

List of legal entities who have received invoices for Online Safety Fees for the 2026/27 charging year

The Online Safety Act 2023 requires that Ofcom's operating costs for the online safety regime are recovered through fees imposed on certain providers of regulated services. Total fees are calculated to meet but not exceed Ofcom's costs of regulating online safety. Ofcom's tariff tables, including budgeted costs to be recovered by fees, are published [here](#).

Our June 2025 fees and penalties [statement](#) set out our decisions, following consultation, to charge fees solely based on a provider's qualifying worldwide revenue (QWR). QWR is determined as the total amount of revenue the provider receives that is referable to relevant parts of a regulated service.

The QWR threshold at which fees become payable by the provider of a regulated service is (as set by the Secretary of State) £250 million. For the initial 2026/27 charging year, the qualifying period was the 2024 calendar year.

Providers are exempt from the fees-related duties in a particular charging year if their UK referable revenue (revenue arising in connection with the relevant parts of regulated services to UK users) is less than £10 million in the relevant qualifying period.

In accordance with our [Statement of Charging Principles](#), we have set out below a list of the legal entities that have notified us that they are fee-liable providers pursuant to the Online Safety Act 2023, and who have received invoices, for the initial charging year (2026/2027). This approach supports Ofcom's regulatory function to operate a fair and effective fees regime by providing transparency for fee payers.

All names are listed in alphabetical order.

As set out in the Statement of Charging Principles, if Ofcom finds that one or more providers did not notify us of their QWR for the initial charging year when they should have done (or misrepresented their QWR in their notification to us), we will levy fees on those provider(s) using the published tariff rate (or, if we are satisfied that the tariff would have been different, using the mechanism set out in the Statement of Charging Principles). Any resulting under or over-payment for the initial charging year will be carried forward to the next charging year.

Activision Blizzard UK Limited
Airbnb Ireland Unlimited Company
Alibaba.com Global Supplier Services Private Limited
Alibaba.com Singapore E-Commerce Private Limited
AutoTrader Limited
Aylo Holdings S.à.r.l
Bigo Technology PTE. Ltd
Booking.com B.V.
Bumble Holding Limited
Canva PTY Ltd
Discord Inc.
Dropbox UK Online Limited
eBay (UK) Limited
Epic Games, Inc.
Etsy, Inc.
Eventbrite, Inc.
Fenix International Limited
Google LLC
Grindr LLC
ICF Technology, Inc.
Indeed Ireland Operations Ltd
Just Eat.co.uk Limited
JWS International S.à r.l
LinkedIn Corp
Match Group, Inc.
Meta Platforms, Inc.
Microsoft Ireland Operations Limited
MultiMedia, LLC
Pinterest Europe Limited
Reddit, Inc.
Roblox Corporation
Skyscanner Limited
Snap Group Limited
Take-Two Interactive Software, Inc.
Technius Ltd
TikTok Information Technologies UK Limited
Tripadvisor LLC
Twitch Interactive, Inc.
UberEats UK Limited
Ubisoft Entertainment SA
Vimeo Inc
Vinted Limited
WhaleCoUK Limited
WhatsApp LLC
X Internet Unlimited Company