categories above it.
 This must exclude 'International Terminal Dues' shown separately in the line below it.
 This shall comprise delivery charges from foreign postal and delivery companies for delivery of mail exported from the UK.

Figure 16: Quarterly Revenue and volume actual

	Volume m				Revenue £m					AUR £					
		Dui					Duin.					Dui			
		Prior	\/!		\/!		Prior	\/!		\/!		Prior	Variance to		\/!
	A -AI		Variance to		Variance to			Variance to	0	Variance to				Dd4	Variance to
	Actual m	Year m	9Y %	Budget m	Budget %	£m	Year £m	%	Budget £m	Budget %	Actual	Year £	PY %	Budget £	Budget %
Parcels			/0		70	Liii	LIII	/0	LIII	/0			/6		70
Domestic Account Parcels	xx	XX	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Domestic Account Parcels (Amazon)	XX	xx	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
RM 24/48 Large Letters	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Tracked and Tracked returns	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Special Delivery	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	×x	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Other Domestic Account Parcels	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.xx	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Network Access Parcels	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.xx	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Account Parcels	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Stamped Parcels	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
· ·		XX				XX					I	X.XX			
USO Account and Metered Parcels Special Delivery - USO	XX XX	XX	x.x% <i>x.x</i> %	XX XX	x.x% <i>x.x%</i>	XX	XX XX	x.x% x.x%	xx xx	x.x% <i>x.x</i> %	X.XX X.XX	X.XX X.XX	x.x% x.x%	X.XX X.XX	x.x% <i>x.x</i> %
Consumer & Small Business Parcels	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX XX	x.x%	XX	x.x% x.x%	X.XX	x.xx x.xx	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
International Import Parcels	XX		x.x%		x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
·		XX		XX		XX	XX	X.X%	XX	X.X%	X.XX	x.xx	X.X%	x.xx	X.X%
Non-Revenue Generating Parcels PM Parcels (For Delivery in the LIK)	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%			w wo/			V		u un/		x.x%
RM Parcels (For Delivery in the UK)	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%		x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	
International Export Parcels	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Specialist services	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	X.X%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Less: eCourier o/s RB						xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%					
Parcel contingency						XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%					
Reported Business Parcels inc RM 24/48 LL (A)	хх	хх	х.х%	хх	х.х%	хх	ХХ	х.х%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	х.х%	x.xx	х.х%
Letters															
Retail Addressed Advertising Letters	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Unaddressed Advertising Letters	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Network Access Advertising Letters	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Advertising Letters	XX	XX	х.х%	XX	х.х%	хх	XX	х.х%	XX	х.х%		x.xx	х.х%	x.xx	x.x%
Retail Bulk Business Mail Letters	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Network Access Business Mail Letters	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Business Mail Letters	XX	XX	х.х%	XX	х.х%	хх	XX	х.х%	XX	х.х%		X.XX	х.х%	x.xx	х.х%
USO Account and Metered Letters	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Stamped Letters	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Consumer & Small Business	хх	ХХ	х.х%	хх	х.х%	хх	ХХ	x.x%	хх	х.х%	х.хх	x.xx	х.х%	х.хх	х.х%
International Import Letters	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	X.XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Elections	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Non-Revenue Generating Letters	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%										
Other	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.xx	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Royal Mail Letters (For Delivery in the UK)	хх	ХХ	x.x%	XX	х.х%	XX	ХХ	x.x%	хх	х.х%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
International Export Letters	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Letter contingency	xx	XX	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Philatelic	xx	XX	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Data & Innovations	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Central Group Income	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Revenue Earned from POL	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Total Letters (A)	хх	хх	x.x%	хх	х.х%	хх	хх	x.x%	хх	х.х%	x.xx	х.хх	x.x%	х.хх	х.х%
Plus: inter-business charge to PFW						xx	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%					
Plus: inter-company charges						XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%					
Total Reported Business Mail	хх	хх	x.x%	хх	x.x%	хх	хх	x.x%	хх	x.x%	х.хх	x.xx	x.x%	х.хх	х.х%
Reconciliation to RMUK															
Parcelforce	xx	xx	x.x%	XX	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
eCommerce Acquisitions	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Plus: eCourier	XX	XX	x.x% x.x%	XX	x.x% x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x% x.x%	X.XX	x.xx x.xx	x.x% x.x%	X.XX	x.x% x.x%
Other Royal Mail Parcels (C)	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Romec (D)	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.xx	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Total Parcels and Letters (including International) (A+B+C+D)	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%		XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%		X.XX	x.x%	X.XX	x.x%
Total . Green and Letters (mendaling international) (ATDTCTD)		^*	A.A/0	**	A.A.70	^^	^*	A.A/0	**	A.A70		A.AX	A.A/0	۸.۸۸	A.A70
Addressed Letters (excl. Elections)	хх	ж	x.x%	хх	x.x%	хх	хх	x.x%	хх	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%
Inland Addressed Letters	XX	XX XX	x.x% x.x%	XX XX	x.x% x.x%	XX XX	XX XX	x.x% x.x%	XX XX	x.x% x.x%		x.xx x.xx	x.x% x.x%	x.xx x.xx	x.x% x.x%
Addressed UK Delivered Letters	XX	XX XX	x.x% x.x%	XX XX	x.x% x.x%			x.x% x.x%		x.x% x.x%	x.xx x.xx	x.xx x.xx	x.x% x.x%	x.xx x.xx	x.x% x.x%
Total Addressed Letters						XX	XX		XX		1				x.x% x.x%
Total Royal Mail Letters (excl. Elections)	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x% x.x%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%		x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	
i otal noyal iviali Letters (excl. Elections)	XX	XX	х.х%	XX	x.X%	XX	XX	x.x%	XX	x.x%	x.xx	x.xx	x.x%	x.xx	x.x%

Figure 17: Quarterly cost metrics - actual

Financial Year
Financial Quarter

Financial Quarter										
		Fina	ancial Quar	ter			Financ	ial Year to	date	
	Actual	Prior year	%	Budget	%	Actual	Prior year	%	Budget	%
			Variance		Variance			Variance		Variance
Delivery and Collections										
Volumes (operational) (m) (9)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload (m)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Measured Worked Hours (k)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Worked Hours % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Gross Hours % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPWH % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPGH % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Process	X.X /0	X.X /0		A.A /0	A.A./0	A.A /0	X.X /0		X.X /0	JA.A //0
			0/	L	0/		I	0/	T	T0/
Volumes (operational) (m) (10)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload (m)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Measured Worked hours (k)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Worked Hours % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Gross Hours % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPWH % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPGH % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Head of Logistics Processing (RDC)					•		•			-
Volumes (operational) (m)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload (m)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Measured Worked Hours (k)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%	A.A 70	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	A.A /0	x.x%	x.x%
	x.x% x.x%			x.x% x.x%		x.x%	x.x% x.x%		x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%
Worked Hours % change		x.x%			x.x%					
Gross Hours % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPWH % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPGH % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Logistics	1				1		T			
Volumes (operational) (m)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload (m) (6)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Measured Worked Hours (k)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Worked Hours % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Gross Hours % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPWH % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPGH % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Other		1			1		1		1	1
Volumes (operational) (m)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload (m)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Measured Worked Hours (k)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload % change (11)	xx x.x%	xx x.x%	A.A /0	xx x.x%	x.x% x.x%	xx x.x%	xx x.x%	A. A /0	xx x.x%	x.x% x.x%
Worked Hours % change	X.X%	x.x%		X.X%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Gross Hours % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPWH % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPGH % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
Total (1)										
Volumes (operational) (m) (8)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload (m)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Measured Worked Hours (k)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Gross Hours (k) (7)	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%
Workload % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	1	x.x%	x.x%
Worked Hours % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
	x.x% x.x%			x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%	x.x%	x.x% x.x%		x.x% x.x%	x.x% x.x%
Gross Hours % change (11)		x.x%								
WIPWH % change	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
WIPGH % change (11)	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%		x.x%	x.x%
(6)			7			-	1	7		
Number of working days (5)	xx	xx]			XXX	XXX	J		

Reported Business Headcount Bridge	Joiners	Leavers;	Leavers;	Leavers;	Other (inc.	Actual	Prior Year	%Var	Budget	%Var
for the Financial Quarter (no. of		VR	III-Health	Attrition	timing,	Headcount				
people)				(2)	transfers)					
Fixed Term Full Time	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	x.x%		
Fixed Term Part Time	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	x.x%		
Permanent Full Time	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	x.x%		
Permanent Part Time	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	x.x%		
Total	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	x.x%	xx	x.x%

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Total productivity prior year YoY values are as reported, prior year absolutes are comparative

Retirement is included in Other (inc. timing, transfers) - there is not a separate classification for those who retire.

⁽⁵⁾ Working days relates to operational working days

⁽⁶⁾ Workload in logistics relates only to collections runs performed by the logistics function. We do not have a workload measure for the majority of logistics

⁽⁷⁾ Gross Hours % Change is reported as positive when Gross Hours have reduced, and negative when Gross Hours have increased.

⁽⁸⁾ Total operational volumes is the sum of the volumes above

⁽⁹⁾ Delivery volumes are outdoor letters and parcels. It excludes unaddressed, mail order returns and unaddressed elections.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Processing volumes are outward letters and parcels. It excludes mail order returns.

⁽¹¹⁾ The percentage variance to budget for the Workload, Gross Hours and Productivity change represents an absolute variance between the expected YoY percentage movement and the actual YoY percentage movement

Figure 18: Short SPHCC revenues, cost and volumes data extract file

	Short S	SPHCC 1	Short S	PHCC 2	 Short S	PHCC n
		YTD Prior		YTD Prior		YTD Prior
	YTD Actual	Year	YTD Actual	Year	YTD Actual	Year
Format	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Weight Step	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Class	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Payment method	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Scorecard category	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Product Group	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Sales product	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
V4 category	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx
Volume	xx	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx
Revenue £	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx
People costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Other operating costs, £	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx
Total operating costs, £	xx	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx
Transformation costs, £	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx
Total operating costs inc. Transformation costs, £	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx
Separated/Non-separated (see Appendix 2 for Short SPHCCs to be separated	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Transfer price (From Downstream services to Upstream services), £	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Upstream revenue, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Upstream total operating costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Upstream operating costs inc. Transformation costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
Downstream revenue, £	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx
Downstream total operating costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Downstream operating costs inc. Transformation costs, £	xx	XX	xx	xx	XX	хх

Figure 19: Quarterly Gross Hours by time category – actual

			Actual				E	Budget	:				Bud Va	ř			Bu	d Var	(%)	
Total Frontline	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%	%	%
Ordinary/Normal (Full and part time)	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Ordinary Casuals/Temporary	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Agency Casuals/Temporary	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Total Casuals/Temporary	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Overtime - contractual	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Overtime - non contractual	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Total Overtime	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Total Gross Hours	xx	хx	хх	хх	хx	ХX	ХX	хх	xx	ХX	xx	ХX	xx	хx	xx	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

			Actual				Actua	l Prior	Year				YoY					YoY (%)	
Total Frontline	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	YTD
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%	%	%
Ordinary/Normal (Full and part time)	XX	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Ordinary Casuals/Temporary	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Agency Casuals/Temporary	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Total Casuals/Temporary	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Overtime - contractual	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Overtime - non contractual	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
Total Overtime	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%
									-			-						-		
Total Gross Hours	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	хx	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	xx	ХX	ХX	ХX	ХX	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%	x.x%

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

People cost report

		Q1			Q2			Q3			Q4			YTE	b
Total Frontline	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m									
	Salary	NI	Pension	Salary	NI	Pension									
Ordinary/Normal (Full and part time)	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX	XX									
Ordinary Casuals/Temporary	xx	XX	XX	xx	XX	xx									
Agency Casuals/Temporary	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX									
Total Casuals/Temporary	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX									
Overtime - contractual	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX									
Overtime - non contractual	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX									
Total Overtime	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX									
Total frontline costs	XX	ХX	XX	xx	ХX	xx									

Figure 20: Annual Gross Hours by hours type – actual

Delivery & Collections	Actual FY	FYFF Yr x FY	Var	Var (%)
-	'000	'000	'000	%
Workload (Same as Cost metrics)	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Standard Hours	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Measured Worked Hours	XX	xx	XX	x.x%
Unmeasured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total Worked Hours	ХX	XX	XX	x.x%
Sickness absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Other absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total Delivery & Collections	ХХ	XX	ХX	x.x%

Actual	PY	YoY	YoY (%)
FY	FY		
'000	'000	'000	%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
ХX	xx	ХX	x.x%
XX	XX	xx	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	ΧX	x x%

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

Processing (Incl Regional Logistics)	Actual FY	FYFF Yr x FY	Var	Var (%)
	'000	'000	'000	%
Workload (Same as Cost metrics)	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Standard Hours	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Measured Worked Hours	XX	xx	XX	x.x%
Unmeasured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total Worked Hours	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	x.x%
Sickness absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Other absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total Processing (incl Regional logist	ХХ	xx	хх	x.x%

Actual FY	PY FY	YoY	YoY (%)
'000	'000	'000	%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	xx	x.x%
XX	xx	ХX	x.x%
XX	XX	xx	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

RDC Operation	Actual FY	FYFF Yr x FY	Var	Var (%)
NDO Operation	'000	'000	'000	%
Workload (Same as Cost metrics)	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Standard Hours	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Measured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Unmeasured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total Worked Hours	ХX	ХX	XX	x.x%
Sickness absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Other absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total RDC Operations	XX	XX	XX	x.x%

Actual	PY	YoY	YoY (%)
FY	FY		
'000	'000	'000	%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	xx	xx	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	xx	ХX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	xx	XX	x.x%

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

xxx	Actual FY	FYFF Yr x FY	Var	Var (%)
	'000	'000	'000	%
Workload (Same as Cost metrics)	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Standard Hours	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Measured Worked Hours	XX	xx	xx	x.x%
Unmeasured Worked Hours	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total Worked Hours	ХХ	xx	XX	x.x%
Sickness absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Other absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total absence	XX	XX	XX	x.x%
Total xxx	ХX	ХX	XX	x.x%

Actual	PY	YoY	YoY (%)
FY	FY		
'000	'000	'000	%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	xx	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	ХX	ХX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	XX	XX	x.x%
XX	xx	ХX	x.x%

Note: All data represent unadjusted reported hours

Figure 21: Efficiency initiative including related cost information – actual

Cost movement	Business Unit *	Efficiency initiatives/Cost Savings Programmes	FYFF Yr xx/xx £m	Actual Yr xx/xx £m	Variance Yr xx/xx £m	Cost type PVE or O
Cost Savings						
			(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	х
		1. Hours Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
			(201)	(201)	(100)	.,
		2. Harrie Cart Cartings Others	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	Х
		2. Hours Cost Savings - Other	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
			(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	X
		3. Hours Pay Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
			. ,	,		
			(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	x
		4. Non Hours Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
			(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	Х
		5. Non Hours Cost Savings - Other	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
1), (3) and (4)		Total Cost Savings - Projects	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
(2) and (5)		Total Cost Savings - Other	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
		6. Total Savings	(xx)	(xx)	(xx)	
_						
Cost Pressures			xx	XX	XX	Х
			XX	XX	XX	Х
		7. Hours & Pay Related Cost Pressures	ХХ	ХХ	XX	
			xx	xx	xx	x
		8. Other Cost Pressures	XX	XX	XX	^
		o. oc. cost i ressures	AA			
(7) +(8)		9. Total Pressures	хх	хх	хх	
(9) - (6)		Net Cost (savings)/pressures	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx	(xx)/xx	

Reconcile to total cost movements

in EBIT submission Check

st Business Unit - Secondary organisational area of the business, e.g. Operations.

Figure 22: Annual cumulative and in year WIPGH and PVEO performance – Confidential/Published Actual (cumulative performance from yr 1 of FYFF)

Efficiency metric	Progress
Year x of 5year expectation	
PVEO - absolute terms	£xxm
PVEO - percentage	x.x%
Change in Productivity (WIPGH)	x.x%

Commentary - Published

Commentary - Confidential

Performance in year - yr x of FYFF

Assessment of in year efficiency performance - yr x of FYFF

Assessment vs final expectation - yr 5 of FYFF

Reconciliation of FY WIPGH to Q4 YTD WIPGH - Confidential

Published change in Productivity (WIPGH)	x.x%
Q4 YTD change in Productivity (WIPGH) - submission to Ofcom	x.x%
Diff	x.x.%

Appendix 2: Products subject to upstream/downstream separation

Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry OCR Advertising Mail Unsorted Plus Barcode 1st rivate Boxes Early Collection 12 Months Advertising Mail Unsorted Plus Barcode 2nd Mailrooms Bespoke Collection Private Boxes Locked 12 Months Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate BC Private Boxes Standard Service 12 Months Advertising Mail Unsorted Plus OCR 1st Advertising Mail Unsorted Plus OCR 2nd Private Boxes Standard Service 6 Months Mail Collect with Respons Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate BC Private Boxes Transfer to PO Box 12 Months Advertising Mail High Sort With Response Economy Direct Safebox Special Delivery
Return to Sender Non USO
Sales Agents Response Services 1st Private Boxes Transfer to PO Box 6 Months Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate BC Private Boxes Standard Service Monthly Advertising Mail Response Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address Sales Agents Response Services 2nd Business Mail High Sort 1st Direct Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate OCR Monthly Sales Agents Royal Mail 24 Sales Agents Royal Mail 48 Sales Agents Royal Mail 24 (sort 8) Sales Agents Royal Mail 48 (sort 8) Business Mail High Sort 1st Residue Private Boxes Transfer to PO Box Monthly Business Mail High Sort 2nd Direct Business Mail High Sort 2nd Residue Business Mail High Sort Economy Direct Response Service Barcode Response Services Standard Retention of Mail (Business only) Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate OCR Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate OCR Sales Agents Royal Mail 48 Presort Flat Rate Business Mail High Sort Economy Residue Economy Business Sorted Bespoke Rural Carriage of Goods Sales Agents Misc ABB Services Business Mail Low Sort BC 1st Rural Newspaper Delivery Service Soles Agents Advertising Mail High Sort 1st Soles Agents Advertising Mail High Sort 2nd Soles Agents Advertising Mail High Sort Economy Soles Agents Sustainable Advertising Mail Intermediate Low Business Mail Low Sort BC 2nd Business Mail Low Sort BC Econo Business Mail Low Sort OCR 1st Business Mail Low Sort OCR 2nd Advertising Mail Low Sort EIB 1c Advertising Mail Low Sort Mailmark 2nd Business Mail Low Sort Mailmark 1st Business Mail Unsorted Mailmark 1st Rural Roadside Locked P Letter Boxes Selectapost Surcharges (Business) Surcharges (Mailmark) Sort 2C Business Mail Low Sort OCR Economy Business Mail Unsorted Mailmark 2nd Timed Delivery Advertising Mail Unsorted Mailmark 2nd Business Mail Low Sort Mailmark 2nd Business Mail Low Sort Mailmark Economy Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate Sales Agents Advertising Mail Low Sort Economy Business Mail Unsorted OCR 1st Poll Card Mailing Option Sales Agents Business Mail High Sort 1st Sales Agents Business Mail High Sort 2nd Sales Agents Business Mail High Sort Econo Sales Agents Business Mail Low Sort 2nd Do Not Redirect Courier Service (Bespoke) Royal Mail 24 (sort 8) Flat Rate Royal Mail 48 (sort 8) Flat Rate Business Mail Unsorted OCR 2nd Business Mail Unsorted BC 1st
Business Mail Unsorted BC 2nd
Business Mail Unsorted Plus Barcode 1st Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate EIB Sales Agents Business Mail Low Sort Economy Business Mail Unsorted Plus Barcode 2nd Royal Mail 24 (sort 8) Daily Rate Sales Agents Business Mail Unsorted 1st Sales Agents Business Mail Unsorted 2nd Sales Agents Publishing Mail High Sort 1st Sales Agents Publishing Mail High Sort 2nd Royal Mail 48 (sort 8) Daily Rate Priority Response Services Licence Freepost Name Licence Priority Services Registered Plus Licence 1500 Business Mail Unsorted Plus OCR 1st Business Mail Unsorted Plus OCR 1st Business Mail Unsorted Plus OCR 2nd Business Mail Unsorted 1st Business Mail Unsorted 2nd Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate Mailmark Economy Publishing Mail Low Sort Mailmark 1c Direct Business Mail Unsorted Advance OCR 1st Sales Agents Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Economy Publishing Mail Low Sort 1C EIB Large Priority Response Lice Sales Agents Advertising Mail Low Sort OCR 1st Business Mail Unsorted Advance OCR 2nd Publishing Mail Low Sort Mailmark 2nd Royal Mail 24 (presorted) Business Mail Unsorted Advance OCR Publishing Mail High Sort 1st Direct Publishing Mail High Sort 1st Residue Publishing Mail High Sort 2nd Direct Publishing Mail High Sort 2nd Residue Publishing Mail Low Sort 1st Sales Agents Advertising Mail Low Sort CBC 2nd Advertising Mail Unsorted Mailmark 1st Royal Mail 48 (presorted) Sales Agents Advertising Mail Low 301 CGC 2110 Sales Agents Business Mail Unsorted Advance OCR 1st Sales Agents Advertising Mail Unsorted 1st Sales Agents Advertising Mail Unsorted 2nd Sales Agents Advertising Catalogue Mail Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry EIB 1c Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry Mailmark Santa Mail Collection from Private PO Box Safebox Royal Mail Tracked Returns 24 Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry Mailmark Sales Agents Advertising Catalogue Mail Advertising Mail High Sort 1st Direct Advertising Mail High Sort 1st Residue Advertising Mail High Sort 2nd Direct Advertising Mail High Sort 2nd Residue Advertising Mail High Sort Economy Direct Publishing Mail Low Sort 1st
Publishing Mail Low Sort 2nd
Publishing Premium
Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry 1st Direct
Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry 1st Residue
Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry 2nd Direct Royal Mail Tracked Returns 48 Advertising Mail Low Sort Mailmark Economy Business Mail 1st Class Advanced Mailmark Letters Business Mail 2nd Class Advanced Mailmark Letters Tracked Returns Enhancements 1c Tracked Returns Enhancements 2c Postal Voting
Pre Sorted Delivery Advertising Mail Unsorted 1C Advertising Mail High Sort Economy Residue Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry 2nd Residue Advertising Mail Unsorted 2C Early Extraction Advertising Mail Low Sort BC 1st Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry Economy Business Mail Low Sort 2C Mailmark ND Early Collect Advertising Mail Catalogue High Sort Economy
Advertising Mail Catalogue High Sort Economy Residues Advertising Mail Low Sort BC 2nd Advertising Mail Low Sort BC Econ Advertising Mail Low Sort OCR 1st Response Services Plus Business Mail Secure Sales Related Fees istainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry Econo Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate 1st Advertising Mail Low Sort OCR 2nd Bespokes Response Service Licence Advertising Mail Low Sort OCR 2nd Advertising Mail Low Sort OCR Economy Advertising Mail Multi Stage Advertising Mail Unsorted 1st Advertising Mail Unsorted 2nd Advertising Mail Unsorted OCR 1st Calling for Priority Mail Market Reach Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate 1st Diversion (Del at Another Address) Freepost Name Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate 2nd Direct **Election Streetsor** Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate 2nd Advertising Mail Unsorted OCR 2nd Election Sort Advertising Mail Unsorted Barcode 1st Residue Large User Priority Response Services Large User Response Barcode Large User Response Services ilroom Management Royal Mail 24 Daily Rate Advertising Mail Unsorted Barcode 2nd Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate Economy Direct Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate Economy Residue Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry BC 1st Royal Mail 48 Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry BC 2nd Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry BC Econo Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry OCR 1st Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry OCR 2nd Royal Mail 24 Flat Rate Royal Mail 48 Flat Rate **Priority Response Services** Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 12 Months Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 6 Months

Guidance

For the avoidance of doubt, all the Short SPHCCs within the products included in the above table are subject to the requirements for upstream/downstream separation.

Appendix 3

Material change pro formas

Royal Mail must use the pro forma set out in **Table A** of this **Appendix 3** in relation to any material change and the cumulative effect of all changes to the Costing Manual and the Accounting Methodology Manual.

- (a) in relation to any material change to the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>, use the proforma set out in **Table B** of this **Appendix 3**;
- (b) in relation to the combined effect of all the material changes made in the <u>Financial Year</u> to the <u>Costing Manual</u> and the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> on <u>Short SPHCCs</u>, use the proforma set out in **Table C** of this **Appendix 3**; and
- (c) in relation to the combined effect of all the material changes to the Costing Manual and the Accounting Methodology Manual on the Reported Business annual income statements, use the pro forma set out in Figure 2 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines.
- (d) in relation to the combined effect of all the material changes to the Costing Manual and the Accounting Methodology Manual on the Reported Business annual income statements, use the pro forma set out in Figure 2 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines.

In using these pro formas, Royal Mail must ensure that—

- (a) the description of the change is explained in a manner that can be easily understood by a reader who does not have a detailed technical knowledge of <u>Royal Mail</u>'s operations and systems (e.g. avoiding acronyms and technical jargon to the greatest extent possible);
- (b) in giving reasons for the change, a brief explanation of the available options for change and Royal Mail's assessment of those options are provided; and
- (c) in stating the compliance with these Guidelines, a reference to the relevant obligations in these Guidelines and an explanation of how <u>Royal Mail</u> considers that the change complies with these obligations.

For the avoidance of doubt, the pro formas referred to in (a) and (b) above must be notified to OFCOM at least 30 within 7 days prior to the end of the Financial Year. Royal Mail must ensure that it maintains adequate records at SPHCC and Activity level to be able to provide to Ofcom upon request-making the changes in question (USPAC 1.6.3). In contrast, by way of exception to USPAC 1.6.3, the pro-forma referred to in (c) above must be notified to OFCOM within 54 days after the end of the last Financial Quarter of the Financial Year, and the pro-forma referred to in (d) above must, be notified to OFCOM within 90 days after the end of the Financial Year;

Table A: Annual statement of combined effect of all material changes to the Costing and Accounting Methodology Manuals Material changes to the Costing Manual

			Costs of products and/or services			Pipeline Costs			
Costs (incl transformation)	Notes	Total Reported Business	uso		Access	Non-USO	Non-Mails	Upstream services	Downstream services
£m	inc reason for change					remainder)			
Actual Published figure		хх	2	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх
Material Changes - listed									
Material Change 1		xx	2	XX	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx
Material Change 2		xx	2	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx
		xx	2	хх	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx
Cumulative impact of all changes		хх		хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх
Restated on new methodologies		хх	1	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх

			Costs of products and/or services			Pipeline Costs		
Revenue	Notes	Total Reported Business	USO	Access	Non-USO	Non-Mails	Upstream services	Downstream services
£m	inc reason for change				(remainder)			
Actual Published figure		хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх
Material Changes - listed								
Material Change 1		xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Material Change 2		xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
		xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Cumulative impact of all changes		хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх
Restated on new methodologies		хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх

			Costs of products and/or services			Pipeline Costs			
EBIT	Notes	Total Reported Business	uso		Access	Non-USO	Non-Mails	Upstream services	Downstream services
£m	inc reason for change					(remainder)			
Actual Published figure		хх		хx	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх
Material Changes - listed									
Material Change 1		xx		xx	XX	xx	xx	XX	xx
Material Change 2		xx		XX	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx
		xx		XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	xx
Cumulative impact of all changes		хх		хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх
Restated on new methodologies		хх		хx	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх

Appendix 4: Annual information to be included in the pro formas for the technical appendices of the Costing Manual for the Financial Year

Data Template A

Scope: all SPHCCs with a non-zero FAC or traffic volume in the year

Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

					RDT Volume	Total FAC (£)	Unit FAC (p)
SPHCC Group	SPHCC Code	SPHCC	Sales Product	Mon-mails Flag	FY	FY	FY
		Description	Code Description				

Data Template B

Scope: all Activities with a non-zero value in the year

Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

				Cost (£)
Activity Code	Activity	Pipeline	Attribute	FY
	Description	Segment	Description	

Data Template C

Scope: all Activities whose cost is allocated by the application of PFs and WFs (excluding "class activities")

Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

		PF %	WF
Activity Code	SPHCC Code	FY	FY

Data Template D

Scope: all "class activities" whose PFs and WFs are assigned by reference to another "source activity" on the basis of class
Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

			Should Class adopt PF of source Activity	Should Class adopt WF of source Activity
Activity Code of Class Activity	Activity Code of Source Activity	Class	Yes = 1, No = 1	Yes = 1, No = 1

Data Template E

Scope: list all activities whose cost is allocated on an EPMU basis

Activity Code		
e.g. HD0104XX		

Data Template F

Scope: all SPHCC x Activity combinations with a non-zero total FAC in any quarter

Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

		FAC (£)
Activity Code	SPHCC Code	FY

Data Template G

Scope: all Cost Types whose cost is allocated to outdoor delivery Activities by the application of Planning Values or theoretical or modelled operational data Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

		Cost Type Account			
		Cost Type Description			
		Resource Driver Description			
Activity Code	Activity Description	Pipeline Segment	This row has been deliberately left blank		
			FY%	FY%	FY%
All outdoor delivery Activities			100%	100%	100%