Annex 1

Direction: new Regulatory Accounting Guidelines (RAG)

DIRECTION GIVEN BY OFCOM OF NEW REGULATORY ACCOUNTING GUIDELINES UNDER, AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF APPLYING, THE USP ACCOUNTING CONDITION IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 53 OF, AND PARAGRAPH 4 OF SCHEDULE 6 TO, THE POSTAL SERVICES ACT 2011

BACKGROUND

- (A) On 27 March 2012, following consultation, Ofcom published a statement entitled 'Securing the Universal Postal Service: Decision on the new regulatory framework'¹ ("2012 Statement") setting out various decisions relating to the new regulatory framework for the postal sector, including the imposition on the universal service provider of a USP accounting condition ("USPAC No.1") to make provision about the matters set out in section 39 of the Act.
- (B) At Annex 11 to the 2012 Statement, Ofcom also gave a direction in accordance with section 53 of, and paragraph 4 of Schedule 6 to, the Act and pursuant to powers in USPAC No.1 that the condition shall have effect by reference to Regulatory Accounting Guidelines ("<u>RAG Issue 1</u>") set out in the Schedule to the direction.
- (C) On 27 January 2014, following consultation, Ofcom published a statement entitled 'Updating the Regulatory Reporting Framework – Statement – USP Accounting Condition'². Also on 27 January 2014, Ofcom separately published a notification entitled 'Updating the Regulatory Reporting Framework – Statutory Notification – USP accounting condition'³ ("2014 Modification") in which Ofcom set out its decision to modify USPAC No.1 and RAG Issue 1. The revised USP accounting condition and revised Regulatory Accounting Guidelines (clean copies as well as copies with tracked changes showing the updates) were set out in Annex 1 ("USPAC No.2") and Annex 2 ("RAG Issue 2") to the 2014 Modification, respectively. The revisions took effect from the date of publication of the 2014 Modification.
- (D) On 18 December 2017, following consultation, Ofcom published a statement entitled 'Regulatory financial reporting for Royal Mail⁴ in which Ofcom published at Annex 1 its notification⁵ revoking USPAC No.2 with effect from 25 March 2018 and imposing on Royal Mail a new USP accounting condition, as specified in the Schedule to the

¹ <u>http://stakeholders.ofcom.org.uk/binaries/consultations/review-of-regulatory-</u> <u>conditions/statement/statement.pdf</u>

² https://www.ofcom.org.uk/__data/assets/pdf_file/0020/71534/statement.pdf

³ https://www.ofcom.org.uk/__data/assets/pdf_file/0033/79863/statutory-notification.pdf

⁴ https://www.ofcom.org.uk/__data/assets/pdf_file/0032/108869/financial-reporting-Royal-Mail.pdf

⁵ https://www.ofcom.org.uk/__data/assets/pdf_file/0024/108870/Annex-1.-New-USPAC.pdf

Notification ("<u>USPAC No.3</u>"), to make provision about the matters set out in section 39 of the Act, which condition took effect on 26 March 2018.

- (E) At Annex 2 to that statement, Ofcom also gave a direction⁶ in accordance with section 53 of, and paragraph 4 of Schedule 6 to, the Act and pursuant to powers in USPAC No.3 that the condition shall have effect by reference to new Regulatory Accounting Guidelines ("<u>RAG Issue 3</u>") set out in the Schedule to the direction. By that direction, Ofcom withdrew RAG Issue 2 with effect from 25 March 2018 and directed that USPAC No.3 had effect by reference to the specific requirements in RAG Issue 3, which took effect on 26 March 2018.
- (F) On 19 December 2018, Ofcom published a consultation document entitled '*Review of regulatory financial reporting for Royal Mail: Cost allocation and transfer pricing consultation*'⁷ ("2018 December Consultation"), also known as Phase II of its 2017 review, setting out in its Annex 5 a notification of Ofcom's proposals to modify RAG Issue 3 in the manner specified in the schedule to that notification in order to direct Royal Mail to comply with its proposed requirements ("RAG 2018 Notification"). A copy of the RAG 2018 Notification was sent to the Secretary of State in accordance with paragraph 5(1)(a) of Schedule 6 to the Act.
- (G) Ofcom received responses to the RAG 2018 Notification, and the Secretary of State has not notified Ofcom of any international obligation of the United Kingdom for the purposes of Ofcom giving effect to those proposals. Having considered those responses, in accordance with paragraph 4(8) of Schedule 6 to the Act, Ofcom has decided to give effect, with some modifications (the nature of which are explained in the accompanying statement), to its proposals set out in the RAG 2018 Notification.

DECISION

- Ofcom hereby, in accordance with section 53 of, and paragraph 4 of Schedule 6 to, the Act—and pursuant to its powers under USPAC No.3—modifies the following provisions of RAG Issue 3—
 - (a) in Section 8 (entitled '*Regulatory Accounting Methodology*'), §§8.19, 8.21, 8.24, 8.28, 8.29, 8.30, 8.35, 8.36, 8.40, 8.42, 8.76; as set out in the Schedule hereto (which contains the new Issue 4 of the revised Regulatory Accounting Guidelines, "RAG Issue 4"); additionally, Ofcom has substituted the heading '*National Costing Rule 14: Operational data and sampling*' for the new heading '*National Costing Rule 14: Data and sampling*';
 - (b) in Section 9 (entitled 'Separation Methodology'), **§§9.10 and 9.12** as set out in that RAG Issue 4; and
 - (c) in Appendix 4 (entitled 'Annual information to be included in the pro-formas for the technical appendices of the Costing Manual for the Financial Year'), a new Data Template G has been inserted.
- 2. As a consequence of those modifications, Ofcom hereby—
 - (a) withdraws RAG Issue 3 with effect from **28 March 2020**; and

⁶ https://www.ofcom.org.uk/__data/assets/pdf_file/0025/108871/Annex-2.-New-RAG.pdf

⁷ <u>https://www.ofcom.org.uk/consultations-and-statements/category-1/review-regulatory-financial-reporting-royal-mail</u>

- (b) directs that USPAC No.3 shall have effect by reference to the specific requirements relating to that condition prescribed by RAG Issue 4, which direction shall take effect on **29 March 2020**.
- **3.** The effect of, and Ofcom's reasons for making, this decision are set out in the accompanying statement.

OFCOM'S DUTIES AND LEGAL TESTS

- **4.** Ofcom is satisfied that this decision satisfies the general test in paragraph 4(2) of Schedule 6 to the Act.
- 5. In making this decision, Ofcom has considered and acted in accordance with its principal duty in section 29 of the Act and its general duties in section 3 of the Communications Act 2003.

INTERPRETATION

- 6. Except insofar as the context otherwise requires, words or expressions shall have the meaning assigned to them in this Direction and otherwise any word or expression shall have the same meaning as it has been ascribed for the purpose of Part 3 of the Act or for the purpose of the USP accounting condition (as relevant).
- 7. In this Direction—
 - (a) "2012 Statement" has the meaning given to it in recital (A) to this Direction;
 - (b) "2014 Modification" has the meaning given to it in recital (C) to this Direction;
 - (c) "2018 December Consultation" has the meaning given to it in recital (F) to this Direction;
 - (d) "Act" means the Postal Services Act 2011 (c.5);
 - (e) "Ofcom" means the Office of Communications;
 - (f) "RAG 2018 Notification" has the meaning given to it in recital (F) to this Direction;
 - (g) "RAG Issue 1" has the meaning given to it in recital (B) to this Direction;
 - (h) "RAG Issue 2" has the meaning given to it in recital (C) to this Direction;
 - (i) "RAG Issue 3" has the meaning given to it in recital (E) to this Direction;
 - (j) "RAG Issue 4" has the meaning given to it in paragraph 1(a) of this Direction;
 - (k) "Royal Mail" means Royal Mail Group Ltd, whose registered company number in England and Wales is 04138203, which is the current universal service provider for the purposes of section 39 of the Act;
 - (I) "USPAC No.1" has the meaning given to it in recital (A) to this Direction;
 - (m) "USPAC No.2" has the meaning given to it in recital (C) to this Direction; and
 - (n) "USPAC No.3" has the meaning given to it in recital (D) to this Direction.

- 8. For the purpose of interpreting this Direction—
 - (a) headings and titles shall be disregarded;
 - (b) expressions cognate with those referred to in this Direction shall be construed accordingly; and
 - (c) the Interpretation Act 1978 (c. 30) shall apply as if this Direction were an Act of Parliament.
- **9.** The Schedule to this Direction shall form part of this Direction.

Signed by

Davithen

David Brown

Director of Financial Economics, Ofcom

A person duly authorised by Ofcom under paragraph 18 of the Schedule to the Office of Communications Act 2002

23 July 2019

SCHEDULE Regulatory Accounting Guidelines (RAG) Issue No. 4

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Section 1: Purpose

- **1.1** The <u>USPAC Condition</u> imposes on <u>Royal Mail</u> (as the universal service provider_designated by <u>OFCOM</u>) various obligations under section 39 of the <u>Act</u>. Pursuant to powers in the <u>USPAC Condition</u>, <u>OFCOM</u> are empowered from time to time to give such directions as they consider appropriate in relation to <u>Royal Mail</u>—
 - (a) maintaining a separation for accounting purposes between such different matters as <u>OFCOM</u> may direct for such purposes as they may direct, including separation in relation to different services, facilities or products or in relation to services, facilities or products provided in different areas as well as the accounting methods to be used in maintaining the separation;
 - (b) complying with rules made by <u>OFCOM</u> in relation to those matters about the identification of costs and cost orientation, including the application of presumptions in the fixing and determination of costs and charges for any purpose as well as the publication of such accounts and other information relating to anything required to be done by <u>OFCOM</u> in this regard;
 - (c) complying with rules made by <u>OFCOM</u> about the use of cost accounting systems in relation to those matters, including the application of presumptions in the fixing and determination of costs and charges for any purpose as well as the publication of such accounts and other information relating to anything required to be done by <u>OFCOM</u> in this regard;
 - (d) securing that <u>Royal Mail</u>'s compliance with those systems is audited annually by a <u>Qualified Independent Auditor</u>, including <u>Royal Mail</u> meeting the costs of the audit; and
 - (e) otherwise in relation to <u>Royal Mail</u>'s obligations under the <u>USPAC Condition</u>.
- **1.2** Pursuant to the obligation in USPAC 1.2.3 on <u>Royal Mail</u> to comply with any direction given by <u>OFCOM</u> from time to time under it, the regulatory requirements in any direction (including in these Guidelines) are enforceable via the <u>USPAC Condition</u> in accordance with the relevant procedures in the <u>Act</u>.
- 1.3 By definition in the <u>USPAC Condition</u>, the "Regulatory Accounting Guidelines" means the document so entitled and published by <u>OFCOM</u> (as amended from time to time) setting out such requirements as <u>OFCOM</u> may direct from time to time relating to the preparation, auditing, reporting and publication, of regulatory financial statements and other regulatory financial reports to be prepared and maintained by <u>Royal Mail</u> by or under the <u>USPAC</u> <u>Condition</u>. Additionally to the general direction-making power referred to in §1.1 above, the <u>USPAC Condition</u> makes express references to these Guidelines in prescribing specific requirements on <u>Royal Mail</u> imposed by means of a direction, such as those concerning the manner and form in which financial statements and information should be prepared and maintained, etc.
- **1.4** Accordingly, <u>OFCOM</u> has directed that the <u>USPAC Condition</u> shall have effect by reference to these Guidelines.

Section 2: Definitions & Interpretation

- 2.1 For the purpose of interpreting these Guidelines—
 - (a) except in so far as the context otherwise requires (including where a term of art in postal sector or in accounting profession is used), words or expressions shall have the meaning assigned to them in §2.2 and otherwise any word or expression in these Guidelines shall have the same meaning as it has been ascribed in, and for the purpose of, the <u>USPAC Condition</u>;
 - (b) headings and titles shall be disregarded;
 - (c) expressions cognate with those referred to in these Guidelines shall be construed accordingly;
 - (d) the Interpretation Act 1978 (c. 30) shall apply as if these Guidelines were an Act of Parliament;
 - (e) subject to §2.1(f), references to "material", and cognate expressions, are references to the meaning of materiality as prescribed by the <u>Guiding Principle</u> concerning materiality in USPAC 1.7.2(h);
 - (f) in relation to the identification of material changes for the purpose of complying with the requirements set out in USPAC 1.6.3, materiality shall be determined as follows—
 - (i) for all items of the <u>Regulatory Accounting Methodology</u>, a change in any item (including revenues, costs, assets, liabilities, and cash flows) in any of the financial statements and/or information required by or under the <u>USPAC</u> <u>Condition</u> shall be deemed to be material if the resultant percentage difference (be it positive or negative) exceeds 5%. The resultant percentage difference shall be calculated by taking the value of the non-compliant item and subtracting from it the value of the same item if calculated under the compliant approach ("**Compliance Base Value**"), and then dividing this result by the <u>Compliance Base Value</u>;
 - (ii) for the purposes of the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> and the <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> only, a change in any reported item of product, <u>SPHCC</u>, or <u>Activity Cost</u> shall be deemed to be material if the resultant percentage difference (be it positive or negative) exceeds 1%, unless the change itself is smaller than £0.5 million. The resultant percentage difference shall be calculated by reference to the <u>Compliance Base Value</u>; and
 - (iii) any determination of materiality under §2.1(f)(i) and (ii) shall be measured by reference to the most recent quarterly or annual financial statements and/or information, as applicable.

2.2 In these Guidelines, the following words or expressions shall have the meaning assigned to them below—

Word or expression	Meaning
"Activity Based Costing"	A costing system used to allocate the costs recorded in the <u>General Ledger</u> , together with any sources of data (where necessary), to products, through an intermediate step of allocating <u>Activity Costs</u> .
"ABC Model"	'Activity Based Costing Model', which is the costing system that <u>Royal Mail</u> uses to allocate the costs recorded in the <u>General Ledger</u> , together with any sources of data (where necessary), to its products, through an intermediate step of allocating <u>Activity Costs</u> .
"Activity" or "Activities"	Activities, tasks or work (whether operational or non- operational) which are required to be carried out in order to complete a <u>Business Process</u> .
"Activity Cost"	Total or unit costs attributed to an Activity.
"Activity Drivers"	Numeric values which are used to assign <u>Activity Costs</u> to <u>SPHCC</u> s in accordance with <u>National Costing Rule 9</u> where they relate to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or in accordance with <u>Zonal Costing Rule 9</u> where they relate to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> .
"Aggregate Costs"	Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal</u> <u>Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> .
"Attributable Non-operational Costs"	Has the meaning given to it by §8.24(b) .
"Attributable Operational Costs"	Has the meaning given to it by §8.24(a) .
"Avoidable First Class Costs"	Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> where it relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal</u> <u>Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> .
"Avoidable Second Class Costs"	Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> where it relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal</u> <u>Costing Rule 3</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> .
"Bulk Mail"	A retail service offered at a price which is subject to discounts related to volume of mail per mailing or presentation of mail, typically involving conveyance of more than 250 items per mailing.
"Business Process"	Operational Business Processes and Non-operational Business Processes.
"Class Costing"	The methodologies applied in the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> and the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> to quantify the additional costs of processing certain classes of mail

	relative to other classes of mail.
"Compliance Base Value"	Has the meaning given to it under §2.1(f)(i) of these Guidelines.
"Cost Centre"	The basic unit of responsibility in an organisation for which costs are accumulated, such as a production or service location, function, <u>Activity</u> or item of equipment.
"Cost Element"	A cost recorded in the <u>General Ledger</u> , such as basic pay, overtime pay and National Insurance payments.
"Cost Matrix"	A breakdown of the costs of the <u>Reported Business</u> included in the calculation of the <u>Financeability EBIT</u> as shown in Figure 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines.
"Cost Type"	Cost figures obtained after rearranging the relevant categories of costs recorded in <u>Royal Mail</u> 's financial information, including the <u>General Ledger</u> , including aggregating or separating some of those costs.
"CPI"	Consumer Price Index, which means the index of consumer prices compiled by an agency or a public body on behalf of Her Majesty's Government or a governmental department (which is the Office for National Statistics at the time of publication of these Guidelines) from time to time in respect of all items.
"CVE"	'Cost Volume Elasticity', which is the ratio of the variable amount of time needed to process items of mail within a given <u>Operational Business Process</u> to the total amount of time needed to process those items of mail within that <u>Operational Business Process</u> , where variable time needed to process mail items is the time which varies in direct proportion to the volume of the mail items being processed.
"DB Pension Service Costs"	Costs of service contributions <u>Royal Mail</u> makes to its defined benefits pension plans in any given period.
"Delivery Office"	Part of <u>Royal Mail</u> 's <u>postal network</u> (as defined by section 38(3) of the <u>Act</u>) that is responsible for the final sortation, preparation and delivery of mail items to delivery points.
"Downstream Services"	The group of <u>Activities</u> related to the processes of final sorting in <u>Inward Mail Centres</u> , subsequent conveying, sequencing and delivery of mail to its final destination.
"Financeability EBIT"	'Earnings Before Interest and Tax' calculated as revenue less all the costs of products and services provided and <u>Transformation Costs</u> , before the deduction of interest and tax.
"EPMU"	'Equi-Proportional Mark-Up', which has the meaning given to it in <u>National Costing Rule 12</u> where it relates to the <u>National</u> <u>Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal Costing Rule 12</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> .

"FAC"	'Fully Allocated Cost', which is a costing methodology in which all costs (including <u>Overheads</u> but excluding any form of return, such as return on sales) are allocated to the outputs of the business.	
"First Class"	A product and/or service that aims to deliver the next working day (including Saturday) after collection.	
"Fixed Asset Register"	A register or list of assets held for the purpose of production of goods or rendering of services that are not held for the purpose of sale in the ordinary course of business. The list allows a company to keep track of details of each fixed asset, ensuring control and preventing misappropriation of assets. It also keeps track of the correct value of assets, which allows for computation of depreciation and for tax and insurance purposes.	
"FTE"	Full Time Equivalent which means staff headcount for a period	
	which is calculated by dividing total frontline staff hours worked in that period (including temporary and agency staff hours but excluding contractors' hours, and including overtime and scheduled attendance) by the total standard full time hours for that period; and adding the result to the average headcount of the rest of the staff in that period.	
"GDP"	Gross Domestic Product, which means a measure of economic activity that captures the value of goods and services that the UK produces during a given period.	
"General Ledger"	The accounting ledger that contains the financial accounts used by <u>Royal Mail</u> for the application of the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> and the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> for the <u>Reported Business</u> .	
"General Overheads"	Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal</u> <u>Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> .	
"Gross Hours"	Total paid hours of frontline staff working in a given Operational Business Process or Operational Business Processes in a given period.	
"Gross Hours Reduction"	Reduction in <u>Gross Hours</u> in a given period compared with the period prior to that period.	
"IAS 19"	International Accounting Standard 19 - Employee Benefits (2011), which outlines the accounting requirements for employee benefits, including short-term benefits (e.g. wages and salaries, annual leave), post-employment benefits such as retirement benefits, other long-term benefits (e.g. long service leave) and termination benefits.	
"Inward Mail Centre"	The part of <u>Royal Mail</u> 's mail centres in which the activities relating to the processes of final sorting of inward mail for delivery to the final addresses take place.	
"MCS"	'Mails Characteristics Survey', which is a survey conducted by 6	

	Royal Mail of the mail product types and volumes within the mail traffic of the Reported Business.	
"National Costing Rule(s)"	The requirements in these Guidelines, in paragraphs 8.11 to 8.43, for the purpose of the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> .	
"NBV"	'Net Book Value', which is the historical cost of an asset less the associated accumulated depreciation.	
"Non-operational Business Processes"	The following business processes of the <u>Reported Business</u> as defined in the <u>Costing Manual</u> —	
	1. commercial;	
	2. support;	
	3. wholesale; and	
	4. business sustaining activities.	
"Operational Business Processes"	The following business processes of the <u>Reported Business</u> as defined in the <u>Costing Manual</u> —	
	1. access (collections);	
	2. outward processing;	
	3. network distribution;	
	4. regional distribution centres processing;	
"Operational Business Processes"	 as defined in the <u>Costing Manual</u> 1. access (collections); 2. outward processing; 3. network distribution; 	

- 5. inward processing;
- 6. local distribution;
- 7. delivery indoor;
- 8. delivery-outdoor;
- 9. walk bundling centre;
- 10. perform mailroom management; and
- 11. international mail.

"Operational Volumes"	Volume of a product going through the <u>Pipeline</u> measured by the <u>Operational Volumes Method.</u>
"Operational Volumes Method"	A method of measuring the volume of a product going through the <u>Pipeline</u> , by counting or sampling.
"Other Drivers"	Has the meaning given to it by §8.26(b) , read together with <u>National Costing Rule 11</u> where it relates to the <u>National</u> <u>Costing Methodology</u> or by §8.26(b) , read together with <u>Zonal</u> <u>Costing Rule 11</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> .
"Overheads"	Costs which are either <u>General Overheads</u> or <u>Pipeline</u> <u>Overheads</u> have the meanings given to them by <u>National</u> <u>Costing Rule 8</u> where they relate to the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal Costing Rule 8</u> where they relate to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> .
"Pipeline"	All the <u>Operational Business Processes</u> involved in <u>Royal</u> <u>Mail</u> 's provision of its products and/or services from collection to final delivery of the products and/or services.
"Pipeline Overheads"	Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal</u> <u>Costing Rule 8</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> .
"Planning Values"	Number of minutes needed to process 1000 items of mail within a given <u>Operational Business Process</u> , as derived from industrial engineering methods.
"POL"	'Post Office Limited' whose registered company number in England and Wales is 02154540, and any of its subsidiaries (as defined by section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006) or any of its subsidiary undertakings (as defined by section 1162 of the Companies Act 2006 and for which section Post Office Limited shall be treated as the parent undertaking).
"PPI"	'Printed Postage Impressions', which is pre-printed postage.
"PPIA"	'Properly Prepared In Accordance' with these Guidelines and the <u>Guiding Principles</u> set out under <u>USPAC</u> 1.7.2', which is an audit opinion that provides reasonable assurance that a financial statement and information, taken as a whole, have been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the detailed requirements prescribed by these Guidelines.
"Productivity"	The ratio of the <u>Workload</u> of a given <u>Operational Business</u> <u>Process</u> or <u>Operational Business Processes</u> in a given period to the <u>Gross Hours</u> of that <u>Operational Business Process</u> or those <u>Operational Business Processes</u> in that period.
"Proportional Factors"	Factors representing the proportion of the total volume of each <u>SPHCC</u> which uses the related <u>Activity</u> and determined in accordance with the <u>National Costing Rule 10</u> where they relate to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or in accordance with <u>Zonal Costing Rule 10</u> where they relate to the <u>Zonal</u>

	Costing Methodology.
"PVEO Analysis"	An analysis of the changes in a <u>Financial Year</u> , from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> , of all the costs of the <u>Reported Business</u> included in the calculation of the <u>Financeability EBIT</u> , between the effects of price, volume, efficiency and other factors, as shown in Figure 8 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines.
"Resource Drivers"	Numeric values which are used to attribute <u>Cost Types</u> to <u>Activities</u> and determined in accordance with <u>National Costing</u> <u>Rule 6</u> where they relate to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or in accordance with <u>Zonal Costing Rule 6</u> where they relate to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> .
"Revenue Derived Volumes"	Volume of a product going through the <u>Pipeline</u> measured by the <u>Revenue Derived Method</u> .
"Revenue Derived Method"	A method of deriving the volume of a product going through the <u>Pipeline</u> , by dividing the revenue received for that product by the average unit price of that product, which is estimated by sampling.
"Second Class"	A product and/or service that aims to deliver by the second or third working day (including Saturday) after collection.
"Short SPHCC"	'Short Sales Product Handling Characteristic Combinations', which are products and/or services sub-divided based on the relevant measured characteristics as prescribed by these Guidelines, apart from the characteristic referred to in paragraph 8.22(d) of these Guidelines.
"SPHCC"	'Sales Product Handling Characteristic Combinations', which are products and/or services sub-divided based on the relevant measured characteristics as prescribed by these Guidelines.
"Third Class"	A product and/or service that aims to deliver by later than the third working day (including Saturday) after collection.
"Transformation Costs"	Annually recurring costs which <u>Royal Mail</u> incurs in order to restructure its business and/or operations, including redundancy costs.
"Transfer Charge(s)" or "Transfer Price(s)"	The charge or price that one part of a business may charge to another part of the same business, for the products and/or services which the former provides to the latter.
"UKPIL"	'UK Parcels, International and Letters', which is an operating unit of <u>Royal Mail</u> .
"Upstream Services"	The group of <u>Activities</u> related to the collection, sorting and conveying of mail to the point where <u>Downstream Services</u> begin.
"USPAC Condition"	The USP accounting condition imposed on <u>Royal Mail</u> as set out in the notification published by <u>OFCOM</u> at Annex 10 to the statement entitled 'Securing the Universal Postal Service'

	dated 27 March 2012, and as modified by <u>OFCOM</u> from time to time.
"V4 Format"	Categorisation of products and/or services into a single billing code or a group of similar billing codes.
"Weighting Factors"	Factors representing the relative proportions of resources that units of each <u>SPHCC</u> require from the related <u>Activity</u> and determined in accordance with the <u>National Costing Rule 10</u> where they relate to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or in accordance with <u>Zonal Costing Rule 10</u> where they relate to the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> .
"Weighted Volume Drivers"	Has the meaning given to it by <u>National Costing Rule 10</u> where it relates to the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> or by <u>Zonal Costing Rule 10</u> where it relates to the <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> .
"Workload"	A measure of weighted volume calculated by using weights derived from the amount of time required for frontline staff to carry out the tasks, identified and measured by industrial engineering methods, in order to process the mail volumes presented in a given <u>Operational Business Process</u> in a given period, expressed relative to the time taken to process 1000 sequenced letters in all relevant <u>Operational Business</u> <u>Processes</u> .
"Zone"	A part of the United Kingdom (based on postcode sectors) for which <u>Royal Mail</u> is using the same price for products and/or services falling within the <u>Reported Business</u> .
"Zonal Costing Rule(s)"	The requirements in these Guidelines for the purpose of the Zonal Costing Methodology.

Section 3: Obligations relating to the Relevant Group under USPAC 1.3

3.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.3.2, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 1** by using the pro-forma corresponding to the statement or information as specified in **Column 2 of that Table** (including notes disclosing a breakdown and explanations of any material items).

Table 1: Pro-formas for the financial statements and information for the Relevant Group

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.3.1		Column 2: Pro-forma specified in Appendix 1 of these Guidelines
USPAC 1.3.1(a)	consolidated cash flow projection statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.3.1(b)	Strategic Business Plan	Figures 7 and 8 of Appendix 1
USPAC 1.3.1(c)	Annual Budget	Figures 7 and 8 of Appendix 1

3.2 For the purpose of USPAC 1.3.3, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare each of the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 2** in accordance with the additional requirements corresponding to the statement or information as prescribed by **Column 2 of that Table**.

Table 2: Additional requirements for the financial statements and information for the Relevant Group

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.3.1		Column 2: Additional requirements in these Guidelines
USPAC 1.3.1(a)	<u>consolidated</u> cash flow projection statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines shall apply.
		The <u>consolidated</u> cash flow projection statement shall include the following—
		a) figures projected for the <u>Financial Quarter</u> for which the statement must be prepared together with the five <u>Financial Quarters</u> that follow that <u>Financial Quarter</u> showing the cash flows and the cash position for the <u>Relevant Group</u> ;
		 b) an explanation of the key assumptions underpinning the scenarios prepared in (a) above;
		 c) if <u>Royal Mail</u> changes its projections from one <u>Financial Quarter</u> to another, a reconciliation of the new projections to the

previous projections, together with an explanation of the material changes;
 d) figures showing the actual cash position of the <u>Relevant Group</u> at the beginning of the <u>Financial Quarter</u> in question, including a breakdown of material balances and movements in those balances since the beginning of the preceding <u>Financial</u> <u>Quarter</u>, together with an explanation of those material movements and differences with the projections for that preceding <u>Financial Quarter</u>;
 <u>Royal Mail</u>'s assessment of the financial sustainability of the <u>Relevant Group</u>, including its identification of key risks that may affect that sustainability;
 f) a statement of financing facilities available to the <u>Relevant Group</u> as at the beginning of the <u>Financial Quarter</u> in question, together with information on the extent to which these facilities have been utilised;
 g) the cash flows referred to in (a) above shall include at least the following—
 'EBITDA', namely revenue less all the costs of products and services provided before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation;
 pension costs including <u>DB Pension</u> <u>Service Costs</u>;
3) working capital;
4) dividends;
5) investments;
capital expenditure and proceeds from disposals; and
 Transformation Costs and any other operating and non-operating specific items; and
 h) if there are material presentational or methodological changes in the cash flow projections between the <u>Financial Quarter</u> in question and the preceding <u>Financial</u> <u>Quarter</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must restate the information relating to the latter together with explanatory notes. This additional requirement shall apply for the second <u>Financial Quarter</u> of the first <u>Financial</u> <u>Year</u> and subsequent <u>Financial Quarters</u>.

USPAC 1.3.1(b)	Strategic Business Plan	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines shall apply.
		The <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> shall include the following information in relation to the <u>Relevant</u> <u>Group</u> for each <u>Financial Year</u> forecast by <u>Royal</u> <u>Mail</u> —
		 a) income statement, balance sheet and cash flow statement; and
		 b) financial health metrics, including the metrics required by the covenants of loans and borrowing facilities, and the metrics considered in assessing and monitoring credit rating.
		The <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> shall include a reconciliation of the income statement set out in (a) above to the income statements of <u>UKPIL</u> and the <u>Reported Business</u> . The reconciliation must include a reconciliation of the <u>DB Pension</u> <u>Service Costs</u> of the <u>Relevant Group</u> , <u>UKPIL</u> , and the <u>Reported Business</u> calculated on both the cash paid basis and in accordance with <u>IAS 19</u> .
		The <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> shall include the information set out in (a) and (b) above, and the above-mentioned reconciliation, for the two <u>Financial Years</u> immediately preceding the first <u>Financial Year</u> forecast by <u>Royal Mail</u> .
		The <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> shall include the following information forecast by <u>Royal Mail</u> in relation to the <u>Reported Business</u> for each of the same <u>Financial Years</u> forecast by <u>Royal Mail</u> in relation to the <u>Relevant Group</u> —
		 revenues and costs of the <u>Reported</u> <u>Business</u> showing how the <u>Financeability</u> <u>EBIT</u> is calculated;
		 breakdown of revenues and volumes in <u>V4</u> <u>Format</u> and showing separately any contingencies provided against the revenues of any products or product groups;
		e) <u>Cost Matrix</u> as shown in Figure 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
		f) <u>PVEO Analysis</u> as shown in Figure 8 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
		g) <u>Workload</u> calculations for all relevant Operational Business Processes including—
		1) reconciliation of <u>Operational Volumes</u> to <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> for each relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u>

and each relevant format;
 mapping of <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> used in (g)(1) above to <u>Revenue Derived</u> <u>Volumes</u> provided under (d) above;
 mapping of the <u>Operational Volumes</u> recorded to the <u>Operational Volumes</u> in (g)(1) above;
 breakdown of the recorded <u>Operational</u> <u>Volumes</u> in (g)(3) above by the <u>Workload</u> weighting categories, together with the calculations carried out and the assumptions made in preparing the <u>Workload</u> weighting category breakdown;
 calculation of fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> for each <u>Workload</u> weighting category, setting out the following:
i. fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> weights for each <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Process;</u>
ii. fixed and variable <u>Planning</u> <u>Values</u> for each <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Process</u> ;
iii. base overall <u>Planning Value</u> for a sequenced letter;
iv. <u>CVE</u> s for each <u>Operational</u> Business Process; and
v. number of working days;
 h) <u>Gross Hours Reduction</u>, and <u>Productivity</u> calculations, broken down by the relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u> and format;
 Headcount and <u>FTEs</u> broken down between frontline, management and other staff;
 explanation of the main assumptions and the key drivers used by <u>Royal Mail</u> in its forecasts of volumes, the <u>Workload</u>, revenues, costs, and <u>Productivities</u> of the <u>Reported Business</u>, including but not limited to economic growth (including <u>GDP</u>), inflation (including <u>CPI</u>), market developments, competition, pricing, sales and marketing initiatives, efficiency initiatives, <u>Gross Hours Reduction</u>, pay and pension arrangements, taxation, legislation, depreciation, and contingencies; and
 k) a statement of changes in the forecast revenues and costs between the <u>Strategic</u> <u>Business Plan</u> submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to

		 <u>OFCOM</u> in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question and the most recent <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to <u>OFCOM</u> prior to that; breaking down the changes in forecast revenues between key revenue streams, and breaking down the changes in forecast costs into key cost categories; and explaining and quantifying the impact of the main drivers of the changes including but not limited to the changes in assumptions with regard to economic growth (including <u>GDP</u>), inflation (including <u>CPI</u>), market developments, competition, pricing, sales and marketing initiatives, efficiency initiatives, <u>Workload</u>, <u>Gross Hours</u> <u>Reduction</u>, <u>Productivity</u>, pay and pension arrangements, taxation, legislation, depreciation, and contingencies. The <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> shall include the information set out in (c), (d), (e), and (g) above in relation to the <u>Reported Business</u> for the two <u>Financial Year</u> forecast by <u>Royal Mail</u>. The <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> must include sensitivity analyses of the key inputs which have
		a significant risk of deviating from the values assumed in the <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> . These analyses must include a restatement of the relevant calculations and outputs of the <u>Strategic</u> <u>Business Plan</u> assuming those risks materialise.
USPAC 1.3.1(c)	Annual Budget	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines shall apply.
		The <u>Annual Budget</u> shall include the following information in relation to the <u>Relevant Group</u> —
		 a) income statement, balance sheet and cash flow statement; and
		 b) financial health metrics, including the metrics required by the covenants of loans and borrowing facilities, and the metrics considered in assessing and monitoring credit rating.
		The <u>Annual Budget</u> shall include a reconciliation of the income statement set out in (a) above to the income statements of <u>UKPIL</u> and the <u>Reported Business</u> . The reconciliation must include a reconciliation of the <u>DB Pension</u> <u>Service Costs</u> of the <u>Relevant Group</u> , <u>UKPIL</u> , and the <u>Reported Business</u> calculated on both the cash paid basis and in accordance with <u>IAS</u> <u>19</u> .
		The Annual Budget shall include the following

 information forecast by <u>Royal Mail</u> in relation to the <u>Reported Business</u>— c) revenues and costs of the <u>Reported Business</u> showing how the <u>Financeability EBIT</u> is calculated; d) breakdown of revenues and volumes in <u>V4</u> <u>Format</u> and showing separately any contingencies provided against the revenues of any products or product groups;
Business showing how the Financeability EBIT is calculated; d) breakdown of revenues and volumes in V4 Format and showing separately any contingencies provided against the revenues of any products or product groups;
<u>Format</u> and showing separately any contingencies provided against the revenues of any products or product groups;
e) <u>Cost Matrix</u> as shown in Figure 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
f) <u>PVEO Analysis</u> as shown in Figure 8 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
g) <u>Workload</u> calculations for all relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u> including—
 reconciliation of <u>Operational Volumes</u> to <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> for each relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u> and each relevant format;
 mapping of <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> used in (g)(1) above to <u>Revenue Derived</u> <u>Volumes</u> provided under (d) above;
3) mapping of the <u>Operational Volumes</u> recorded to the <u>Operational Volumes</u> in (g)(1) above;
 4) breakdown of the recorded <u>Operational</u> <u>Volumes</u> in (g)(3) above by the <u>Workload</u> weighting categories, together with the calculations carried out and the assumptions made in preparing the <u>Workload</u> weighting category breakdown;
5) calculation of fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> for each <u>Workload</u> weighting category, setting out the following:
i. fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> weights for each <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Process</u> ;
ii. fixed and variable <u>Planning</u> <u>Values</u> for each <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Process</u> ;
iii. base overall <u>Planning Value</u> for a sequenced letter;
iv. <u>CVE</u> s for each <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Process</u> ; and
v. number of working days;

6	recalcu categor <u>Busines</u> <u>OFCOM</u> mappin recorde above t <u>Operati</u> <u>Strateg</u>	tion in (g)(3) to (g)(5) above lated using the assumptions and ries adopted in the <u>Strategic</u> <u>as Plan</u> submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to <u>M</u> on 14 May 2015, together with a g of the categories of the ed <u>Operational Volumes</u> in (g)(3) to the categories of the recorded <u>ional Volumes</u> used in the <u>ic Business Plan</u> submitted by <u>Mail</u> to <u>OFCOM</u> on 14 May 2015;
7	calculat (g)(5) a calculat breakin	iciliation of the total <u>Workload</u> ted in accordance with (g)(1) to bove to the total <u>Workload</u> ted in accordance with (6) above, g down the difference into the lices caused by the following s:
	i.	changes in the <u>Workload</u> calculation methodology including changes in measurement and sampling methodology;
	ii.	changes in the <u>Activities</u> within the <u>Operational Business</u> <u>Processes</u> and <u>Non-operational</u> <u>Business Processes</u> ;
	iii.	changes in the standing data (eg container fills and distances) as a result of new measurements carried out using current measurement methodologies; and
	iv.	changes in the scope of the <u>Workload</u> calculation with respect to the <u>Operational Business</u> <u>Processes</u> which are included in the calculation;
	calculatior	<u>urs Reduction</u> , and <u>Productivity</u> ns, broken down by the relevant <u>al Business Processes</u> and
	calculation restated based bas	urs Reduction, and <u>Productivity</u> as provided under (h) above ased on the definitions in the <u>Business Plan</u> submitted by <u>Royal</u> <u>COM</u> on 14 May 2015;
		t and <u>FTEs</u> broken down between nanagement and other staff;
		n of the main assumptions and ivers used by <u>Royal Mail</u> in its

forecasts of volumes, the <u>Workload</u> , revenues, costs, and <u>Productivities</u> of the <u>Reported Business</u> , including but not limited to economic growth (including <u>GDP</u>), inflation (including <u>CPI</u>), market developments, competition, pricing, sales and marketing initiatives, efficiency initiatives, <u>Gross Hours Reduction</u> , pay and pension arrangements, taxation, legislation, depreciation, and contingencies; and
 a statement of changes in the forecast revenues and costs between the <u>Annual</u> <u>Budget</u> submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to <u>OFCOM</u> in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question and the most recent <u>Annual Budget</u> submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to <u>OFCOM</u> prior to that; breaking down the changes in forecast revenues between key revenue streams, and breaking down the changes in forecast costs into key cost categories; and explaining and quantifying the impact of the main drivers of the changes including but not limited to the changes in assumptions with regard to economic growth (including <u>GDP</u>), inflation (including <u>CPI</u>), market developments, competition, pricing, sales and marketing initiatives, efficiency initiatives, <u>Workload</u>, <u>Gross Hours Reduction</u>, <u>Productivity</u>, pay and pension arrangements, taxation, legislation, depreciation, and contingencies.
The <u>Annual Budget</u> must include sensitivity analyses of the key inputs which have a significant risk of deviating from the values assumed in the <u>Annual Budget</u> . These analyses must include a restatement of the relevant calculations and outputs of the <u>Annual Budget</u> assuming those risks materialise.

Section 4: Obligations relating to the Reported Business under USPAC 1.4

4.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.4.2, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 3** by using the pro-forma corresponding to the statement or information as specified in **Column 2 of that Table** (including notes disclosing a breakdown and explanations of any material items).

Table 3: Pro-formas for the financial statements and information for the Reported Business

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.4.1		Column 2: Pro-forma specified in Appendix 1 of these Guidelines
USPAC 1.4.1(a)	Annual income statement	Figure 1, 2, 7 and 8, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(b)	Quarterly income statement	Figure 2 and 7, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(d)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(d)	Figure 3, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(e)	Annual capital employed statement	Figure 4, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(f)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(f)	Figure 4, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(g)	Annual cash flow statement	Figure 5, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Figure 5, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(i)	Annual product profitability statement	Figure 6, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(j)	Quarterly product profitability statement	Figure 6, Appendix 1
USPAC 1.4.1(k)	Monthly revenue and volume information statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(I)	Quarterly revenue, cost and volume information statements	Figures 9, 10 and 11, Appendix 1

4.2 For the purpose of USPAC 1.4.3, <u>Royal Mail must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 4** in accordance with the additional requirements corresponding to the statement or information as prescribed by **Column 2 of that Table**.</u>

Table 4: Additional requirements for the financial statements and information for the separated Reported Business

	Financial statement/information in USPAC 1.4.1	Column 2: Additional requirements in these Guidelines
USPAC 1.4.1(a) and (b)	Annual income statement and quarterly income statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply.
		The annual and quarterly income statements shall include—
		a) <u>Cost Matrix</u> as shown in Figure 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
		b) a breakdown of items of revenue or cost in these statements, which <u>Royal Mail</u> categorises as other operating and non- operating specific items not included in the calculation of the <u>Financeability EBIT</u> ; together with explanations as to the nature of each item and the reasons why each item arose; and
		 adjustments made to re-state the <u>DB</u> <u>Pension Service Costs</u> from the basis in accordance with <u>IAS 19</u> to a cash paid basis.
		The annual income statement shall include—
		d) <u>PVEO Analysis</u> as shown in Figure 8 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; and
		e) a reconciliation of the total costs included in the following statements and information:
		 annual income statements set out in Figures 2 and 3 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
		 annual <u>Cost Matrix</u> as shown in Figure 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
		 <u>PVEO Analysis</u> as shown in Figure 8 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; and
		 Technical appendices cost data as shown in Appendix 4 of these Guidelines.
		The quarterly income statement shall include the revenues and costs of the <u>Reported Business</u> forecast by <u>Royal Mail</u> in accordance with the <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> , showing how the forecast <u>Financeability EBIT</u> is calculated.
		For the avoidance of doubt, items (a) (<u>Cost</u> <u>Matrix</u>) and (d) (<u>PVEO Analysis</u>) above are not

		required for the publicly available annual income statement.
USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(c)	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply.
		The annual reconciliation shall set out each of the quarterly financial statements and information to be prepared for USPAC 1.4.1(b) and then reconcile the combined total of these four statements with the financial statement and information to be prepared for USPAC 1.4.1(a). Where there are any reconciling differences, <u>Royal Mail</u> must provide accompanying notes and explanations to describe these reconciling differences.
USPAC 1.4.1(d)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(d)	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply.
		The annual reconciliation shall be reconciled giving appropriate detail and explanation of any reconciling items. Each reconciliation shall include the following two steps as shown in Figure 3 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines—
		a) a reconciliation between the <u>Reported</u> <u>Business</u> and <u>UKPIL</u> ; and
		b) a reconciliation between <u>UKPIL</u> and the <u>Relevant Group</u>.
		In addition, <u>Royal Mail</u> must provide in the accompanying notes the detail of the material reconciling differences in the annual reconciliation.

USPAC 1.4.1(e)	Annual capital employed statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning capital employed statements shall apply. <u>Royal Mail</u> shall provide a breakdown of the total fixed asset <u>NBV</u> allocated to the <u>Reported</u> <u>Business</u> as a whole, by main asset classes.
USPAC 1.4.1(f)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(f)	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning capital employed statements shall apply.
		The annual reconciliation shall be reconciled giving appropriate detail and explanation of any reconciling items. Each reconciliation shall include the following two steps as shown in Figure 4 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines—
		a) a reconciliation between the <u>Reported</u> <u>Business</u> and <u>UKPIL</u> ; and
		 b) a reconciliation between <u>UKPIL</u> and the <u>Relevant Group</u>.
		In addition, <u>Royal Mail</u> must provide in the accompanying notes the detail of the material reconciling differences in the annual reconciliation.
USPAC 1.4.1(g)	Annual cash flow statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning cash flow statements shall apply.
USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(h)	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning cash flow statements shall apply.
		The annual reconciliation shall be reconciled giving appropriate detail and explanation of any reconciling items. Each reconciliation shall include the following two steps as shown in Figure 5 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines—
		a) a reconciliation between the <u>Reported</u> <u>Business</u> and <u>UKPIL</u> ; and
		b) a reconciliation between <u>UKPIL</u> and the <u>Relevant Group</u>.
		In addition, <u>Royal Mail</u> must provide in the accompanying notes the detail of the material reconciling differences in the annual reconciliation.

USPAC 1.4.1(i)	Annual product profitability statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply.
		<u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare and maintain separate annual product profitability statements for each of the products specified in Column 3 of Table 5 .
		Each of these statements shall only include the costs covered in the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> .
USPAC 1.4.1(j)	Quarterly product profitability statement	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements shall apply.
		<u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare and maintain separate quarterly product profitability statements for each of the products specified in Column 2 of Table 5 .
		Each of these statements shall only include the costs covered in the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> .
USPAC 1.4.1(k)	Monthly revenue and volume information statement	<i>Not</i> applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(l)	Quarterly revenue, cost and volume information statements	The rules in Sections 8 and 9 of the Guidelines shall apply.
		Quarterly revenue, volume and cost information statement shall include (except for items (c)(6), (c)(7), and (c)(9) which are only required to be included in the statement for the last <u>Financial</u> <u>Quarter</u> of each <u>Financial Year</u>)—
		 actual and budgeted revenue and volume information for groups of products sold in each <u>Financial Quarter</u>, in the form set out in Figure 9 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
		 b) actual and budgeted cost metrics information for each <u>Financial Quarter</u>, in the form set out in Figure 10 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines. <u>Royal Mail</u> shall provide an explanation of the variances included in the cost metrics report;
		c) <u>Workload</u> calculations for all relevant <u>Operational Business Processes</u> including—
		 reconciliation of <u>Operational Volumes</u> to <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> for each relevant <u>Operational Business</u> <u>Processes</u> and each relevant format;
		 mapping of <u>Revenue Derived Volumes</u> used in (c)(1) above to <u>Revenue Derived</u> <u>Volumes</u> provided under (a) above and (d) below;

3) mapping of the Operational Volumes
recorded to the Operational Volumes in (c)(1) above;
 breakdown of the recorded <u>Operational</u> <u>Volumes</u> in (c)(3) above by the <u>Workload</u> weighting categories, together with the calculations carried out and the assumptions made in preparing the <u>Workload</u> weighting category breakdown;
 calculation of fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> for each <u>Workload</u> weighting category, setting out the following:
i. fixed and variable <u>Workload</u> weights for each <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Process;</u>
ii. fixed and variable <u>Planning</u> <u>Values</u> for each <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Process;</u>
iii. base overall <u>Planning Value</u> for a sequenced letter;
iv. <u>CVE</u> s for each <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Process</u> ; and
v. number of working days;
6) information in (c)(3) to (c)(5) above covering the results for the <u>Financial</u> <u>Year</u> as a whole, recalculated using the assumptions and categories adopted in the <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to <u>OFCOM</u> on 14 May 2015, together with a mapping of the categories of the recorded <u>Operational</u> <u>Volumes</u> in (c)(3) above to the categories of the recorded <u>Operational</u> <u>Volumes</u> used in the <u>Strategic Business</u> <u>Plan</u> submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to <u>OFCOM</u> on 14 May 2015;
7) a reconciliation of the total <u>Workload</u> calculated in accordance with (c)(1) to (c)(5) above to the total <u>Workload</u> calculated in accordance with (6) above, covering the results for the <u>Financial</u> <u>Year</u> as a whole, breaking down the difference into the differences caused by the following changes:
i. changes in the <u>Workload</u> calculation methodology including changes in measurement and sampling methodology;
ii. changes in the <u>Activities</u> within the

	<u>Operational Business Processes</u> and <u>Non-operational Business</u> <u>Processes;</u>
	iii. changes in the standing data (eg container fills and distances) as a result of new measurements carried out using current measurement methodologies; and
	iv. changes in the scope of the <u>Workload</u> calculation with respect to the <u>Operational Business</u> <u>Processes</u> which are included in the calculation;
	8) <u>Gross Hours Reduction</u> , and <u>Productivity</u> calculations, broken down by the relevant <u>Operational Business</u> <u>Processes</u> and format; and
	9) <u>Gross Hours Reduction</u> , and <u>Productivity</u> calculations provided under (8) above, covering the results for the <u>Financial</u> <u>Year</u> as a whole, restated based on the definitions in the <u>Strategic Business Plan</u> submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to <u>OFCOM</u> on 14 May 2015;
d)	actual revenue, cost, and volume information for <u>Short SPHCCs, and</u> Transfer Prices between <u>Upstream Services</u> and <u>Downstream Services</u> for the products set out in Appendix 2 to these Guidelines, for each <u>Financial Quarter</u> , in the form set out in Figure 11 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
e)	reconciliations of the total revenues and volumes included in the following statements and information—
	 quarterly income statement set out in Figure 2 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines;
	 quarterly revenues and volumes information set out in Figure 9 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; and
	 quarterly revenue, cost, and volume information for <u>Short SPHCCs</u>, in the form set out in Figure 11 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; and
f)	reconciliations of the total costs included in the following statements and information—
	 quarterly income statement set out in Figure 2 of Appendix 1 of these

	Guidelines;
	 quarterly <u>Cost Matrix</u> set out in Figure 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines; and
	 quarterly revenue, cost, and volume information for <u>Short SPHCCs</u>, in the form set out in Figure 11 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines.

Table 5: Product profitability statements

Column 1: Statement number	Column 2: Products specified by <u>OFCOM</u> to be contained in the quarterly product profitability statement	Column 3: Products specified by <u>OFCOM</u> to be contained in the annual product profitability statement
1	<u>Access</u> products D+2 and later letters and large letters	
2	Other <u>Access</u> products	
3		Access products
4		PAF

4.3 For the purpose of interpreting the full meaning of the products specified in **Columns 2 and 3** of **Table 5**, words or expressions shall be interpreted in accordance with **Section 2** of these Guidelines.

Section 5: Obligations relating to the separated Reported Business under USPAC 1.5

5.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.5.3, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 6** by using the pro-forma corresponding to the statement or information as specified in **Column 2 of that Table** (including notes disclosing a breakdown and explanations of any material items).

Table 6: Pro-formas for the financial statements and information for the separated Reported Business

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.5.2		Column 2: Pro-forma specified in Appendix 1 of these Guidelines
USPAC 1.5.2(a)	Annual end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	Figure 1, Appendix 1 (for statements to be published by USPAC 1.5.8); and
		Figure 2, Appendix 1 (for statements to be delivered to <u>OFCOM</u> by USPAC 1.5.10).
USPAC 1.5.2(b)	Quarterly end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	Figure 2, Appendix 1

5.2 For the purpose of USPAC 1.5.4 and USPAC 1.6.1, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 7** in accordance with the additional requirements corresponding to the statement or information as prescribed by **Column 2 of that Table**.

Table 7: Additional requirements for the financial statements and information for the separated Reported Business

Column 1: Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC 1.5.2		Column 2: Additional requirements in these Guidelines
USPAC 1.5.2(a)	Annual end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-</u> <u>Mails</u>	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements and the rules in Section 9 of the Guidelines shall apply.
USPAC 1.5.2(b)	Quarterly end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-</u> <u>USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	The rules in Section 8 of the Guidelines concerning income statements and product profitability statements and the rules in Section 9 of the Guidelines shall apply.

Section 6: Obligations relating to the Costing Manual and the Accounting Methodology Manual under USPAC 1.6

6.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.6.1, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare, maintain and keep up-to-date the <u>Costing Manual</u> and the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> in accordance with the general requirements set out in this **Section 6** concerning the <u>Costing Manual</u> and the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>, respectively.

The Costing Manual

General requirements

- **6.2** <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with the rules in **Section 8** of the Guidelines concerning the <u>National</u> <u>Costing Rules</u> and the <u>Zonal Costing Rules</u>.
- **6.3** Subject to **§6.4**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare, maintain and keep up-to-date the <u>Costing Manual</u> to a comprehensive level of detail to demonstrate compliance with the rules referred to in **§6.2**.
- 6.4 <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare and present the <u>Costing Manual</u> in a manner that contains the level of detail necessary to allow a competent user of the <u>Costing Manual</u> with a reasonable degree of professional skill to reproduce the results of the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> and the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> without the need for further instruction or interpretation.
- 6.5 <u>Royal Mail</u> must provide information to <u>OFCOM</u> for each separate material change to the <u>Costing Manual</u> in a format that is clear and transparent using the pro-formas set out in **Appendix 3** of these Guidelines.

Technical appendices

- 6.6 OFCOM hereby direct that—
 - (a) for the purpose of USPAC 1.6.1, <u>Royal Mail</u> must include in the technical appendices of the <u>Costing Manual</u> the information prescribed in, and the manner required by the proforma specified in, **Appendix 4** of these Guidelines; and
 - (b) for the purpose of USPAC 1.6.6, the technical appendices of the <u>Costing Manual</u> that contain commercially confidential information to <u>Royal Mail</u> is prescribed as confidential for that purpose.

The Accounting Methodology Manual

- **6.7** <u>Royal Mail</u> must in the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> include all the detailed documentation of the <u>Regulatory Accounting Methodology</u> that <u>Royal Mail</u> is not required to document in the <u>Costing Manual</u>.
- 6.8 <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare, maintain and keep up-to-date the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> in accordance with §6.9 and to a comprehensive level of detail to demonstrate compliance with its obligation referred to in §6.7. Without prejudice to the generality of that obligation to include a comprehensive level of detail in the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must include—

- (a) a detailed description of the methodology followed in the identification of the relevant <u>Royal Mail</u> costs for the <u>Relevant Group</u> and the <u>Reported Business</u>; and
- (b) separate descriptions of the detailed <u>Regulatory Accounting Methodology</u> used by <u>Royal</u> <u>Mail</u> shall be provided for all the main items in the income statements, capital employed statement and cash flow statements, and including—
 - (i) a description of the data sources used to calculate inputs and allocations; and
 - (ii) the methodology and calculations used by <u>Royal Mail</u> to determine that the <u>Transfer Charges</u> are presented in sufficient detail to enable <u>OFCOM</u> to ensure that the calculated <u>Transfer Charges</u> follow the requirements in these Guidelines.
- **6.9** <u>Royal Mail</u> must prepare and present the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> in a manner that contains the level of detail necessary to allow a competent user of the <u>Accounting</u> <u>Methodology Manual</u> with a reasonable degree of professional accounting skill, and when used in conjunction with the <u>Costing Manual</u>, to gain a clear understanding of how the financial statements and information required by or under the <u>USPAC Condition</u> have been prepared without the need for further instruction or interpretation.
- **6.10** <u>Royal Mail</u> must provide information to <u>OFCOM</u> for each separate material change to the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> in a format that is clear and transparent using, the pro-formas as set out in **Appendix 3** of these Guidelines.

Section 7: Product Allocations for Accounting Separation

- 7.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.4.7, <u>OFCOM</u> hereby direct that, in relation to product profitability statements in Column 1 of Table 5 in Section 4 of these Guidelines, <u>Royal Mail</u> is only required to publish the combined figures for <u>Access</u> products < 2kg and <u>Access</u> products > 2kg.
- **7.2** <u>Royal Mail</u> must specify in the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> every product and service that falls into each product profitability statement in **Column 1** of **Table 5** in **Section 4** of these Guidelines and every product and service that falls into each product group required by USPAC 1.5.2(a) and 1.5.2(b).
- 7.3 For the avoidance of doubt, any changes <u>Royal Mail</u> may make to the product and service allocations referred to in §7.2, for any <u>Financial Quarter</u> or <u>Financial Year</u> to which the <u>USPAC Conditions</u> apply, shall be treated as a change subject to the obligation referred to in §6.10.

Section 8: Regulatory Accounting Methodology

8.1 <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that the <u>Regulatory Accounting Methodology</u> complies with the detailed rules set out in this **Section 8**, which relate to the allocation and apportionment of costs, revenues, assets and cash flows for the <u>Reported Business</u>.

Income statements and product profitability statements

Introduction

8.2 <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that its preparation of any income statement or product profitability statement for the <u>Reported Business</u> required by or under the <u>USPAC Condition</u> complies with the rules set out below.

Levels of preparation

- **8.3** <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure, for the purposes of USPAC 1.4.1(a), (d), and (i), that annual income statements, annual reconciliations of such income statements, and annual product profitability statements are prepared to the level of <u>Financeability EBIT</u>, and EBIT as defined in the statutory financial statements of <u>RM plc</u>.
- **8.4** <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure, for the purposes of USPAC 1.4.1(b), (c), and (j) that quarterly income statements, annual reconciliations of such income statements, and quarterly product profitability statements are prepared to the level of <u>Financeability EBIT</u>, and EBIT as defined in the statutory financial statements of <u>RM plc</u>.

Revenue Accounting

- **8.5** References to "revenue" in this **Section 8** are references to external and internal turnover used in the preparation of any income statement or product profitability statement. External and internal turnover shall consist of income for products and/or services arising from the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for products and/or services provided as part of the operational trading of the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- **8.6** To recognise revenue, <u>Royal Mail</u> must follow the revenue recognition accounting policies adopted by <u>Royal Mail</u> as part of their compliance with the accounting standards used in producing its audited annual statutory accounts.
- **8.7** Revenue shall be assigned directly to the appropriate products and/or services using the relevant information in <u>Royal Mail</u>'s billing systems, and shall be consistently applied across all products and/or services, including stamped and metered mail.
- **8.8** Where it is not possible to directly allocate revenue to products and/or services, <u>Royal Mail</u> must use its best endeavours to find the most appropriate and objective driver to apportion the revenue to product and to document this apportionment of revenue in the <u>Accounting</u> <u>Methodology Manual</u>.
- 8.9 <u>Royal Mail must report the revenue by showing the following separately</u>—
 - (a) external revenues relating to the sales of any product or service outside of the <u>Relevant</u> <u>Group</u>; and

(b) internal revenues (resulting from <u>Transfer Charges</u>) relating to the sales of any product or service within the <u>Relevant Group</u>.

Volumes

8.10 <u>Royal Mail</u> must follow <u>National Costing Rule 13</u> as the sole basis for traffic measurement used in the financial statements and information.

Costing

National Costing Methodology

- 8.11 Royal Mail must—
 - (a) ensure that the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> complies with the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Rules</u> set out in this **Section 8**;
 - (b) document the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> in the <u>Costing Manual</u>; and
 - (c) apply the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> to all the costs of the products and/or services of the <u>Reported Business</u>.

National Costing Rules

National Costing Rule 1: Activity Based Costing ('ABC')

- 8.12 The <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall—
 - (a) be based on <u>Activity Based Costing;</u>
 - (b) identify—
 - (i) all the <u>Activities</u> that the <u>Reported Business</u> performs as part of its <u>Operational</u> <u>Business Processes</u> and <u>Non-operational Business Processes</u>;
 - (ii) all the products and/or services and <u>SPHCC</u>s which the <u>Reported Business</u> provides;
 - (c) calculate <u>Activity Costs</u>, using appropriate <u>Resource Drivers</u>, and ensure that the costs of the resources which each <u>Activity</u> consumes are attributed to that <u>Activity</u>; and
 - (d) assign <u>Activity Costs</u>, using appropriate <u>Activity Drivers</u>, to all the products and/or services and <u>SPHCC</u>s which are provided as a result of, or are supported by, that particular <u>Activity</u>. The assignment of <u>Activity Costs</u> shall be undertaken in one of the following two ways—
 - (i) attributing, where a direct causal link between an <u>Activity</u> and the relevant products and/or services and <u>SPHCC</u>s can be identified and used as the basis for assigning costs; or

(ii) allocating, where no direct causal link can be identified between an <u>Activity</u> and the relevant products and/or services and <u>SPHCC</u>s, and instead a reasonable assumption shall be made to assign the <u>Activity Costs</u> to the relevant products and/or services and <u>SPHCC</u>s.

National Costing Rule 2: Operational reality

8.13 As far as is practicable, the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall reflect the trading operations of <u>Royal Mail</u> as they are undertaken with the exception of <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> below concerning <u>Class Costing</u>, but subject to the additional requirements of the <u>Zonal Costing Rules</u>.

National Costing Rule 3: Class Costing

First Class mail

- 8.14 <u>Class Costing</u> shall be applied to all <u>Avoidable First Class Costs</u> which meet the following criteria—
 - (a) the costs would be avoided, if <u>Royal Mail</u> were not to offer <u>First Class</u>, but the current operational specifications of all other products and/or services were to remain unchanged⁸; and
 - (b) the costs exclude any incremental costs which would be incurred, if all <u>Second Class</u> using the <u>First Class Activities</u> were to be processed alongside other <u>Second Class</u>.

Avoidable First Class Costs

- 8.15 All <u>Avoidable First Class Costs</u> shall be attributed only to <u>First Class</u>. <u>Avoidable First Class</u> <u>Costs</u> may include, but is not limited to, the following <u>Cost Types</u>—
 - (a) accommodation;
 - (b) shift pay allowance; and
 - (c) plant and machinery non-running time costs.

Second Class mail

- 8.16 <u>Class Costing</u> shall be applied to all <u>Avoidable Second Class Costs</u> which meet the following criteria—
 - (a) the costs would be avoided, if <u>Royal Mail</u> were not to offer <u>First Class</u> or <u>Second Class</u>, but the current operational specifications of <u>Third Class</u> were to remain unchanged; and
 - (b) the costs exclude any incremental costs which would be incurred, if all <u>Third Class</u> using <u>First Class</u> or <u>Second Class Activities</u> were to be processed alongside other <u>Third</u> <u>Class</u>.

⁸ For example, that <u>Second Class</u> mail would continue to be collected and delivered six days a week.

Avoidable Second Class Costs

- 8.17 All <u>Avoidable Second Class Costs</u> shall be attributed only to <u>Second Class</u>. <u>Avoidable</u> <u>Second Class Costs</u> may include, but is not limited to, the following <u>Cost Types</u>—
 - (a) accommodation;
 - (b) shift pay allowance; and
 - (c) plant and machinery non-running time costs.

National Costing Rule 4: General Ledger costs and Cost Types

8.18 The relevant categories of costs recorded in <u>Royal Mail</u>'s financial records (including the financial statements and information required by or under the <u>USPAC Condition</u>), including in the <u>General Ledger</u>, may be aggregated into a set of <u>Cost Types</u> before attributing those costs to <u>Activities</u>. <u>Cost Types</u> shall be selected such that each represents the costs of a single key resource being utilised (e.g. staff, machines, accommodation, vehicles).

National Costing Rule 5: Activities

8.19 Where appropriate (and to the extent possible), <u>Business Processes</u> shall be divided into <u>Activities</u>. When identifying an <u>Activity</u>, consideration must be given to the <u>Cost Types</u> used by that <u>Activity</u> to ensure those <u>Cost Types</u> are caused, in accordance with the <u>Guiding Principle</u> of Causality, by the <u>SPHCC</u>s to which the <u>Activity Cost</u> is allocated.

National Costing Rule 6: Resource Drivers

- **8.20** All costs aggregated into <u>Cost Types</u> shall be attributed to the <u>Activities</u> which cause those costs to be incurred. Where a <u>Cost Type</u> is incurred as a result of more than one <u>Activity</u>, <u>Resource Drivers</u> shall be used to attribute an appropriate share of the <u>Cost Type</u> to each <u>Activity</u>.
- 8.21 The <u>Resource Driver</u> for each <u>Cost Type</u> shall be—
 - (a) based on the resource consumption giving rise to the <u>Cost Type</u> (e.g. staff hours, machine hours, accommodation footprint, vehicle hours); and
 - (b) quantified based on appropriate operational and financial data, using actual data containing the necessary granularity.

Only where such actual data is unavailable or lacks the necessary components for cost allocation, <u>Royal Mail</u> may use modelled or theoretical data, provided that this data is—

- (c) based on sampling or industrial engineering studies; and
- (d) prepared in accordance with relevant statistical sampling techniques and ISO standards (see <u>National Costing Rule 14</u>).

For the avoidance of doubt, where <u>Royal Mail</u> uses either actual, modelled or theoretical data under this **§8.21**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure the integrity of the data in accordance with <u>National</u>

Costing Rule 15.

National Costing Rule 7: Products and SPHCCs

- **8.22** Where applicable, each product and/or service, or a group of similar products and/or services, shall be divided into a range of <u>SPHCC</u>s which identifies, and differentiates between, all the applicable and relevant measured characteristics which affect how processing an item of that product and/or service, or group of products and/or services, incurs costs. The measuring characteristics shall, as a minimum, include the following—
 - (a) format (e.g. letter, large letter, packet, etc.);
 - (b) class (e.g. First Class, Second Class, Third Class, etc.);
 - (c) payment method (e.g. stamped, metered, account, <u>PPI</u>, etc.); and
 - (d) handling (e.g. mechanised versus manual, etc.).
- **8.23** The <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall apply a cost to the whole range of <u>SPHCC</u>s. For the avoidance of doubt, <u>Royal Mail</u> may use additional measuring characteristics.

National Costing Rule 8: Activity Costs

- **8.24** The <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall assign an appropriate share of each <u>Activity Cost</u> to each of the relevant <u>SPHCC</u>s as set out below. To determine how an <u>Activity Cost</u> shall be assigned to the relevant <u>SPHCC</u>s, it shall first be determined into which one of the following categories the <u>Activity Cost</u> falls—
 - (a) Attributable Operational Costs: <u>Activity Costs</u> within a single <u>Operational Business</u> <u>Process</u> which have a direct causal link to the processing of some or all of the <u>SPHCC</u>s;
 - (b) Attributable Non-operational Costs: <u>Activity Costs</u> which are directly related to certain products and/or services, but are not part of the <u>Operational Business</u> <u>Processes</u>; and
 - (c) Aggregate Costs: <u>Activity Costs</u>, or a proportion of an <u>Activity Cost</u>, which are assigned in aggregate to notional <u>SPHCC</u>s and not incorporated into the unit costs of other <u>SPHCC</u>s, for the following reasons—
 - (i) the costs do not follow the handling characteristics which are used to define <u>SPHCC</u>s (see <u>National Costing Rule 7</u>); or
 - (ii) the costs relate to <u>Activities</u> carried out on behalf of other <u>Royal Mail</u> business units for products and/or services that do not result in external revenues attributed to the <u>Reported Business</u>, and do not relate to any of the products and/or services of the <u>Reported Business</u>. These costs shall be included in the costing covered by the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> to ensure reconciliation of costs and data integrity.
 - (d) Overheads, which shall be classed either-

- (i) if the <u>Activity Costs</u> relate to one or more <u>Operational Business Processes</u> which do not have a direct causal link to any of the <u>SPHCC</u>s being processed, as <u>Pipeline Overheads</u>; or
- (ii) if the <u>Activity Costs</u> relate to <u>Non-operational Business Processes</u> which do not have a direct causal link to any of the <u>SPHCC</u>s being processed, as <u>General Overheads</u>.

National Costing Rule 9: Activity Drivers

- **8.25** The assignment of <u>Activity Costs</u> to <u>SPHCC</u>s shall be undertaken using appropriate <u>Activity</u> <u>Drivers</u> which shall be identified and quantified based on the following rules—
 - (a) each <u>Activity Cost</u> shall be assigned to all the <u>SPHCC</u>s which that <u>Activity</u> directly contributes to, or indirectly supports; and
 - (b) <u>Activity Drivers</u> shall reflect the relative proportions of the amount of work which the totality of all the units of each <u>SPHCC</u> creates for the related <u>Activity</u>.
- 8.26 Three types of <u>Activity Drivers</u> shall be used—
 - (a) <u>Weighted Volume Drivers</u> (see <u>National Costing Rule 10</u>): These drivers represent the relative amount of work of processing all the units of each <u>SPHCC</u> taking into account the proportion of the total number of units which consume the relevant <u>Activity</u>.
 - (b) <u>Other Drivers</u> (see <u>National Costing Rule 11</u>): These drivers shall be used for costs which are directly linked to a factor other than mail traffic in the <u>Pipeline</u> (e.g. certain network distribution costs which depend on vehicle runs).
 - (c) <u>EPMU</u> (see <u>National Costing Rule 12</u>): <u>EPMU</u> methods which allocate costs based on the relative proportions of the costs which have already been assigned to the relevant <u>SPHCC</u>s.
- **8.27** Table 8 below shows how each type of <u>Activity Cost</u> shall be assigned to <u>SPHCC</u> (which is illustrated by a tick in the Table).

Table 8: Activity Cost assignment to SPHCC

	Attributable Operational Costs and Attributable Non- operational Costs	<u>Overheads</u>	Aggregate Costs
Weighted Volume Drivers	✓		
Other Drivers	\checkmark		\checkmark
<u>EPMU</u>		\checkmark	

National Costing Rule 10: Weighted Volume Drivers

- 8.28 <u>Weighted Volume Drivers</u> shall incorporate two types of factors for each relevant attributable <u>Activity Cost</u>, namely—
 - (a) <u>Proportional Factors</u>, which represent the proportion of the total volume of each <u>SPHCC</u> which uses the related <u>Activity</u>; and
 - (b) <u>Weighting Factors</u>, which represent the relative amount of work that units of each <u>SPHCC</u> require from the related <u>Activity</u>, when compared to a different <u>SPHCC</u> using the same <u>Activity</u>.
- **8.29** <u>Proportional Factors</u> referred to in **§8.28(a)** shall be based on operational data collected using representative measurements of total volumes (including statistical sampling techniques where necessary, see <u>National Costing Rule 14</u>).
- **8.30** Depending on the nature of the <u>Activity</u>, one or more of the following variables may be used as a determinant of the amount of work to calculate the <u>Weighting Factors</u>—
 - (a) time (needed to carry out the <u>Activity</u>);
 - (b) weight (of an item); and
 - (c) size (or physical dimensions of an item),

provided that each variable used by <u>Royal Mail</u> to calculate each <u>Weighting Factor</u> is quantified based on appropriate operational data using actual data containing the necessary granularity.

Only where such actual data is unavailable or lacks the necessary components for cost allocation, <u>Royal Mail</u> may use modelled or theoretical data, provided that this data is—

- (d) based on sampling or industrial engineering studies; and
- (e) prepared in accordance with relevant statistical sampling techniques and ISO standards (see <u>National Costing Rule 14</u>).

For the avoidance of doubt, where <u>Royal Mail</u> uses either actual, modelled or theoretical data under this **§8.30**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure the integrity of the data in accordance with <u>National</u> <u>Costing Rule 15</u>.

- **8.31** <u>Royal Mail</u> must carry out for each <u>Financial Year</u> a review to ascertain which <u>Proportional</u> <u>Factors</u> and <u>Weighting Factors</u> need to be reviewed and, if necessary, must update them to ensure that they continue to reflect operational reality accurately.
- **8.32** To identify the <u>Proportional Factors</u> and the <u>Weighting Factors</u> which may need adjusting referred to in **§8.31**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must consider what (if any) changes have occurred during the <u>Financial Year</u> in question in the following areas—
 - (a) working practices;
 - (b) <u>SPHCC</u>s mix (relative volumes).

8.33 <u>Royal Mail</u> may carry out ad hoc event-driven reviews and updates if necessary.

National Costing Rule 11: Other Drivers

- **8.34** <u>Other Drivers</u> shall be used for costs (certain <u>Attributable Operational Costs</u> and all <u>Attributable Non-operational Costs</u> and <u>Aggregate Costs</u>) which are directly linked to a factor other than mail traffic in the <u>Pipeline</u>.
- **8.35** <u>Other Drivers</u> shall be quantified based on appropriate operational data using actual data containing the necessary granularity which reflects the causal link to that factor.

Only where such actual data is unavailable or lacks the necessary components for cost allocation, <u>Royal Mail</u> may use modelled or theoretical data, provided that this data is—

- (a) based on sampling or industrial engineering studies; and
- (b) prepared in accordance with relevant statistical sampling techniques and ISO standards (see <u>National Costing Rule 14</u>).

For the avoidance of doubt, where <u>Royal Mail</u> uses either actual, modelled or theoretical data under this **§8.35**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure the integrity of the data in accordance with <u>National Costing Rule 15</u>.

National Costing Rule 12: Equi-Proportional Mark-Up ('EPMU')

- **8.36** <u>EPMU</u> shall be used for allocating <u>Overheads</u> (see <u>National Costing Rule 8</u>) by treating them in the following manner—
 - (a) <u>Pipeline Overheads</u> shall be allocated to all, and only, those <u>SPHCC</u>s which are processed by that element of the <u>Pipeline</u>; and
 - (b) <u>General Overheads</u> shall be allocated to all <u>SPHCC</u>s which are processed through the <u>Pipeline</u>.
- **8.37** <u>EPMU</u> shall be applied for each of the <u>Activity Costs</u> within <u>Overheads</u> separately, and be based only on the proportions of the <u>Attributable Operational Costs</u> and the <u>Attributable Non-operational Costs</u>, once they have been attributed. <u>EPMU</u> applications shall not take account of any other costs already allocated using <u>EPMU</u> ("non-nested" approach).

National Costing Rule 13: Traffic measurement

- **8.38** <u>Royal Mail</u> must use the <u>Revenue Derived Method</u> of traffic measurement, whereby the traffic volume for products and/or services is calculated by dividing the total revenue of the products and/or services by the average unit price of them, in the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u>.
- **8.39** The measurement method used for each <u>SPHCC</u> shall be applied consistently within the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> and over time.

National Costing Rule 14: Data and sampling

- 8.40 All operational data —whether actual, modelled or theoretical data— used by the <u>National</u> <u>Costing Methodology</u> shall be regularly reviewed and, where necessary, updated to ensure the accuracy of costing and its consistency with the operational reality (see <u>National Costing</u> <u>Rule 2</u>). In so doing, for the avoidance of doubt, <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure the integrity of all the data in accordance with <u>National Costing Rule 15</u>.
- **8.41** <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that all sampling used by the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is applied by a qualified professional statistician as such sampling must be based on statistical techniques regarded as appropriate for such purposes. The reference to a "qualified professional statistician" is a reference to a person with the relevant statistical knowledge and expertise, who shall have a qualification in statistics from a recognised professional body, such as the Royal Statistical Society in the United Kingdom.

National Costing Rule 15: Data integrity

8.42 Definition: Data Integrity is the maintenance of and, so far as is possible, the assurance of the accuracy and consistency of any data over time, and the data includes (but is not limited to) inputs, models and outputs.

In light of that definition, Royal Mail shall ensure that-

- (a) the <u>Data Integrity</u> of financial and operational data —whether actual, modelled or theoretical data— used for the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall be preserved by adequate checks and controls on the data for the same period as well as adequate checks and controls on the development of data from one period to another;
- (b) those checks and controls include (but are not limited to) reconciliation of total cost data at appropriate points in the <u>National Costing Methodology</u>; and
- (c) any and all changes to data sources and methodologies from one period to another are justified by reference to relevant requirements in the <u>RAG</u> and the <u>Guiding</u> <u>Principles</u> in the <u>USPAC Condition</u>.
- **8.43** The total amount of input costs relating to any element of the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall be equal to the total amount of output costs relating to that element. In particular, the following total figures shall be reconciled to each other—
 - (a) the total costs in the <u>General Ledger</u>;
 - (b) the total <u>Activity Costs</u>; and
 - (c) the total costs of all <u>SPHCC</u>s.

Zonal Costing Methodology

- 8.44 Royal Mail must—
 - (a) ensure that the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> complies with the <u>Zonal Costing Rules</u>

set out in this Section 8;

- (b) document the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> in the <u>Costing Manual</u>; and
- (c) apply the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> where <u>Royal Mail</u> uses different prices for products and/or services falling within the <u>Reported Business</u> for different parts of the United Kingdom, but only where the provision of such products and/or services are subject to obligations under regulatory conditions (as defined by section 28(2) of the <u>Act</u>).

Zonal Costing Rules

Zonal Costing Rule 1: Activity Based Costing ('ABC')

8.45 The <u>National Costing Rule 1</u> shall apply and the reference in that Rule to the <u>National</u> <u>Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 2: Operational reality

- 8.46 The <u>National Costing Rule 2</u> shall apply and references in that Rule to—
 - (a) the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u>; and
 - (b) <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 3</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 3: Class costing

8.47 The <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 4: Zonal General Ledger costs and Cost Types

8.48 Non-staff costs attributed to the <u>Delivery Office</u> shall be broken down by <u>Cost Type</u>. (For the avoidance of doubt, any differences relating to a geographic area in these <u>Cost Types</u> shall be included in the <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u> in accordance with <u>Zonal Costing Rule 16</u>.). Subject to that qualification, the <u>National Costing Rule 4</u> shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 5: Activities

- 8.49 The <u>National Costing Rule 5</u> shall apply.
- Zonal Costing Rule 6: Resource Drivers
- 8.50 The <u>National Costing Rule 6</u> shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 7: Zonal Products and SPHCCs

- **8.51** <u>Royal Mail</u> must attribute costs to products and/or services falling within the <u>Reported</u> <u>Business</u> referred to in **§8.44(c)** by sub-dividing them into <u>SPHCC</u>s in accordance with the following measured characteristics—
 - (a) format (e.g. letter, flat, packet, etc.);
 - (b) class (e.g. <u>First Class</u>, <u>Second Class</u>, <u>Third Class</u>, etc.); and
 - (c) payment method (e.g. stamped, metered, account, <u>PPI</u>, etc.); and
 - (d) handling (e.g. mechanised versus manual, etc.).
- **8.52** For the avoidance of doubt, <u>Royal Mail</u> may use additional measuring characteristics, provided that the measured characteristics referred to in **§8.51** are used.

Zonal Costing Rule 8: Activity Costs

- 8.53 The <u>National Costing Rule 8 shall apply and references in that Rule to</u>
 - (a) the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u>; and
 - (b) <u>National Costing Rule 3</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 7</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 9: Activity Drivers

- 8.54 The <u>National Costing Rule 9</u> shall apply and references in that Rule to—
 - (a) the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u>;
 - (b) <u>National Costing Rule 10</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 10</u>;
 - (c) <u>National Costing Rule 11</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 11</u>; and
 - (d) <u>National Costing Rule 12</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 12</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 10: Weighted Volume Drivers

8.55 The <u>National Costing Rule 10</u> shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 11: Other Drivers

8.56 The <u>National Costing Rule 11</u> shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 12: Equi-proportional Mark-up ('EPMU')

8.57 The <u>National Costing Rule 12</u> shall apply.

Zonal Costing Rule 13: Zonal Traffic measurement

- **8.58** The <u>National Costing Rule 13</u> shall apply and references in that Rule to the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> are to be read as references to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>.
- **8.59** With the commencement of the second <u>Financial Quarter</u> of the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal</u> <u>Mail</u> must ensure that any <u>MCS</u> sampling used for estimating costs in relation to <u>Zones</u> for downstream services must include all volumes associated with the downstream services. References to downstream services for that purpose are references to services relating to the final sortation conducted at the <u>Inward Mail Centre</u> and <u>Delivery Offices</u>, and the conveyance of mail items from the <u>Inward Mail Centre</u> to final delivery destination.

Zonal Costing Rule 14: Zonal Operational data and sampling

- 8.60 Subject to §§8.61-8.63, the <u>National Costing Rule 14</u> shall apply and references in that Rule to—
 - (a) the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u>; and
 - (b) <u>National Costing Rule 2</u> is to be read as a reference to <u>Zonal Costing Rule 2</u>.
- **8.61** <u>Royal Mail</u> must review its operational data for the estimation of costs of products and/or services falling within the <u>Reported Business</u> referred to in **§8.44(c)**. In addition, <u>Royal Mail</u> must update its estimation of such costs to ensure that it is consistent with—
 - (a) the updated values of the explanatory variables⁹ of the relevant cost functions (e.g. postcode sector volumes, number of delivery points, area, volume delivered per delivery point and proportion of business delivery);
 - (b) the updated variable coefficients¹⁰ of the relevant cost functions (updated variable coefficients¹¹);

⁹ The reference to an explanatory variable is a reference to a variable which is used to explain or to predict changes in the value of another variable.

¹⁰ The reference to a variable coefficient is a reference to figure multiplied with a variable or an unknown quantity in an algebraic formula.

¹¹ Ibid.

- (c) the updated mapping of postcode sectors, <u>Delivery Offices</u>, and <u>Inward Mail Centres</u> to <u>Zones</u>; and
- (d) the updated differentials in costs for each <u>Zone</u> arising from geographic differentials in pay rates and other input costs.

Except for the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with these obligations before the start of every <u>Financial Year</u>. In relation to the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with these obligations by the end of that <u>Financial Year</u>.

- **8.62** Where regressions¹² are used to estimate the costs referred to in **§8.61**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must include in the <u>Costing Manual</u> information demonstrating that the regressions¹³ are statistically valid. <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that such regressions are derived by a qualified professional econometrician using data in accordance with the <u>Zonal Costing Rules</u>. The reference to a "qualified professional econometrician" is a reference to a person with the relevant knowledge and expertise in econometrics, who is qualified in the application of mathematics and statistical methods to economic data.
- **8.63** <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that all sampling used for the estimation of costs referred to in **§8.61** is applied by a qualified professional statistician as such sampling must be based on statistical techniques regarded as appropriate for such purposes. The reference to a "qualified professional statistician" is a reference to a person with the relevant statistical knowledge and expertise, who shall have a qualification in statistics from a recognised professional body, such as the Royal Statistical Society in the United Kingdom. <u>Royal Mail</u> must include in the <u>Costing Manual</u> information demonstrating that the sampling is statistically valid.

Zonal Costing Rule 15: Zonal Data consistency

- **8.64** The <u>National Costing Rule 15</u> shall apply and references in that Rule to the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u> are to be read as references to <u>Zonal Costing Methodology</u>.
- 8.65 Royal Mail must also ensure that the following figures are reconciled to each other-
 - (a) any estimated costs for the postcode sectors served by each <u>Delivery Office</u> shall be reconciled with the total relevant costs of that <u>Delivery Office</u>; and
 - (b) geographically de-averaged costs used for estimating costs in relation to <u>Zones</u> shall be reconciled with the corresponding costs to be derived under <u>National Costing Rule</u> <u>15</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 16: Geographic cost reflectivity

¹² The reference to a regression is a reference to a relationship between the mean value of a random variable and the corresponding values of one or more independent variables. ¹³ *Ibid*.

8.66 <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that its estimation of costs in relation to <u>Zones</u> includes all material differences between costs that vary by each geographical area encompassed by the <u>Zone</u> in question.

Zonal Costing Rule 17: Postcode sector cost estimation

8.67 <u>Royal Mail</u> must, where it uses estimates of costs in relation to postcode sectors as inputs for estimating costs in relation to <u>Zones</u>, use actual postcode sector data.

Zonal Costing Rule 18: Amendment of Zones

- **8.68** <u>Royal Mail must comply with the following rules in relation to defining and amending Zones</u>—
 - (a) for the first <u>Financial Year</u>, the total number of <u>Zones</u> shall not exceed four; and
 - (b) <u>Royal Mail</u> must review the boundaries of <u>Zones</u> and <u>Royal Mail</u> may define new or additional <u>Zones</u>, provided that <u>Zones</u> having the similarly estimated unit costs shall always be treated as part of the same <u>Zone</u>.

Except for the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with the obligation in **§8.68(b)** before the start of every <u>Financial Year</u>. In relation to the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with that obligation by the end of that <u>Financial Year</u>.

Zonal Costing Rule 19: Reconciliation of zonal and national cost estimates

- **8.69** <u>Royal Mail</u> must review changes in its estimation of costs in relation to <u>Zones</u> to ensure that—
 - (a) in deriving each unit cost estimate, the estimated total postcode sector volumes and estimated total volumes in relation to <u>Zones</u> both equal the total national volumes derived under <u>National Costing Rule 15</u>, and
 - (b) the average unit costs in relation to <u>Zones</u> derived from the volumes referred to in **§8.69(a)** remains equal to the corresponding average unit costs derived under the <u>National Costing Methodology</u>.

Except for the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with these obligations before the start of every <u>Financial Year</u>. In relation to the first <u>Financial Year</u>, <u>Royal Mail</u> must comply with these obligations by the end of that <u>Financial Year</u>.

Transformation Costs

8.70 <u>Royal Mail</u> must account for all <u>Transformation Costs</u> arising from the trading operations of <u>Royal Mail</u> relevant to the <u>Reported Business</u> which are not already included in the <u>National</u> <u>Costing Methodology</u>. <u>Royal Mail</u> must account for <u>Transformation Costs</u> in the income statements and product profitability statements for the <u>Reported Business</u>.

8.71 <u>Royal Mail</u> must allocate the <u>Transformation Costs</u> referred to in **§8.70** to the <u>Reported</u> <u>Business</u> by using an appropriate cost driver. The basis of the allocation concerned shall be set out in the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>.

Transfer Charges

- **8.72** <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that <u>Transfer Charges</u> between the <u>Reported Business</u> and the rest of the <u>Relevant Group</u> are applied in compliance with the rules set out in **§8.73-§8.80**.
- **8.73** For **§8.72**, a <u>Transfer Charge</u> shall be calculated on an arm's length basis for each product and/or service provided.
- **8.74** <u>Royal Mail</u> must set a <u>Transfer Charge</u> for the provision of each product and/or service between the <u>Reported Business</u> and the rest of the <u>Relevant Group</u>.
- **8.75** All income statements for the <u>Reported Business</u> shall include the <u>Transfer Charges</u> between the <u>Reported Business</u> and the rest of <u>Relevant Group</u>.
- 8.76 Subject to §§8.77-78, <u>Royal Mail</u> must calculate a <u>Transfer Charge</u> on an arm's length basis in accordance with §8.72 by securing that—
 - (a) if the product and/or service provided is provided to persons other than <u>the Relevant</u> <u>Group</u>, the <u>Transfer Price</u> shall be equivalent to the price charged to those persons;
 - (b) if the product and/or service is provided to the <u>Relevant Group</u> by other persons, the <u>Transfer Price</u> shall be equivalent to the price charged by those persons; and
 - (c) if the product and/or service does not fall within **§8.76(a) or (b)**, the <u>Transfer Price</u> shall be equal to the <u>FAC</u> of that product and/or service plus an appropriate return.
- **8.77** <u>Royal Mail</u> is not required to set a <u>Transfer Price</u> for the services provided by central finance, human resources, and purchasing and customer management services which are used by <u>UKPIL</u> and are managed centrally.
- **8.78** <u>Royal Mail</u> must apply the rule referred to in **§8.76(c)** in relation to any use of its vehicles, where the use of vehicles is shared between the <u>Reported Business</u> and the rest of the <u>Relevant Group</u>.
- **8.79** <u>Royal Mail</u> must provide a statement setting out all <u>Transfer Charges</u> as part of the notes to the annual and quarterly income statements.
- **8.80** <u>Royal Mail</u> must include in the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> a detailed description of the approach and the assumptions used for the calculation of the <u>Transfer Charges</u>.

Cost Matrix

- 8.81 The cost lines included in the <u>Cost Matrix</u> must be based on the mapping to the <u>General Ledger</u> which was applied in the <u>Cost Matrix</u> prepared as part of <u>Royal Mail</u>'s <u>Strategic</u> <u>Business Plan</u> submitted by <u>Royal Mail</u> to <u>OFCOM</u> on 14 May 2015, with the exception of the guidance given in notes 2, 3 and 4 to Figure 7 of Appendix 1 of these Guidelines.
- **8.82** When changes to the mapping of the <u>Cost Matrix</u> to the <u>General Ledger</u> are necessary, the <u>Cost Matrix</u> shall include the details and the impact of those changes and the reasons for those changes.

PVEO Analysis

- **8.83** The <u>PVEO Analysis</u> for a <u>Financial Year</u> in question shall be prepared in compliance with the following rules:
 - (a) Price related cost changes in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> <u>Year</u> must be calculated by multiplying the costs in the prior <u>Financial Year</u> (excluding all non-recurring items captured by §8.83(c)) by the percentage change in an appropriate inflation index during the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u>.
 - (b) Volume related cost changes in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> must be calculated as the sum of the following changes:
 - (i) the cost changes related to the changes in the <u>Workload</u> in the <u>Financial</u> <u>Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u>, calculated by multiplying the percentage change in the <u>Workload</u> in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> by the relevant costs in the prior <u>Financial Year</u> excluding non-recurring items (captured by §8.83(c)) and subsequently inflated using the inflation index used in §8.83(a);
 - (ii) the changes in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> in all the costs related to <u>POL</u> and international terminal dues; and
 - (iii) any other cost changes in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u> related to changes in mail volume.
 - (c) Other cost changes must encompass all the cost changes in excess of £5 million related to non-recurring items in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question and the prior <u>Financial Year</u>.
 - (d) Efficiency related cost changes shall be the remaining change in the cost in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u>, after all the cost changes in §§8.83(a), (b) and (c) have been deducted from the total change in costs in the <u>Financial Year</u> in question from the prior <u>Financial Year</u>.

Pension costs

8.84 Any pension contributions made by <u>Royal Mail</u> to its pension schemes, including <u>DB</u> <u>Pension Service Costs</u>, which is included in the income statement, the <u>PVEO Analysis</u>, and <u>Cost Matrix</u> shall be measured on a cash paid basis.

Capital employed statements

Introduction

- **8.85** <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that the preparation of the annual capital employed financial statement for the <u>Reported Business</u> complies with the rules set out in **§§8.86-8.124**.
- **8.86** The annual capital employed statement shall include operational assets and net working capital (net value of current assets and current liabilities).
- **8.87** The annual capital employed statement shall represent the closing balances of the items as at the end of the <u>Financial Year</u> to which the annual capital employed statement relates.
- **8.88** All the assets and liabilities which are wholly related to the operations and trading of products and services of the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be included in the annual capital employed statement.
- **8.89** Those assets and liabilities which are partly related to the operations and trading of products and services of the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be apportioned to the <u>Reported Business</u> in compliance with the rules set out in **§§8.90-8.124**.

Non-current assets

8.90 <u>Royal Mail</u> must include in the annual capital employed statement the non-current assets specified in (and in the manner prescribed in) **§§8.91-8.101**.

Fixed assets (property, plant and equipment)

- **8.91** The value of the fixed assets shall be based on the historical costs and depreciation records kept in the <u>Fixed Asset Register</u>.
- **8.92** The value of the fixed assets shall be consistent with the values reported in the statutory accounts and the depreciation costs calculated by the <u>National Costing Methodology</u>.
- **8.93** <u>Royal Mail must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main asset categories together with their associated NBV, costs and depreciations.</u>
- **8.94** The allocation of fixed assets which are wholly or partly used by the products and/or services of the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be based on the relative extent to which those assets are used by the products and/or services concerned, where applicable consistent with the

allocation of corresponding depreciation charges in the National Costing Methodology.

- **8.95** If a <u>Transfer Price</u> is charged to the <u>Reported Business</u> by the rest of <u>the Relevant Group</u> for the use of a fixed asset, that fixed asset shall be excluded from the annual capital employed statement of the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- **8.96** Any internal transfer of fixed assets shall be disclosed in the notes to the annual capital employed statement.

Intangible assets

- **8.97** The categorisation of intangible assets for the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be consistent with the categorisation in the <u>RM plc</u>'s statutory accounts.
- **8.98** Royal Mail is not required to include goodwill in intangible assets.
- **8.99** The allocation of software, master franchise licences and customer listing assets shall be based on the relative extent to which such assets are used by the products and/or services of the <u>Reported Business</u>.

Other non-current assets

- 8.100 Subject to §8.101, Royal Mail may include in aggregate other non-current assets.
- **8.101** <u>Royal Mail</u> must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in other non-current assets.

Current assets

8.102 <u>Royal Mail</u> must include in the annual capital employed statement the current assets specified in (and in the manner prescribed in) **§§8.103-8.114**.

Trade and other receivables

- 8.103 Trade and other receivables shall include prepayments.
- **8.104** Prepayments shall be allocated based on the allocation of the costs of the associated products and/or services.
- **8.105** Trade receivables shall be allocated based on the revenues of the products and/or services to which they relate.
- **8.106** <u>Royal Mail</u> must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out details of the amount of any bad debt provisions allocated to trade receivables.
- 8.107 <u>Royal Mail</u> may include in aggregate other receivables, but <u>Royal Mail</u> must include a note to

the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in other receivables.

Cash and cash equivalent

- **8.108** The categorisation of cash and cash equivalents for the <u>Reported Business</u> shall include items that are maintained for the purpose of financing business operations and to enable trading of the products and/or services in the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- **8.109** Overdrafts shall be netted off against cash and cash equivalents.
- **8.110** Cash and cash equivalents that are managed centrally within the <u>Relevant Group</u> shall be allocated to the <u>Reported Business</u> to identify the cash requirements for the purpose of financing the operations and trading of the products and/or services of the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- **8.111** The cash requirements of the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be determined based on the operating cash flows and capital expenditure commitments identified to the <u>Reported Business</u> by the rules in these Guidelines.
- **8.112** The cash requirements of the <u>Reported Business</u> may be estimated based on the actual operating and capital expenditures.
- **8.113** <u>Royal Mail</u> must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in cash and cash equivalents.

Other current assets

8.114 <u>Royal Mail</u> may include in aggregate other items in other current assets, but <u>Royal Mail</u> must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in other current assets.

Current liabilities

8.115 <u>Royal Mail</u> must include in the annual capital employed statement at least the current liabilities specified in (and in the manner prescribed in) **§§8.116-8.124**.

Trade and other payables

- **8.116** The allocation of trade payables between the <u>Reported Business</u> and the rest of <u>Royal Mail</u> shall be based on the allocation of the costs of the <u>Activities</u>, products and/or services to which they relate.
- **8.117** Trade and other payables shall include deferred income. The allocation of deferred income between the <u>Reported Business</u> and the rest of <u>Royal Mail</u> shall be based on the allocation of the corresponding income.

8.118 <u>Royal Mail</u> may include in aggregate other items in other payables, but <u>Royal Mail</u> must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in other payables.

Financial liabilities

- **8.119** Financial liabilities shall include interest bearing loans (with less than a year maturity), leases and derivative financial liabilities.
- **8.120** The allocation of financial liabilities between the <u>Reported Business</u> and the rest of the <u>Relevant Group</u> shall be carried out as follows—
 - (a) An analysis of the loans shall be undertaken to identify whether the loans have been obtained in relation to a specific asset or group of assets, in which case, the loan shall be allocated based on the allocation of the corresponding asset or group of assets. If the loan does not relate to a specific asset or group of assets, it must be allocated to the <u>Reported Business</u> using the same basis used for the allocation of cash and cash equivalents.
 - (b) The allocation of lease liabilities to the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be based on the allocation of the assets to which the associated leases relate.
- **8.121** <u>Royal Mail</u> must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the details of the facilities (for example, due date, interest rates, etc.).

Provisions and other current liabilities

- **8.122** The allocation of provisions and other current liabilities to the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be based on the costs and <u>Activities</u> to which those provisions and other current liabilities relate.
- **8.123** Where possible, allocation of provisions and other current liabilities to the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be based on the allocation of related costs and activities to the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- **8.124** <u>Royal Mail</u> may include in aggregate provisions and other current liabilities, but <u>Royal Mail</u> must include a note to the annual capital employed statement setting out the main items included in provisions and other current liabilities.

Cash flow statements

- **8.125** <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that the preparation of the annual cash flow statement for the <u>Reported Business</u> complies with the rules set out in **§§8.126-8.127**.
- **8.126** The annual cash flow statement shall include all operational cash flows of the <u>Reported</u> <u>Business</u>.
- **8.127** The allocation of cash flow items to the <u>Reported Business</u> shall be consistent with the allocation of costs and revenues in the corresponding income statements, or the allocation of

assets and liabilities in the corresponding capital employed statements.

Section 9: Separation Methodology

Introduction

9.1 <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that the <u>Regulatory Accounting Methodology</u> complies with the detailed rules set out in this **Section 9**, which relate to the separation, allocation and apportionment of costs, revenues, assets and cash flows between any product groups within the <u>Reported Business</u>.

Income statements

9.2 <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure that its preparation of any income statement for <u>any</u> product groups complies with the rules set out in **§§9.3-9.13**.

Levels of preparation

- **9.3** <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure, for the purposes of USPAC 1.5.2(a), that annual end to end income statements in respect of <u>USO</u>, <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u> are prepared to the level of <u>Financeability EBIT</u>.
- **9.4** <u>Royal Mail</u> must ensure, for the purposes of USPAC 1.5.2(b), that quarterly end to end income statements in respect of <u>USO</u>, <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u> are prepared to the level of <u>Financeability EBIT</u>.

Apportionment of revenues

- **9.5** References to "revenue" in this **Section 9** are references to external and internal turnover used in the preparation of any income statement. External and internal turnover shall consist of income for products and/or services arising from the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for products and/or services provided as part of the operational trading of the <u>Reported Business</u>.
- **9.6** Revenues shall be allocated to products and/or services in accordance with **Section 7** of these Guidelines.

Apportionment of costs

- **9.7** Costs shall be allocated across any product groups within the <u>Reported Business</u> as follows—
 - (a) The costs which are within the scope of the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> shall be allocated to product groups_in accordance with the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u>. Where <u>SPHCC</u>s are mapped to more than one product group, the basis of the allocation of the <u>SPHCC</u> costs concerned shall be included in the <u>National Costing Methodology</u> and set out in the <u>Costing Manual</u>.

(b) <u>Transformation Costs</u> referred to in **§8.70** shall be allocated to product groups using an appropriate underlying driver. The basis of the allocation concerned shall be set out in the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>.

Transfer Pricing between Upstream Services and Downstream Services

9.8 <u>Transfer Prices</u> between the <u>Upstream Services</u> and the <u>Downstream Services</u> shall be determined in compliance with the rules set out in **§§9.9-9.13**.

Equivalence pricing

- **9.9** Where there are appropriate comparable <u>Access</u> products and/or services provided by <u>Royal</u> <u>Mail</u> to external customers, <u>Royal Mail</u> must apply the equivalence pricing approach referred to **§9.10** in determining <u>Transfer Prices</u>.
- 9.10 The equivalence pricing approach means—
 - (a) An appropriate comparable <u>Access</u> product and/or service shall be identified for the internal product and/or service for which the <u>Transfer Price</u> is to be determined.
 - (b) The operational and <u>Activity</u> differences between the internal product and/or service for which the <u>Transfer Price</u> is to be determined, and the appropriate comparable product or service shall be identified.
 - (c) The <u>FAC</u> differences of the operational and <u>Activity</u> differences referred to in §9.10(b) above shall be identified in a manner consistent with the <u>National Costing</u> <u>Methodology</u>.
 - (d) The <u>Transfer Price</u> shall be determined as the sum of the price of the appropriate comparable <u>Access</u> product and/or service, the <u>FAC</u> differences referred to in **§9.10(c)** plus an appropriate return.
- **9.11** <u>Royal Mail</u> may use prices for <u>First Class Access</u> products and/or services, provided that the equivalence pricing approach referred to **§9.10** is followed and that they have—
 - (a) sufficient sales volumes to form a statistically valid basis for the calculation of the <u>FAC</u> of the product and/or service in question; and
 - (b) material sales volumes.

Where <u>Royal Mail</u> wishes to use prices for <u>First Class Access</u> products and/or services but is unable to satisfy **§9.11(a) and (b)**, <u>Royal Mail</u> must use the price for the most comparable <u>Second Class Access</u> products and/or services.

Cost-plus pricing

9.12 Where there are no appropriate comparable <u>Access</u> products and/or services, <u>Royal</u> <u>Mail</u> must set the <u>Transfer Price</u> as equal to the <u>FAC</u> of the product and/or service in question plus an appropriate return.

Grouping

- **9.13** Single <u>Transfer Prices</u> may be applied to groups of products and/or services, provided that all of the following requirements are met—
 - (a) in determining such groups, <u>Royal Mail</u> must only include products and/or services in a group that fall within the same market definition as out in the following market studies—
 - Market study decisions on wholesale & packets markets published in November 2010¹⁴.
 - (ii) Market study proposals on retail markets published in March 2011¹⁵.
 - (iii) Market study proposals on international outbound mail market published in May 2011¹⁶.
 - (b) in determining such groups, <u>Royal Mail</u> must not include in a group products and/or services that have materially different handling characteristics as defined in the <u>Costing Manual</u>.
 - (c) in determining such groups, <u>Royal Mail</u> must not include in a group products and/or services that are subject to different obligations under regulatory conditions (as defined by section 28(2) of the <u>Act</u>).

¹⁴ <u>http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/webarchive/communications-media.htm</u>

¹⁵ Ibid

¹⁶ Ibid

Section 10: Auditing

10.1 For the purpose of USPAC 1.4.4, <u>Royal Mail</u> must secure an appropriate audit opinion by a <u>Qualified Independent Auditor</u> in respect of the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 10** on the basis specified in **Column 2 of that Table**.

Column 1: F 1.4.1	Financial statement/information referred to in USPAC	Column 2: Auditing basis
USPAC 1.4.1(a)	Annual income statement (excluding <u>Cost Matrix</u> and <u>PVEO Analysis</u>)	PPIA
USPAC 1.4.1(b)	Quarterly income statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(c)	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(d)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(d)	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.4.1(e)	Annual capital employed statement	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.4.1(f)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(f)	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.4.1(g)	Annual cash flow statement	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Annual reconciliation of statements/information specified in USPAC 1.4.1(h)	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(i)	Annual product profitability statement	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.4.1(j)	Quarterly product profitability statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(k)	Monthly revenue and volume information statement	Not applicable
USPAC 1.4.1(I)	Quarterly revenue, cost and volume information statements	Not applicable

Table 10: Auditing bases directed for the purpose of USPAC 1.4.4

10.2 For the purpose of USPAC 1.5.5, <u>Royal Mail</u> must secure an appropriate audit opinion by a <u>Qualified Independent Auditor</u> in respect of the financial statements and information specified in **Column 1 of Table 11** on the basis specified in **Column 2 of that Table**.

Table 11: Auditing bases directed for the purpose of USPAC 1.5.5

Column 1: Fi 1.5.2	nancial statement/information referred to in USPAC	Column 2: Auditing basis
USPAC 1.5.2(a)	Annual end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	<u>PPIA</u>
USPAC 1.5.2(b)	Quarterly end to end income statement in respect of <u>USO</u> , <u>non-USO</u> and <u>non-Mails</u>	Not applicable

Appendix 1

Pro-formas

Figure 1: Reported Business annual income statement - For publication

	xx xx sis) xx xx xx xx xx	Other	Total Reported Business
	£m	£m	£m
Revenues	xx	xx	xx
Operating costs	хх	xx	xx
People costs (with DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	xx	xx	xx
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments	xx	xx	xx
Other operating cost	хх	хх	xx
Operating profit/(loss)	xx	xx	хх
Transformation costs	хх	xx	хх
Financeability EBIT	хх	хх	хх
Other operating specific items			xx
Non-operating specific items			хх
EBIT			xx
Financeability EBIT as % of total revenues	x%	x%	x%
Volumes (million items)	xx	xx	xx

Figure 2: Reported Business quarterly and annual income statement - Confidential

	USO Mail	Mail		Total Reported Business	Total Reported Business
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Revenues	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx
Operating costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
People costs (with DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	хх	xx	xx	хх	xx
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments	хх	хх	xx	хх	xx
Other operating cost	хх	хх	xx	хх	xx
Operating profit/(loss)	хх	xx	xx	хх	хх
Transformation costs	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx
Financeability EBIT	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other operating specific items				xx	xx
Non-operating specific items				xx	xx
EBIT				XX	хх
Financeability EBIT as % of total revenues	x%	x%	x%	x%	x%
Volumes (million items)	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx

<u>Guidance</u>

The 'Total Reported Business Budget' figures in **Figure 2** above are not within the scope of the <u>PPIA</u> audit requirement under USPAC 1.4.4 set out in **Table 10** of these Guidelines with respect to USPAC 1.4.1(a).

Figure 3: Reconciliation of the annual income statement of the Reported Business to the Relevant Group

	Reported Business	Other operations and adjustments	UKPIL	Other units, eliminations and recharges	Relevant Group
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Revenues	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Operating costs	хх	xx	xx	хх	хх
People costs (with DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx
Other operating cost	хх	xx	xx	xx	хх
Operating profit/(loss)	xx	xx	хх	хх	xx
Transformation costs	xx	xx	хх	xx	хх
Financeability EBIT	xx	xx	xx	хх	хх
Other operating specific items	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Non-operating specific items	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
EBIT	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Financeability EBIT as % of total revenues	x%	x%	x%	x%	x%
Volumes (million items)	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx

Figure 4: Reported Business capital employed statement and reconciliation to the Relevant Group

	Reported Business	Other operations / Adjustments	UKPIL	Other operations / Adjustments	Relevant Group
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Non-current assets	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Tangible assets	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Goodwill and Intangible assets	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX
Other non current assets	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Current assets	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx
Inventories	xx	xx	xx	хх	хх
Trade and other receivables	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx
Cash and cash equivalents	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx
Other current assets	хх	хх	хх	xx	xx
Total assets	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Current liabilities	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Trade and other payables	xx	xx	xx	хх	хх
Financial liabilities	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx
Provisions and other current liabilities	хх	xx	хх	xx	xx
Capital employed (total assets less current liabilities)	xx	хх	хх	хх	xx
Non-current liabilities					xx
Financial liabilities					xx
Retirement benefit obligation – pension deficit					xx
Provisions and other non-current liabilities					xx
Total liabilities					xx
Net assets (total assets less total liabilities)					xx
Total equity					xx

Figure 5: Reported Business cash flow statement and reconciliation to the Relevant Group

	Reported Business	Other operations / Adjustments	UKPIL	Other operations / Adjustments	Relevant Group
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
FDIT before Transformation Costs with papeign pasts on IFDC basis					
EBIT before Transformation Costs with pension costs on IFRS basis Pension cost adjustment from IFRS to cash basis	XX XX	xx xx	XX XX	xx xx	xx xx
EBIT before Transformation Costs with pension costs on cash paid basis	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX
Adjustment for:					
Depreciation and amortisation	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Share of post-tax profit from associates	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other	хх	xx	xx	xx	xx
EBITDA before Transformation Costs	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx
Adjustment for working capital movements:					
Inventories	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Receivables	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Payables	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx
Transformation Costs cash flow	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Tax	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other operating activities	хх	xx	хх	xx	xx
Cash flow from operating activities	xx	xx	xx	xx	хх
Investment income	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX
Purchase of assets	XX	XX	XX		XX
Purchase of business interests	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Disposals of assets	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
Disposals of business interests Other investing activities	XX	XX	XX XX		XX
	XX	XX	**	XX	xx
Cash flow from investing activities	XX	xx	хх	XX	XX
Finance costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Repayment of capital element of finance leases	xx	xx	xx		xx
Sale and leaseback	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
New loan and borrowings proceeds	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Repayment of loans and borrowings	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Dividends paid to equity holders of parent company	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other dividends	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other financing activities	хх	xx	хх	xx	xx
Cash flow from financing activities	xx	xx	xx	xx	хх
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	хх	xx	хх	xx	хх
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Cash and cash equivalents at start of the year	xx		xx		xx
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx

Figure 6: Annual and quarterly product profitability statements

	Product group 1	Product group 2	 Product group n
	£m	£m	£m
Revenues	xx	хх	xx
Operating costs	xx	хх	xx
People costs (with DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	xx	хх	xx
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments	xx	xx	xx
Other operating cost	xx	xx	xx
Operating profit/(loss)	xx	xx	xx
	~~~	~~~	~~~
Transformation costs	xx	xx	xx
Financeability EBIT	xx	xx	xx
Financeability EBIT as % of total revenues	x%	x%	x%
Volumes (million items)	xx	ХХ	xx

#### Figure 7: Cost Matrix

		Prior Financial	Current	Current
	Quarter or	Quarter or	Financial	Financial
	Year (DB	Year (DB	Quarter or	Quarter or
	Pension	Pension	<b>Year</b> (DB	<b>Year</b> (DB
	Service Costs	Service Costs	Pension	Pension
	on IAS 19	on cash paid	Service Costs	Service Costs
	basis)	basis)	on cash paid	on IAS 19
			basis)	basis)
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Processing & Regional Logistics	xx	xx	xx	xx
Delivery	xx	xx	xx	xx
Network Road Operations	xx	xx	xx	xx
RDC Operation	xx	xx	xx	xx
Frontline people costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other/Managers	xx	xx	xx	xx
Operations	xx	xx	xx	xx
Commercial	xx	xx	xx	xx
Technology	xx	xx	xx	xx
Property	xx	xx	xx	xx
Central Admin	xx	xx	хх	xx
Centrally Held (see Note 2)	xx	xx	хх	xx
Total people costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Collection Delivery & Conveyance Charges (see Note 3)	xx	xx	xx	xx
International Terminal Dues (see Note 4)	xx	xx	xx	xx
Vehicle Fleet & Fuel	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total Distribution & Conveyance Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Property	xx	xx	xx	xx
Romec FM Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
IT & Communication	xx	xx	xx	xx
Depreciation & Amortisation	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total Infrastructure Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Audit, Assurance, Consulting, Marketing & Legal	xx	xx	xx	xx
Compensation	xx	xx	xx	xx
Staff & Agents Related Costs & Consumables	xx	xx	xx	xx
Bad Debts and Bank Charges	xx	xx	xx	xx
Low Value Assets, Other Outsourcing, Stamp Production	xx	xx	xx	xx
POL costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other External Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Internal Charges	xx	xx	xx	xx
Budget Contingency	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total Other Operating Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Unallocated non-people costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total non-people costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total costs before Transformation Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Project specific costs	XX	xx	xx	xx
Voluntary redundancy - Frontline	XX	xx	xx	xx
Voluntary redundancy - Management	xx	xx	xx	xx
Voluntary redundancy - Other staff	xx	xx	хх	хх
Business tranformation payments	xx	xx	хх	хх
Other Transformation Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Transformation Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total costs after Transformation Costs	XX	xx	xx	xx

#### <u>Guidance</u>

1. The cost lines included in the Cost Matrix must be based on the mapping to the General Ledger which was applied in the Cost Matrix prepared as part of Royal Mail's 2015 Strategic Business Plan submitted to OFCOM on 14 May 2015, with the exception of the following items in notes 2, 3 and 4 below.

2. All pay related costs in this category, including pension costs, must be re-allocated to pay cost categories above it.

3. This must exclude 'International Terminal Dues' shown separately in the line below it.

4. This shall comprise delivery charges from foreign postal and delivery companies for delivery of mail exported from the UK.

#### Figure 8: PVEO Analysis

	Prior Financial Year (DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	Prior Financial Year non-recurring items	Prior Financial Year underlying costs (DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	Price related changes	Prior Financial Year inc. Price related changes	Volume related changes	Efficiency related changes	Current Financial Year non-recurring items	Current Financial Year (DB Pension Service Costs on cash paid basis)	Inflation rate used for Price related changes (see note 5)
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	%
Processing & Regional Logistics (Frontline)	xx	хх	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Delivery (Frontline)	xx	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx	х
Network Road Operations (Frontline)	xx	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx	х
RDC Operation (Frontline)	xx	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx	х
Other/Managers	xx	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx	х
Operations	xx	XX	хх	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx	х
Commercial	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Technology	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Property	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Central Admin	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Centrally Held (see Note 2)	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	x
Total people costs	xx	XX	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	XX	xx	
Collection Delivery & Conveyance Charges (see Note 3)	xx	хх	хх	хх	хх	xx	хх	хх	xx	х
International Terminal Dues (see Note 4)	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Vehicle Fleet & Fuel	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Total Distribution & Conveyance Costs	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Property	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	х
Romec FM Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	х
IT & Communication	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	х
Depreciation & Amortisation	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	х
Total Infrastructure Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	x
Audit, Assurance, Consulting, Marketing & Legal	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	х
Compensation	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	х
Staff & Agents Related Costs & Consumables	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	x
Bad Debts and Bank Charges	xx	хх	xx	хх		xx	xx	хх	xx	x
Low Value Assets, Other Outsourcing, Stamp Production	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	x
POL costs	xx	XX	XX	xx		xx	xx	XX	xx	x
Other External Costs	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx	x
Internal Charges	xx	XX	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	x
Budget Contingency	xx	XX	XX	xx		xx	XX	xx	xx	x
Total Other Operating Costs	xx	xx	xx	xx		xx	xx	xx	xx	x
Unallocated non-people costs	xx	XX	XX	xx		xx	xx	xx		x
Total Non People costs	xx	XX	XX			XX	XX	XX	xx xx	^
	^^	~~~	~~~	~~	~^^	~~	**	~~		
Total costs before Transformation Costs	xx	xx	xx	хх	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Transformation Costs	xx	xx	XX	xx		xx	XX	xx		x
Total costs after Transformation Costs	XX		XX XX			xx	XX			^ ^

#### Guidance

1. The cost lines included in the PVEO Analysis must be based on the mapping to the General Ledger which was applied in the Cost Matrix prepared as part

of Royal Mail's 2015 Strategic Business Plan submitted to OFCOM on 14 May 2015, with the exception of the following items in notes 2, 3 and 4 below.

2. All pay related costs in this category, including pension costs, must be re-allocated to pay cost categories above it.

3. This must exclude 'International Terminal Dues' shown separately in the line below it.

4. This shall comprise delivery charges from foreign postal and delivery companies for delivery of mail exported from the UK.

5. Royal Mail must provide a description, including the source, of the inflation rates used.

# Figure 9: Quarterly revenues and volumes summary

		Revenue - Financial Year to date					Volume - Financial Year to date				
		Prior					Prior				
		Financial	%		%		Financial	%		%	
	Actual	Year	Variance	Budget	Variance	Actual	Year	Variance	Budget	Variance	
	rictual	- Cui	Variance	Dudget	Variance	Actual	rear	Vallance	Dudget	Variance	
A. Letters & Large Letters											
Single Piece	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX	
Bulk Mail (RM24 & 48)	xx	хх	xx	хх	xx	XX	xx	хх	хх	XX	
Bulk Mail (Other)	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX	
Tracked	xx	хх	xx	хх	xx	XX	xx	хх	хх	XX	
Tracked Returns	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Special Delivery	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Elections	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Other	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Total End to End Inland	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	xx	
Total Access	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	XX	
International Export	XX	xx	xx	хх	xx	XX	XX	xx	xx	XX	
International Import	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Total International	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	
Unaddressed	хх	ХХ	ХХ	хх	хх	хх	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	XX	
TOTAL Letters & Large Letters	xx	хх	хх	xx	хх	хх	XX	ХХ	ХХ	XX	
D. Damala	-										
B. Parcels											
Single Piece	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	
Bulk Mail (RM24 & 48)	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx		xx	xx	xx	
Bulk Mail (Other)	XX	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	
Tracked	XX	xx	xx	XX	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	
Tracked Returns	XX	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	
Special Delivery	XX	xx	xx	XX	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	
Other	XX	XX	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	
Total End to End Inland	ХХ	ХХ	XX	ХХ	XX	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	XX	
Total Access	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	XX	XX	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	XX	
International Export	XX	xx	xx	XX	xx	XX	xx	XX	XX	XX	
International Import	XX	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	xx	xx	xx	XX	
Total International	ХХ	ХХ	XX	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	XX	
TOTAL Parcels	ХХ	ХХ	ХХ	XX	ХХ	XX	XX	ХХ	ХХ	XX	
C =A + B. Total Reported Business	-										
Single Piece	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	XX	XX	XX	
Bulk Mail (RM24 & 48)	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Bulk Mail (Other)	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Tracked	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Tracked Returns	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Special Delivery	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Elections	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	
Other	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx		xx			
Total End to End Inland	××	××	××	××	××	××		××			
Total Access					XX	X				XX	
	XX	XX	<b>XX</b>	<b>XX</b>						XX	
International Export	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	XX				XX	
International Import	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX					
Total International	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	
Unaddressed TOTAL Reported Business	xx xx	XX XX	XX XX	XX XX	xx xx	xx xx					
D. Outside Reported Business and within UKPIL										1	
Parcelforce Worldwide	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX		XX		XX	
TOTAL Outside Reported Business and within UKPIL	ХХ	ХХ	хх	XX	хх	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	
	-										
E. = C + D. UKPIL											

# Figure 10: Quarterly cost metrics

Actual         Prior year         No.         Rouget         No.         Rouget         No.         Rouget         No.           Defineny                     No.	•		Fir	ancial Quart	er			Fina	ncial Year to	date	
Delivery         Image: Delivery <thimage: delivery<="" th="">         Image: Delivery<th></th><th>Actual</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>%</th><th>Actual</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>%</th></thimage:>		Actual				%	Actual				%
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	Total	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx

# Figure 11: Short SPHCC revenue, cost and volume data extract file

	Short Sl	PHCC 1	Short S	PHCC 2	 Short SP	HCC n
	YTD Actual	YTD Prior	YTD Actual	YTD Prior	YTD Actual	YTD Prior
		Year		Year		Year
Format	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	хх
Weight Step	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Class	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Payment method	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Scorecard category	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Product group	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Sales product	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
V4 category	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Volume	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Revenue, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
People costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Depreciation, amortisation & impairments, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Other operating costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total operating costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Transformation costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Total operating costs inc. Transformation Costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Separated/Non-Separated (see Appendix 2 for Short SPHCCs to be separated)	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Transfer price (from Downstream Services to Upstream Services), £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Upstream revenue, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Upstream total operating costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Upstream total operating costs inc. Transformation Costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Downstream revenue, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Downstream total operating costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
Downstream total operating costs inc. Transformation Costs, £	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx

# Appendix 2: Products subject to upstream/downstream separation

Business Collections	Advertising Mail Unsorted Plus Barcode 1st	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry OCR	Private Boxes Early Collection 12 Months
Mailrooms	Advertising Mail Unsorted Plus Barcode 2nd	Economy	Private Boxes Locked 12 Months
Bespoke Collection	Advertising Mail Unsorted Plus OCR 1st	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate BC	Private Boxes Standard Service 12 Months
Swapshot	Advertising Mail Unsorted Plus OCR 2nd	1st	Private Boxes Standard Service 6 Months
Mail Collect	Advertising with Response	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate BC	Private Boxes Transfer to PO Box 12 Months
Safebox Special Delivery	Advertising Mail High Sort With Response Economy	2nd	Private Boxes Transfer to PO Box 6 Months
Return to Sender Non USO	Direct	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate BC	Private Boxes Standard Service Monthly
Sales Agents Response Services 1st	Advertising Mail Response	Economy	Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address
Sales Agents Response Services 2nd	Business Mail High Sort 1st Direct	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate OCR	Monthly
Sales Agents Royal Mail 24	Business Mail High Sort 1st Residue	1st	Private Boxes Transfer to PO Box Monthly
Sales Agents Royal Mail 48	Business Mail High Sort 2nd Direct	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate OCR	Response Service Barcode
Sales Agents Royal Mail 24 (sort 8)	Business Mail High Sort 2nd Residue	2nd	Response Service Standard
Sales Agents Royal Mail 48 (sort 8)	Business Mail High Sort Economy Direct		Retention of Mail (Business only)
		Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate OCR Economy	
Sales Agents Royal Mail 48 Presort Flat Rate	Business Mail High Sort Economy Residue	,	Rural Carriage of Goods
Sales Agents Misc ABB Services	Business Mail Low Sort BC 1st	Business Sorted Bespoke	Rural Newspaper Delivery Service
Sales Agents Advertising Mail High Sort 1st	Business Mail Low Sort BC 2nd	Advertising Mail Low Sort EIB 1c	Rural Roadside Locked P Letter Boxes
Sales Agents Advertising Mail High Sort 2nd	Business Mail Low Sort BC Economy	Advertising Mail Low Sort Mailmark 2nd	Selectapost
Sales Agents Advertising Mail High Sort Economy	Business Mail Low Sort OCR 1st	Business Mail Low Sort Mailmark 1st	Surcharges (Business)
Sales Agents Sustainable Advertising Mail Intermediate Low	Business Mail Low Sort OCR 2nd	Business Mail Unsorted Mailmark 1st	Surcharges (Mailmark)
fort 2C	Business Mail Low Sort OCR Economy	Business Mail Unsorted Mailmark 2nd	Timed Delivery
ales Agents Advertising Mail Low Sort Economy	Business Mail Unsorted OCR 1st	Advertising Mail Unsorted Mailmark 2nd	Poll Card Mailing Option
ales Agents Business Mail High Sort 1st	Business Mail Unsorted OCR 2nd	Business Mail Low Sort Mailmark 2nd	Do Not Redirect
Gales Agents Business Mail High Sort 2nd	Business Mail Unsorted BC 1st	Business Mail Low Sort Mailmark Economy	Courier Service (Bespoke)
Gales Agents Business Mail High Sort Economy	Business Mail Unsorted BC 2nd	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate	Royal Mail 24 (sort 8) Flat Rate
Sales Agents Business Mail Low Sort 2nd	Business Mail Unsorted Plus Barcode 1st	Mailmark 1c	Royal Mail 48 (sort 8) Flat Rate
	Business Mail Unsorted Plus Barcode 1st Business Mail Unsorted Plus Barcode 2nd		
Sales Agents Business Mail Low Sort Economy		Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate EIB 2C	Royal Mail 24 (sort 8) Daily Rate
Sales Agents Business Mail Unsorted 1st	Business Mail Unsorted Plus OCR 1st Business Mail Unsorted Plus OCR 2nd		Royal Mail 48 (sort 8) Daily Rate
ales Agents Business Mail Unsorted 2nd		Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Intermediate	Priority Response Services Licence
ales Agents Publishing Mail High Sort 1st	Business Mail Unsorted 1st	Mailmark Economy	Freepost Name Licence
ales Agents Publishing Mail High Sort 2nd	Business Mail Unsorted 2nd	Publishing Mail Low Sort Mailmark 1c Direct	Priority Services Registered Plus Licence 1500
ales Agents Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Economy	Business Mail Unsorted Advance OCR 1st	Publishing Mail Low Sort 1C EIB	Large Priority Response Licence
ales Agents Advertising Mail Low Sort OCR 1st	Business Mail Unsorted Advance OCR 2nd	Publishing Mail Low Sort Mailmark 2nd	Royal Mail 24 (presorted)
ales Agents Advertising Mail Low Sort CBC 2nd	Publishing Mail High Sort 1st Direct	Advertising Mail Unsorted Mailmark 1st	Royal Mail 48 (presorted)
Sales Agents Business Mail Unsorted Advance OCR 1st	Publishing Mail High Sort 1st Residue	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry EIB 1c	Santa Mail
Sales Agents Advertising Mail Unsorted 1st	Publishing Mail High Sort 2nd Direct	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry Mailmark	Collection from Private PO Box
Sales Agents Advertising Mail Unsorted 2nd	Publishing Mail High Sort 2nd Residue	2nd	Safebox
Sales Agents Advertising Catalogue Mail	Publishing Mail Low Sort 1st	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry Mailmark	Royal Mail Tracked Returns 24
Advertising Mail High Sort 1st Direct	Publishing Mail Low Sort 2nd	Economy	Royal Mail Tracked Returns 48
Advertising Mail High Sort 1st Residue	Publishing Premium	Advertising Mail Low Sort Mailmark Economy	Tracked Returns Enhancements 1c
Advertising Mail High Sort 2nd Direct	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry 1st Direct	Business Mail 1st Class Advanced Mailmark Letters	Tracked Returns Enhancements 2c
Advertising Mail High Sort 2nd Direct Advertising Mail High Sort 2nd Residue		Business Mail 2nd Class Advanced Mailmark Letters	Postal Voting
	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry 1st Residue		
Advertising Mail High Sort Economy Direct	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry 2nd Direct	Advertising Mail Unsorted 1C	Pre Sorted Delivery
Advertising Mail High Sort Economy Residue	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry 2nd Residue	Advertising Mail Unsorted 2C	Early Extraction
Advertising Mail Low Sort BC 1st	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry Economy	Business Mail Low Sort 2C Mailmark ND	Early Collect
Advertising Mail Low Sort BC 2nd	Direct	Advertising Mail Catalogue High Sort Economy	Response Services Plus
Advertising Mail Low Sort BC Economy	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Entry Economy	Advertising Mail Catalogue High Sort Economy Residues	Business Mail Secure
Advertising Mail Low Sort OCR 1st	Residue	Admail	Sales Related Fees
dvertising Mail Low Sort OCR 2nd	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate 1st	Bespokes	Response Service Licence
Advertising Mail Low Sort OCR Economy	Direct	Calling for Priority Mail	Market Reach
dvertising Mail Multi Stage	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate 1st	Diversion (Del at Another Address)	
dvertising Mail Unsorted 1st	Residue	Freepost Name	
dvertising Mail Unsorted 2nd	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate 2nd	Government Postage General Election	
dvertising Mail Unsorted OCR 1st	Direct	Election Streetsort	
dvertising Mail Unsorted OCR 2nd	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate 2nd	Election Sort	
dvertising Mail Unsorted Barcode 1st	Residue	Large User Priority Response Services	
dvertising Mail Unsorted Barcode 2 nd	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate	Large User Response Barcode	
uvertising with Olisofted Bureoue 2			
	Economy Direct	Large User Response Services	
	Sustainable Advertising Mail High Sort Intermediate	ilroom Management	
	Economy Residue	Royal Mail 24 Daily Rate	
	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry BC 1st	Royal Mail 48	
	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry BC 2nd	Royal Mail 24 Flat Rate	
	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry BC Economy	Royal Mail 48 Flat Rate	
	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry OCR 1st	Floor Fees	
	Sustainable Advertising Mail Low Sort Entry OCR 2nd	Pouch Services	
		Priority Response Services	
		Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 12 Months	
			1
		Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 6 Months	
		Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 6 Months	
		Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 6 Months	
		Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 6 Months	
		Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 6 Months	
		Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 6 Months	
		Private Boxes Delivery to Normal Address 6 Months	

#### <u>Guidance</u>

For the avoidance of doubt, all the Short SPHCCs within the products included in the above table are subject to the requirements for upstream/downstream separation.

# Appendix 3

# Material change pro-formas

## Royal Mail must-

- (a) in relation to any material change to the <u>Costing Manual</u>, use the pro-forma set out in **Table A** of this **Appendix 3**;
- (b) in relation to any material change to the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u>, use the proforma set out in **Table B** of this **Appendix 3**;
- (c) in relation to the combined effect of all the material changes made in the <u>Financial</u> <u>Year</u> to the <u>Costing Manual</u> and the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> on <u>Short</u> <u>SPHCCs</u>, use the pro forma set out in **Table C** of this **Appendix 3**; and
- (d) in relation to the combined effect of all the material changes to the <u>Costing Manual</u> and the <u>Accounting Methodology Manual</u> on the <u>Reported Business</u> annual income statements, use the pro forma set out in **Figure 2 of Appendix 1** of these Guidelines.

In using these pro-formas, Royal Mail must ensure that-

- (e) the description of the change is explained in a manner that can be easily understood by a reader who does not have a detailed technical knowledge of <u>Royal Mail</u>'s operations and systems (e.g. avoiding acronyms and technical jargon to the greatest extent possible);
- (f) in giving reasons for the change, a brief explanation of the available options for change and <u>Royal Mail</u>'s assessment of those options are provided; and
- (g) in stating the compliance with these Guidelines, a reference to the relevant obligations in these Guidelines and an explanation of how <u>Royal Mail</u> considers that the change complies with these obligations.

For the avoidance of doubt, the pro-formas referred to in (a) and (b) above must be notified to <u>OFCOM</u> within 7 <u>days</u> prior to making the changes in question (USPAC 1.6.3). In contrast, by way of exception to USPAC 1.6.3, the pro-forma referred to in (c) above must be notified to <u>OFCOM</u> within 54 <u>days</u> after the end of the last <u>Financial Quarter</u> of the <u>Financial Year</u>, and the pro-forma referred to in (d) above must, be notified to <u>OFCOM</u> within 90 <u>days</u> after the end of the <u>Financial Year</u>.

# Table A: Material changes to the Costing Manual

Description of	change:					
Date change e	ffective from:					
Area of the Na	tional Costing Methodo	ology or Zonal	Costing Meth	odology affe	ected:	
Area of the Pip	eline affected:					
Reasons for ch	nange:					
Compliance wi	th the Regulatory Acco	ounting Guideli	nes:			
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(c) / (a)	
Items affected		Value before change	Value after change	Difference	% difference	Comments
Total costs of the Reported Business						
Activity Costs	Activity 1					
	Activity 2					
	Activity x					
SPHCC Costs	SPHCC 1					
	SPHCC 2					
	SPHCC x					
Costs of	USO products					
products and/or	Access products					
services	non-USO products (remainder)					
Pipeline	Upstream Services					
costs	Downstream Services					

# Table B: Material changes to the Accounting Methodology Manual

Description of change:

Date change effective from:

Reasons for change:

Compliance with the Regulatory Accounting Guidelines:

Income statement: material changes									
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(c) / (a)					
Reported Item	Value before change	Value after change	Difference	% difference	Comments				
Item 1									
Item 2									
Item x									

Capital employe	Capital employed statement: material changes									
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(c) / (a)						
Reported Item	Value before change	Value after change	Difference	% difference	Comments					
Item 1										
Item 2										
Item x										

Cash flow statement: material changes									
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(c) / (a)					
Reported Item	Value before change	Value after change	Difference	% difference	Comments				
Item 1									
Item 2									
Item x									

Notes to the statements: material changes					
Reported Item	Notes				
Item 1					
Item 2					
Item x					

# Table C: Annual statement of combined effect of all material changes in the FinancialYear to the Costing Manual and the Accounting Methodology Manual

		(a)	(b)	(c)	(c) / (a)	
		Value before change	Value after change	Difference	% difference	Comments
Revenues	Short SPHCC 1					
	Short SPHCC 2					
	Short SPHCC x					
	Total					
Costs	Short SPHCC 1					
	Short SPHCC 2					
	Short SPHCC x					
	Total					

# Appendix 4: Annual information to be included in the pro-formas for the technical appendices of the Costing Manual for the Financial Year

#### Data Template A

Scope: all SPHCCs with a non-zero FAC or traffic volume in the year

Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

					RDT Volume	Total FAC (£)	Unit FAC (p)
SPHCC Group	SPHCC Code	SPHCC	Sales Product	Mon-mails Flag	FY	FY	FY
		Description	Code Description	_			

#### Data Template B

Scope: all Activities with a non-zero value in the year

Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

				Cost (£)
Activity Code	Activity	Pipeline	Attribute	FY
	Description	Segment	Description	

#### Data Template C

Scope: all Activities whose cost is allocated by the application of PFs and WFs (excluding "class activities")

Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

		PF %	WF
Activity Code	SPHCC Code	FY	FY

#### Data Template D

Scope: all "class activities" whose PFs and WFs are assigned by reference to another "source activity" on the basis of class Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

			Should Class adopt PF of source Activity	Should Class adopt WF of source Activity
Activity Code of Class Activity	Activity Code of Source Activity	Class	Yes = 1, No = 1	Yes = 1, No = 1

#### Data Template E

Scope: list all activities whose cost is allocated on an EPMU basis

Activity Code		
e.g. HD0104XX		

#### Data Template F

Scope: all SPHCC x Activity combinations with a non-zero total FAC in any quarter Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

		FAC (£)	
Activity Code	SPHCC Code	FY	

#### Data Template G

Scope: all Cost Types whose cost is allocated to outdoor delivery Activities by the application of Planning Values or theoretical or modelled operational data Significant digits: to minimise the impact of rounding errors please provide all data to the maximum number of significant figures allowed by the RM system

		Cost Type Account			
		Cost Type Description			
		Resource Driver Description			
Activity Code	Activity Description	Pipeline Segment	This row has been deliberately left blank		
			FY%	FY%	FY%
All outdoor delivery Activities		100%	100%	100%	